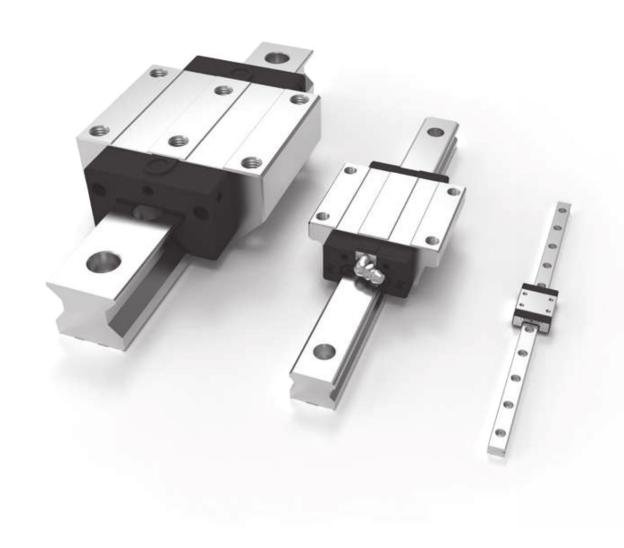


# LINEAR MOTION



# Essere Competitivi, oggi, significa innovare

La DEA Automation S.r.l. è una società specializzata nella gestione e trasformazione del moto lineare in moto rotativo, nella manipolazione elettrica e pneumatica, automazione e robotica industriale.

È nata nel 2016 con lo scopo di servire le industrie di Abruzzo / Molise / Marche / Puglia. Il suo staff di persone di provata esperienza è in grado di offrire alla attuale e futura clientela soluzioni e prodotti per le migliori realizzazioni ed innovazioni tecniche.

All'esterno l'azienda si avvale di tecnici commerciali in grado di dare soluzioni immediate.
All'interno la gestione dell'azienda si avvale di un sistema informatico composto da hardware di ultima generazione e da procedure di software personalizzate che permettono, in tempo reale, di tenere sotto controllo tutte le fasi operative.
Controllo degli acquisti, controllo del magazzino, inserimento e controllo degli ordini, gestione delle conferme ordini, nonché statisitche di vendita e budget consentono di avere quotidianamente il polso della situazione e garantiscono un servizio ottimale alla clientela.



SISTEMI E COMPONENTI PER LA MOVIMENTAZIONE LINEARE, MANIPOLAZIONE ELETTRICA E PNEUMATICA, GESTIONE E TRASFORMAZIONE DEL MOTO.

1	GUIDE A SFERA	4	ACCESSORI
2	GUIDE A RULLI	5	VITI A SFERA
3	GUIDE IN MINIATURA	6	UNITÀ DI SUPPORTO

deaautomation.com CATALOGO TECNICO 22 / 23





# **WON** Linear Motion Guide

WONST Linear Motion Guide has a four-row circular face-to-face duplex structure and 4-direction equal load type, which is excellent at bearing high load with high rigidity, auto-adjusting, and compatibility between a rail and a block, and allows smooth and precise operation.









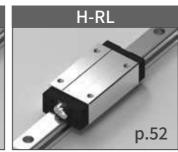


# **Linear Motion Guide - H series**



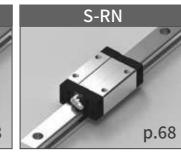






# Slim Linear Motion Guide - S series









# **Spacer Chain Guide - H...S series**

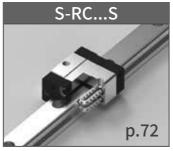




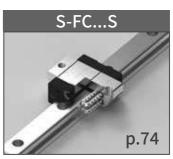


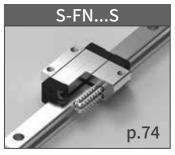


# Slim Spacer Chain Guide - S...S series

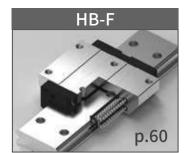


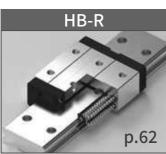






# Wide Linear Motion Guide - HB series





# Slim Linear Motion Guide - HS series





# Slim Spacer Chain Guide - HS...S series

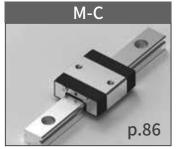


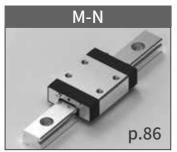


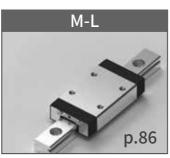




# Miniature Linear Motion Guide - M series







# Miniature Wide Linear Motion Guide - MB series

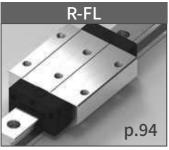






# Roller Linear Motion Roller Guide - R series





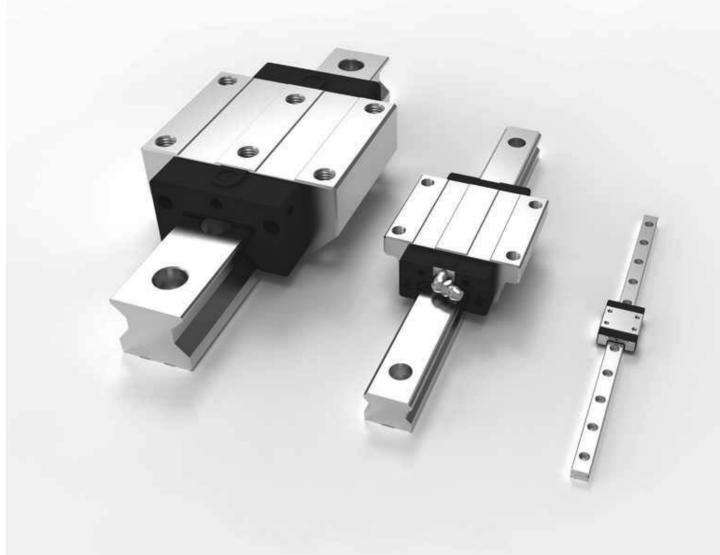




# Slim Roller Linear Motion Roller Guide - RS series







# LINEAR MOTION GUIDE







# 1 WON Linear Motion Guide

### 1. Features

**WDM**Linear Motion Guide is a linear motion bearing with the structure in which rolling elements such as balls or rollers softly circulate the inner part of a block that can make an infinite linear motion along the raceway surface of a rail.

The device is able to do rolling motion ideally, bearing high load and 4-direction equal load with high rigidity. With its auto-adjusting ability, the linear motion guide is excellent at error-absorbing and improves its precision after assembly. Since it has low frictional force and less abrasion, it is possible to maintain precision long and to drive silently at high-speed running.

# 2. Strengths

### 1) Able to make precise positioning

Since there is less difference between static friction and kinetic friction as well as in speed-induced friction fluctuation, it excellently responds even to micro-migration, allowing precise positioning and high-speed running.

### 2) Able to maintain stable precision for a long time

Less friction coefficient and wear due to ideal rolling motion makes it possible to maintain stable precision for a long time.

### 3) Able to eliminate clearance or increase rigidity by preloading

It is possible to eliminate clearance by using rolling elements such as a ball or a roller, or to increase rigidity of Linear Motion Guide by preloading.

### 4) Simple lubrication

Lubrication is simple, and it is convenient to maintain the device with grease or oil.

### 5) Able to make compact equipment and save the cost for operating electricity

The device is able to bear high load with high rigidity and has low friction. Therefore, it is possible to design compact and miniaturized equipment and to save manufacturing costs and energy.





### 3. Types

WON ST offers various types of linear motion guide from miniature types to general ball linear motion guide to low-noise linear motion guide to ultra-high rigid roller linear motion guide. Since each one supports different shapes and sizes according to service conditions, you can select the optimal linear motion guide suitable for each usage.

Linear Motion Guide	<ul> <li>World standard ball linear motion guide</li> <li>4-direction equal load type with 45° contact angle</li> <li>Great error-absorbing ability with D/F combination</li> <li>Linear motion with high rigidity and high precision through ideal rolling motion</li> </ul>
Wide Linear Motion Guide	• 4-direction equal load type with 45°contact angle; a low-centered structure with a wide and short rail; the moment working at a narrow space; usable as an one-axis type where high rigidity is required; a de vice with linear motion
Spacer Chain Linear Motion Guide	<ul> <li>World standard ball linear motion guide</li> <li>4-direction equal load type with 45°contact angle</li> <li>Great error-absorbing ability with D/F com bination</li> <li>A spacer ball chain based retainer type; a linear motion device generating low noise and low dust</li> </ul>
Miniature Linear Motion Guide	<ul> <li>Miniature high-rigidity</li> <li>Various shapes and sizes</li> <li>A compact linear motion device with high durability and reliability</li> </ul>
Roller Linear Motion Guide	<ul> <li>Roller-enabled ultra-rigid linear motion guide</li> <li>4-direction equal load type with 45°contact angle</li> <li>Able to run reliably for a long time through rolling motion having the wide contact surface</li> <li>A linear motion device with high rigidity and high precision, and bearing high load</li> </ul>







11

# 2 Selection of Linear Motion Guide

### 1. Overview

To select a linear motion guide, it is necessary to identify the details of requirements, prioritize them, and then choose the one that meets the service conditions.

### 2. Procedure

- 1 Identify service conditions
- equipment, maintenance structure, installation space, assembly status, functional requirements, service conditions
- <sup>2</sup> Select a type of Linear Motion Guide
- Select an appropriate type by considering motion condition, load level, rigidity, friction, and assembly.
- 3 Select the model number of Linear Motion guide
- Determine a model number and a quantity of blocks by considering such factors as assembly space and load.
- 4 Calculate loads
- Calculate the loads of the vertical and horizontal directions and moment, which are imposed on a block.
- 5 Calculate equivalent load
- Convert each load imposed on a block into an equivalent load.
- 6 Calculate mean load
- Convert each load imposed on a block and the variable load during acceleration or deceleration into a mean load
- 7 Calculate static safety factor
- Calculate a static safety factor identified with basic load rating and max. equivalent load. Check if it fits for service conditions.
- 8 Calculate life
- Calculate a rated load and a life span. Check if the calculated life span fits for service conditions.
- 9 Review preload & clearance
- Select the preload and clearance suitable for service conditions.
- 10 Determine the class of precision
- Determine a class of driving precision required by Linear Motion guide
- 11 Lubrication, dust proof, surface handling
- Select the lubricant suitable for the environment using grease, oil, or special grease lubrication. Select a dustproof seal. Determine the surface treatment for rust prevention for generating low dust.
- Complete selection

10

Decide the final specifications of Linear Motion guide.

# 3 Life Calculation

### 1. Load rating and life

### 1) Life

If external load is applied to linear motion guide in driving, fatigue fracture occurs due to the stress made as load is repeatedly applied to the raceway surface and rolling elements, and peeling off scale-like flakes (flaking) arises. Life of a linear motion guide refers to a total driving distance until the point that flaking arises due to initial fatigue fracture.

- A linear motion guide can have defects earlier than the time of normal flaking caused by its wear or fatigue in the following cases:
  - a. Excess load by the imprecise assembly following a difference in temperature or tolerance
  - b. If a linear motion guide is contaminated with foreign substances
  - c. Driving with insufficient lubrication
  - d. Reciprocating motion in a very short distance in the form of vibration or wave during halting or driving
  - e. Excessive load imposed on a linear motion guide
  - f. Deformation of plastic end-plate

### 2) Rating fatigue life L

Generally linear motion guide does not always have an equal life span even though its products are manufactured in the same way, because of the difference in scattering of original fatigue of raw-material. For this reason, the reference value of life of a linear motion guide is defined as the rating fatigue life which is a total driving distance that 90% of linear motion guides in one group with the same specifications can reach without flaking at the time when all in the group run under the same conditions.

When using a ball
$$L = \left(\frac{f_H \cdot f_T \cdot f_C}{f_W} \cdot \frac{C}{P_c}\right)^3 \times 50$$

$$V = \left(\frac{f_H \cdot f_T \cdot f_C}{f_W} \cdot \frac{C}{P_c}\right)^3 \times 100$$

### 3) Basic dynamic load rating C

Basic dynamic load rating is a ability of linear motion guide to bear load, which represents an appli cable constant load in direction and magnitude when the rated fatigue life is 50Km. The reference value of basic of WON linear motion guide dynamic load rating is 50Km (ball type) and 100Km (roller type), respectively. It is used for calculating of life a linear motion guide while driving under constant load in magnitude from the center of a block to bottom. Each value of basic dynamic load rating (C) is described in the catalogue

### 4) Basic static load rating Co

If a linear motion guide is applied by excessive load or instantly by big impact load, partially perma nent deformation occurs between a rolling element and the raceway surface. If deformation reaches to a certain extent, it hinders smooth driving.

Basic static load rating is defined as the constant static load in direction and magnitude when the total permanent deformation of the raceway surface of block and rail and of a rolling element like a ball or a roller is 0.0001 times bigger than the diameter of the rolling element. In a linear motion guide, it refers to the load applied from top to bottom based on the center of a block. Each value of basic static load rating (Co) is described in the specification table.

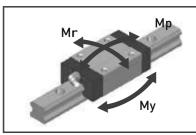


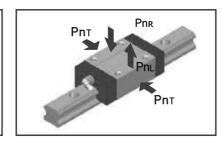
# DSA

### 5) Static allowable moment Mo

Moment load can be imposed on a linear motion guide. At this time, a ball or a roller both at the ends is most stressed due to the stress distribution of a ball or a roller as a rolling element in the linear motion guide. Static allowable moment (M0) refers to the constant moment load in direction and magnitude when the total permanent deformation of a ball or roller, a rolling element to which the biggest stress is applied, and of the raceway surface of a block or rail is less than 0.0001 of the diameter of the rolling element. Moment values of three directions (Mp, My, Mr) are described in the catalogue. Static allowable moment (M0) and static moment load rating (Mp) can be reviewed with application of safety factor (fs)

Directions of load and moment





$$fs = \frac{Mp}{Mo}$$

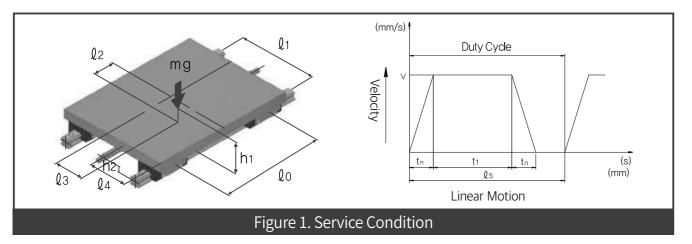
### 2. Load calculation

A linear motion guide bears basic dynamic load rating (C) and basic static load rating (Co). Neverthe less, it also needs to bear compression load applied from top to down due to inertia force created by the center of gravity, positioning thrust, acceleration, cutting force, and deceleration as well as various loads including tensile load, horizontal load, and moment load, depending on the service conditions. In this case, load of the linear motion guide changes. To select a linear motion guide, it is required to review these conditions and calculate a proper load.

# 3. Service condition setting

Service conditions necessary for calculating the load and life of a linear motion guide.

① Mass: m(kg) 6 Velocity diagram Velocity: V(mm/s) ② Applicable load direction: Time constant: tn(s) ③ Point of application : Acceleration:  $\ell_2$ ,  $\ell_3$ ,  $h_1$ (mm)  $\alpha n(mm/s^2)$ (center of gravity) ② No. of reciprocating motions per minute: N<sub>1</sub>(min<sup>-1</sup>) 4 Point of thrust: Stroke: ℓ4, h2(mm) Ls(mm) ⑤ Composition of linear motion guide :  $\ell_0$ ,  $\ell_1$ (mm) Vm(m/s) (No. of blocks & rails) 1 Required life: Lh(h)



### 4. Load calculation formula

WON

The load applied to a linear motion guide changes depending on external forces such as the center of gravity, position of thrust, acceleration, and cutting resistance. To select a linear motion guide, it is required to calculate the load applied to a block in full consideration of the conditions shown below.

<ul><li>ℓ<sub>n</sub>: Mass (</li><li>F<sub>n</sub>: Thrust</li><li>P<sub>n</sub>: Load (vertical, reverse-vertical)</li></ul>	(mm) (N)	g: Acceleration of gravity (g: 9.8m/s²) V: Velocity t <sub>n</sub> : Time constant α <sub>n</sub> : Velocity	(m/s <sup>2</sup> ) (m/s) (s) (m/s <sup>2</sup> )
Pnt : Load (horizontal)	(N)		

Case	Service Conditions	Load Calculation Formula
	Block move Horizontal / uniform motion / stationary	
	P3	$P_1 = \frac{mg}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot l_2}{2 \cdot l_0} - \frac{mg \cdot l_3}{2 \cdot l_1}$
	$l_2$ mg $P_2$	$P_2 = \frac{mg}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_1}$
1	P <sub>4</sub> P <sub>2</sub> 1	$P_3 = \frac{mg}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_1}$
	Q3 Qo	$P_4 = \frac{mg}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_1}$
	Block move Overhang-Horizontal / uniform motion / stationary	
	P3	$P_1 = \frac{mg}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_1}$
2	P <sub>4</sub>	$P_2 = \frac{mg}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_1}$
2	ĮP1	$P_3 = \frac{mg}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_1}$
	$l_3$ mg $l_2$	$P_4 = \frac{mg}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_1}$
	WZ	









Case	Service Conditions	Load Calculation Formula
3	Rail move Horizontal / uniform motion / stationary  P1 P2 P3 P3 P4 Mg E.g.) X or Z axis Loader / unLoader	$P_{1} = \frac{mg \cdot \cos \theta}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot \cos \theta \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $- \frac{mg \cdot \cos \theta \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}} + \frac{mg \cdot \sin \theta \cdot h_{1}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}}$ $P_{1T} = \frac{mg \cdot \sin \theta}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot \sin \theta \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{2} = \frac{mg \cdot \cos \theta}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot \cos \theta \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $- \frac{mg \cdot \cos \theta \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}} + \frac{mg \cdot \sin \theta \cdot h_{1}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}}$ $P_{2T} = \frac{mg \cdot \sin \theta}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot \sin \theta \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$
4	Block move Wall installation / uniform motion / stationary  P2T P2T P3T P3T E.g.) Gantry-type device Y-axis drive	$P_{1} \sim P_{4} = \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}}$ $P_{1T} = P_{4T} = \frac{mg}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{2T} = P_{3T} = \frac{mg}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$
5	Block move Vertical / uniform motion / stationary  P1T  P2T  P2  P3  E.g.) Industrial robot, Z-axis, Auto-painting spray, Lifter	$P_{1} \sim P_{4} = \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{1T} \sim P_{4T} = \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$

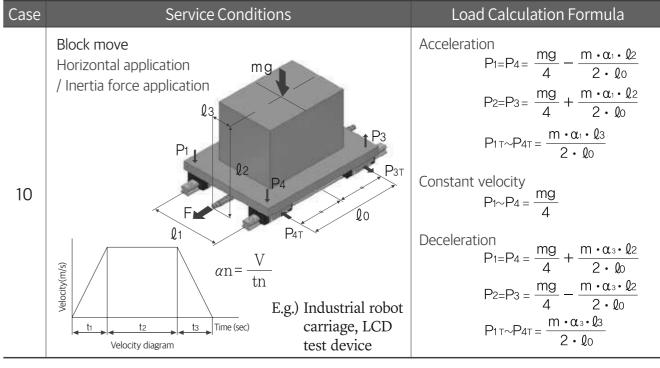
Case	Service Conditions	Load C	alculation Formula
Case	Block move Vertical/moment of inertia	Acceleration	$P_1=P_4=-\frac{m(g-\alpha_1)\varrho_2}{2\cdot\varrho_0}$
6	P1 P2 P3 $\alpha n = \frac{V}{tn}$ E.g.) Conveyance robot, LTR robot 2-axis Velocity diagram	Constant Velocity Deceleration	$P_{2} = P_{3} = \frac{m(g - \alpha_{1})\ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{1T} = P_{4T} = \frac{m(g - \alpha_{1})\ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{2T} = P_{3T} = -\frac{m(g - \alpha_{1})\ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{1} = P_{4} = -\frac{mg \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{2} = P_{3} = \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{1T} = P_{4T} = \frac{mg \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{2T} = P_{3T} = -\frac{mg \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{1} = P_{4} = -\frac{m(g - \alpha_{3})\ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{2} = P_{3} = \frac{m(g - \alpha_{3})\ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{1T} = P_{4T} = \frac{m(g - \alpha_{3})\ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{2T} = P_{3T} = -\frac{m(g - \alpha_{3})\ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{2T} = P_{3T} = -\frac{m(g - \alpha_{3})\ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$
	Block move Complex external loads like cutting load	F1 application	$P_1=P_4=-\frac{F_1 \cdot Q_5}{2 \cdot Q_0}$ $P_2=P_3=\frac{F_1 \cdot Q_5}{2 \cdot Q_0}$
7	Q2 P3 P3 P4 P3T		$P_{1T} = P_{4T} = \frac{F_1 \cdot \ell_4}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ $P_{2T} = P_{3T} = -\frac{F_1 \cdot \ell_4}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ $P_{1} = P_{4} = \frac{F_2}{4^+} \frac{F_2 \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ $P_{2} = P_3 = \frac{F_2}{4^-} \frac{F_2 \cdot \ell_2}{2 \cdot \ell_0}$ $P_{1} = P_4 = -\frac{F_3 \cdot \ell_3}{2 \cdot \ell_1}$
	E.g.) Machine tool, CNC lathe, Machining center, NC milling machine		$P_{2}=P_{3}=\frac{F_{3} \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}}$ $P_{1T}=P_{4T}=\frac{F_{3}}{4^{-}} \frac{F_{3} \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{2T}=P_{3T}=\frac{F_{2}}{4^{-}} \frac{F_{3} \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$







		. 101111 = 1
R 8	Block move Moment load in case of application to side slope / cutting load  https://papers.com/papers/paper	Load Calculation Formula $P_{1} = \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} - \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}} + \frac{mg \cdot sin\theta \cdot h_{1}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}}$ $P_{1} = \frac{mg \cdot sin\theta}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot sin\theta \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{2} = \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} - \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{2} = \frac{mg \cdot sin\theta}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot sin\theta \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{3} = \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} - \frac{mg \cdot sin\theta \cdot h_{1}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}}$ $P_{3} = \frac{mg \cdot sin\theta}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot sin\theta \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{4} = \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} - \frac{mg \cdot sin\theta \cdot h_{1}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}}$ $P_{4} = \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} - \frac{mg \cdot sin\theta \cdot h_{1}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}}$ $P_{4} = \frac{mg \cdot sin\theta}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot sin\theta \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{4} = \frac{mg \cdot sin\theta}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot sin\theta \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$
9	Block move Moment load in case of application to side slope / cutting load  P1 P2 P2 P2 P1 P1 P2 P2 P2 P2 P2 P2 P1 P1 P1 P2	$P_{1} = \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $-\frac{mg \cdot cos\theta \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}} + \frac{mg \cdot sin\theta \cdot h_{1}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{1} = \frac{mg \cdot sin\theta \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{2} = \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $-\frac{mg \cdot cos\theta \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{1}} - \frac{mg \cdot sin\theta \cdot h_{1}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{2} = -\frac{mg \cdot sin\theta \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{3} = \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta}{4} - \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $+ \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} - \frac{mg \cdot sin\theta \cdot h_{1}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{3} = -\frac{mg \cdot sin\theta \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{4} = \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta}{4} + \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta \cdot \ell_{2}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $+ \frac{mg \cdot cos\theta \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}} + \frac{mg \cdot sin\theta \cdot h_{1}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$ $P_{4} = \frac{mg \cdot sin\theta \cdot \ell_{3}}{2 \cdot \ell_{0}}$



### 5. Equivalent load calculation

There are diverse kinds of load imposed on a block in a linear motion guide, such as compression load in vertical direction, tensile load, horizontal load, and moment load. There is also complex load of them. Sometimes the magnitude and direction of load change. Since it is difficult to calculate the variable load when calculating the life of the linear motion guide, it is required to use the equivalent load converted into the compression load or tensile load in vertical direction in order to calculate the life or static safety factor.

# 6. Equivalent load calculation formula

If a linear motion guide bears vertical compression load or tensile load or horizontal load simul taneously, or if the magnitude or direction of load changes, an equivalent load is calculated in the following formula.  $P_n$ : Compression load

PnT: Horizontal load

PE(Equivalent load) = Pn+ PnT

Pn: Compression load
PL: Tensile load
PnT: Horizontal load
Mp: Pitching moment
My: Yawing moment
Mr: Rolling moment









### 7. Static safety factor calculation

Any unexpected big load may be applied to a linear motion guide due to the inertia force caused by vibration impact or quick braking and moment load of mechanical structure. To select a linear motion guide, it is required to take into account static safety factor and prepare for such load. Static safety factor (fs) is the value obtained by dividing basic static load rating by the calculated load. To see the baseline of static safety factor by service condition, please see Table 1-1 and Table 1-2.

Table 1-1. Baseline of static safety factor(fs)

Type of rolling element	Service condition	Static safety factor (fs)
	There are no vibration and impacts.	1.0 ~ 1.5
Ball	High driving performance is needed.	1.5 ~ 2.0
	There are moment load, violation, and impacts.	2.5 ~ 7.0
	There are no vibration and impacts.	2.0 ~ 3.0
Roller	High driving performance is needed.	3.0 ~ 5.0
	There are moment load, violation, and impacts.	4.0 ~ 7.0

Table 1-2.

If compression load is big	————————————————————————————————————
If tensile load is big	fH·f⊤·fc·CoL ≧ fs
If horizontal load is big	— fH·fT·fc·CoT PnT ≥ fs

fs : Static safety factor		PL: Calculated load (reverse-vertical)	(N)
Co: Basic static load rating(vertical)	(N)	PnT: Calculated load (horizontal)	(N)
Col : Basic static load rating (reverse-vertical)	(N)	fн : Hardness factor	
Сот: Basic static load rating (horizontal)	(N)	$f_T$ : Temperature factor	
Pn: Calculated load (vertical)	(N)	fc : Contact factor	

### 8. Mean load calculation

The load applied to a block of a linear motion guide is not constant but differs according to service conditions. Therefore, the load that becomes equal to life under the condition of variable load is used. This is called mean load. If the load applied to the block is changed due to an external condition, it is required to calculate a life with the mean load in consideration of the various conditions shown below. If load applied to block varies in different conditions, it is necessary to a life in consideration of the condition of variable load. Mean load (Pm) refers to constant load that becomes equal to the life under the conditions of variable load when the load applied to a block changes in various conditions while the device is driving.

$$P_{m} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{L} \cdot \sum_{n=1}^{n} (P_{n}^{i} \cdot L_{n})}$$

Pm: Mean load (N)

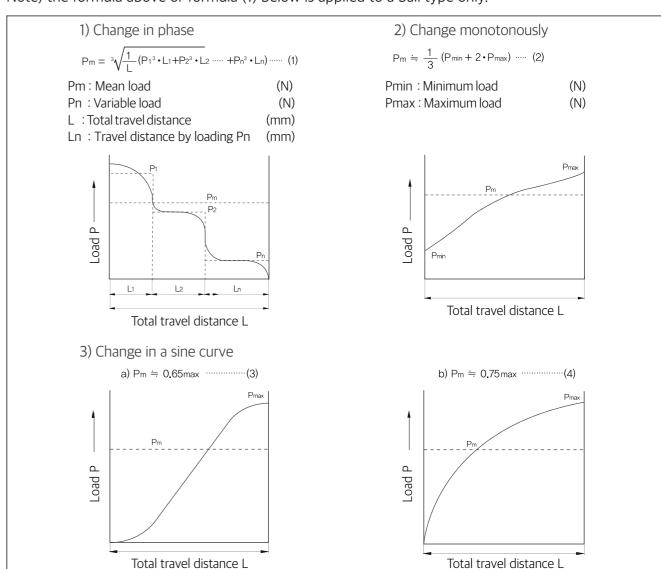
Pn: Variable load (N)

L : Total travel distance (mm)

Ln : Travel distance by loading Pn (mm)

Ln: Travel distance by loading  $P_n$ i: Ball - 3, Roller - 10/3

Note) the formula above or formula (1) below is applied to a ball type only.







### 9. Rating life calculation

A rating life needs to be calculated because life of a linear motion guide differs even under the same driving conditions. Rating life of a linear motion guide is a total travel distance that a linear motion guide system composed of a certain number of units can drive without flaking in 90% of the race way surface or rolling element after being run under the same working conditions. If a ball or a roller is used as a rolling element, it is possible to calculate a rating life in the following formula.

The formula to calculate the rating life of a ball-enabled linear motion guide

$$L = \left(\frac{f_{H} \cdot f_{T} \cdot f_{C}}{f_{w}} \cdot \frac{C}{P_{c}}\right)^{3} \times 50$$

L: Rating life (km)
C: Basic dynamic load rating (N)
Pc: Calculated load (N)
fh: Hardness factor See Figure 3
fr: Temperature factor See Figure 4
fc: Contact factor See Table 2
fw: Load factor See Table 3

▶ The formula to calculate the rating life of a roller-enabled linear motion guide

$$L = \left(\frac{f_{H} \cdot f_{T} \cdot f_{C}}{f_{W}} \cdot \frac{C}{P_{C}}\right)^{\frac{10}{3}} X 100$$

L: Rating life (km)
C: Basic dynamic load rating (N)
Pc: Calculated load (N)
fh: Hardness factor See Figure 3
fr: Temperature factor See Figure 4
fc: Contact factor See Table 2
fw: Load factor See Table 3

► If the length of stroke and the number of reciprocating motions are constant, it is possible to calculate a life time with the use of the rating life (L) in the following formula:

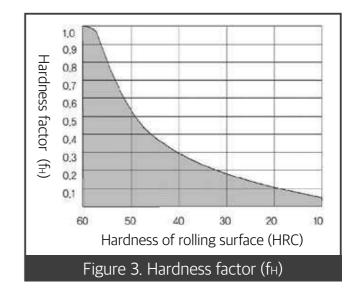
$$L_{h} = \frac{L \times 10^{6}}{2 \times l_{s} \times n_{1} \times 60}$$

 $L_h$ : Life time (N)  $\ell_s$ : Length of stroke (mm)  $n_1$ : No. of reciprocating motions (min<sup>-1</sup>)

### 1) Hardness factor (fH)

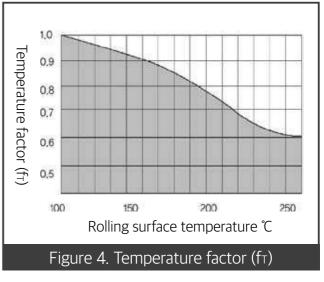
To implement the best performance of a lin ear motion guide, it is necessary to maintain appropriately the hardness and depth of the raceway surface of the block and rail that contact a rolling element (ball or roller). WON linear motion guide has HRC58-64 surface hardness. There is no need to consid er hardness factor. If the hardness is lowered than a baseline, load capacity of a linear motion guide decreases. In this case, it is necessar

y to apply hardness factor to life calculation.



### 2) Temperature factor (f<sub>T</sub>)

If high temperature over 100°C is applied to a linear motion guide, it is necessary to take into account temperature factor (f⊤) at the time when a liner motion guide is selected. Please make sure to use WON linear motion guide at below 80°C. At over 80°C, please use a high-temp linear motion guide.



Note) If ambient temperature is over 80℃, it is necessary to use the materials of seal, end plate, and support plate that have specifications for high temperature.

### 3) Contact factor (fc)

If over two blocks are closely assembled and mounted, uniform load may not be applied to the blocks due to difference among mounting surfaces. Therefore, it is required to multiply basic static load rating (C) and basic dynamic load rating (Co) by the contact factor shown in Table 2.

Table 2.

No. of blocks in close contact	Contact factor (fc)
2	0.81
3	0.72
4	0.66
5	0.61
Over 6	0.6
Common use	1.0







### 4) Load factor (fw)

Generally the static load applied to the block of a linear motion guide can be calculated in formula. However, while a machine is running, the load applied to the block tends to come from vibration or impacts. Therefore, as for the vibration or impact load at high-speed running, it is necessary to consider the load factor (fw) shown in Table 3. Divide the basic dynamic load rating of a linear motion guide by a load factor (fw).

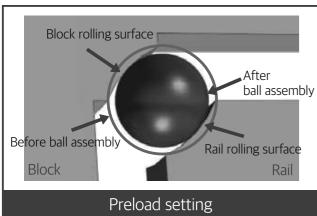
Table 3

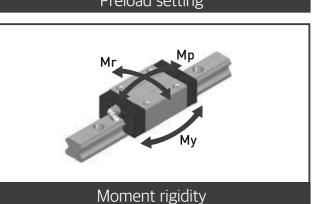
External condition	Service Conditions	Load factor
Low	Smooth running at mild speed; no external vibration or impacts	1.0 ~ 1.3
Moderate	Low speed; moderate external vibration or impacts	1.2 ~ 1.5
High	High speed; strong vibration or impacts	1.5 ~ 2.0
Very high	Very high speed; strong vibration and impacts at running	2.0 ~ 4.0

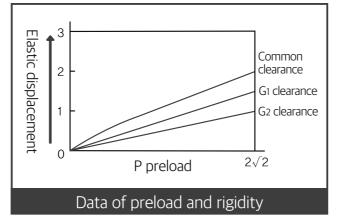
# 4 Rigidity and Preload

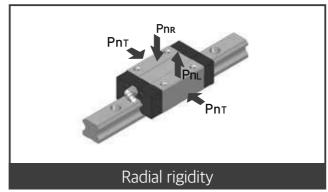
### 1. Preload

A linear motion guide is preloaded in a way that it improves mechanical precision by eliminating clearance using the rolling element (ball or roller) inserted into the space between a rail and a block or in a way that it applies load to the rolling element in advance by inserting the rolling element larger than the clearance of the raceway between a rail and a block. This process will enhance the rigidity of the linear motion guide and will lessen the displacement level caused by external load.



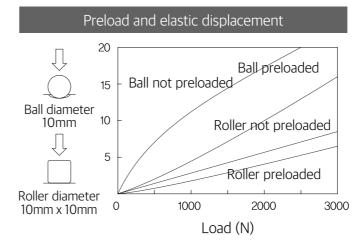






### 2. Radial clearance

Radial clearance refers to a total travel distance in a radial direction from the center of a block of a linear motion guide when mild load is applied to the block up and down from the center part of the rail length after the block is assembled in the rail which is then fixed to base. Radial clearance is usually classified into common clearance (no symbol), G1 clearance (light preload), G2 clearance (heavy load), and Gs clearance (special preload), which is selectable depending on usage. The values are standardized by form.



			•	
	Type	Preload symbol	preload	
	Moderate	No symbol	0 ~ 0.03 x C	
Н	Light	G1	0.04 ~ 0.08 x C	
	Heavy	G2	0.09 ~ 0.13 x C	
S	Moderate	No symbol	0 ~ 0.03 x C	
	Light	G1	0.03 ~ 0.05 x C	
	Heavy	G2	0.06 ~ 0.08 x C	
	Light	G1	Equivalent to 0.03C	
R	Heavy	G2	Equivalent to 0.08C	
	Special	G3	Equivalent to 0.13C	

Table 4. Service conditions for radial clearance (preload)

Table 1. Service conditions for radial clearance (preioda)						
Type	Preload status	Symbol	Service conditions	Use		
1. Moderate	Plus-minus clearance	No symbol (1)	<ul> <li>Load is applied in uniform direction and smooth running is needed</li> <li>There is almost no vibration or im pact and precise running is required.</li> </ul>	Welding machine, textile machinery, packaging machinery, various convey ors, medical equipment, woodworking machine, glass cutting machine, takeout robots, ATC, winding machine		
2. Light	A small amount of minus clearance	G1 (2)	<ul> <li>There is a little vibration or impact, and moment load</li> <li>Light load is applied, yet high precision is required</li> </ul>	Various industrial robots, measuring equipment, inspection equipment, 3D processor, laser processor, PCB drilling machine, various assembling machines, electric spark machine, punching press		
3. Heavy	A large amount of minus clearance	G2 (3)	· There are mild impact load, over- hang load and moment load. Rigid ity and high precision are required.	CNC lathe, machining center, milling machine, grinding machine, tapping center, drilling machine, hobbing machine, a variety of special equipment		
4. Special	A small or large amount of minus clearance	Gs (4)	<ul> <li>Smaller clearance than that of G1 preload; light and precise operation is required.</li> <li>Larger preload than that of G2; impact load and complex load; high strength and high rigidity are needed.</li> </ul>	No preload, ultra-light preload, larg er-than-moderate preload, special preload customized to user condi tions, special processing machine for heavy-duty cutting		

Note (1) No clearance or very small clearance.

- (2) Very small minus clearance
- (3) Quiet large minus clearance to enhance rigidity
- (4) Preload below G<sub>1</sub> or over G<sub>2</sub> to meet service conditions







Table 5. Radial clearance of H, S & HS Series

Unit: µm

			Symbol			
Model No.			Moderate	Light preload	Heavy preload	
			No symbol	G1	G2	
H15	S15	-	-4 ~ +2	-12 ~ -4	-	
H20	S20	-	-5 ~ +2	-14 ~ -5	-23 ~ -14	
H25	S25	HS25	-6 ~ +3	-16 ~ -6	-26 ~ -16	
H30	-	HS30	-7 ~ +4	-19 ~ -7	-31 ~ -19	
H35	-	HS35	-8 ~+4	-22 ~ -8	-35 ~ -22	
H45	-	-	-10 ~ +5	-25 ~ -10	-40 ~ -25	
H55	-	-	-12 ~ +5	-29 ~ -12	-46 ~ -29	

### Table 6. Radial clearance of HW Series

Unit: µm

	Symbol				
Model No.	Moderate	Light preload	Heavy preload		
	No symbol	G1	G2		
HB17	-3 ~ 0	-7 ~ -3	-		
HB21	-4 ~ +2	-8 ~ -4	-		
HB27	-5 ~ +2	-11 ~ -5	-		
HB35	-8 ~ +4	-18 ~ -8	-28 ~ -18		

### Table 7. Radial clearance of M & MB Series

Unit: µm

		Symbol		
Mode	l No.	Moderate	Light preload	
		No symbol	G1	
M5	MB5	0 ~ +1.5	-1 ~ 0	
M7	MB7	-2 ~ +2	-3 ~ 0	
M9	MB9	-2 ~ +2	-4 ~ 0	
M12	MB12	-3 ~ +3	-6 ~ 0	
M15	MBT13,MB15	-5 ~ +5	-10 ~ 0	
M20	-	-7 ~ <b>+</b> 7	-14 ~ 0	

### Table 8. Radial clearance of R Series

Unit: µm

	Symbol				
Model No.	Light preload	Heavy preload	Special preload		
	G1	G2	G3		
R25	-2 ~ -1	-3 ~ -2	-4 ~ -3		
R30	-2 ~ -1	-3 ~ -2	-4 ~ -3		
R35	-2 ~ -1	-3 ~ -2	-5 ~ -3		

	Symbol					
Model No.	Light preload Heavy preloa		Special preload			
	G1	G2	G3			
R45	-2 ~ -1	-3 ~ -2	-5 ~ -3			
R55	-2 ~ -1	-4 ~ -2	-6 ~ -4			
R65	-3 ~ -1	-5 ~ -3	-8 ~ -5			

# 5 Friction

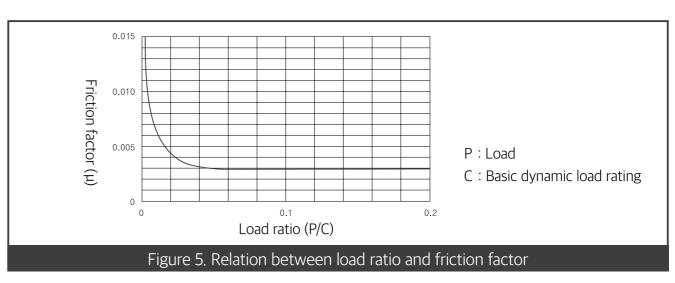
### 1. Friction

Friction of a linear motion guide resistance is about 1/20-1/40 of an existing sliding guide be cause a rolling element (ball or roller) is assembled in between a rail and a block which is the raceway surface. In addition, the device has low starting torque because the difference between static friction and kinetic friction is very small. low power loss and temperature rise in the part of linear motion are of advantage to speedy operation. high conformability and response make it possible to do high-precise positioning.

### 2. Friction coefficient

Friction of a linear motion guide resistance relies on the load applied to the linear motion guide, speed, lubrication or form. In the case of light load or speedy motion, lubricant or seal is the main cause of friction resistance. In the case of heavy load or slow motion, the magnitude of load affects friction resistance.





Common friction coefficients of various operating systems are shown below in the table, and are applied if there are appropriate lubricant or assembly and normal load.

Type of operating system	Major model number	Friction factor µ
Linear Metion Cuide	H, HS, HB, S, SS, HS, HSS, M, MB	0.002 ~ 0.003
Linear Motion Guide	R, RS	0.001 ~ 0.002
Ball Spline	WLS, WSP	0.002 ~ 0.003
Super Ball Bushing / Linear Ball Bushing	SB, SBE, LM, LME	0.001 ~ 0.003
Cross Roller Guideway	WRG	0.001 ~ 0.0025







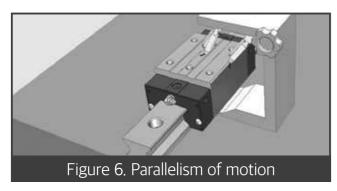


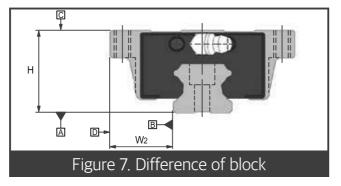
# 6 Precision

# 1. Precision specification

How to measure degree of a linear motion guide of travel is as follows (See Figure 6).

- a. Tighten the rail to the mounting surface of the bed with a bolt at the defined torque.
- b. Draw a measuring jig right up against the datum plane of the block as shown in the figure.
- c. Make a measurement by making the block and measuring jig travelled in the entire section from the starting point to the end point of the rail.
- d. The value measured in the above way is an error of parallelism of motion that the block has on the basis of the rail.





The degree of parallelization between the datum plane of the block and that of rail

Difference between the blocks installed in the plane

### 2. Precision design

Table 9. Dimensional tolerance and parallelism of motion

Dimension	Description
Dimensional tolerance of height H	Distance from the base side of rail A to the top side of block C
Difference in height H	Difference in the height of blocks combined from each rail on the same plane
Dimensional tolerance of width W2	Distance between the datum plane of rail B and the reference side of block D
Difference in width W2	Difference between the reference side of rail B of the block combined to the rail, and the reference side of block D
Parallelism of motion of C against A	Change in the top side of block C based on the base side of rail A during the motion of the block combined to the rail
Parallelism of motion of D against B	Change in the reference side of block D based on the reference side of rail B during the motion of block combined to the rail

### 3. Dimension tolerance and difference

Table 10. Precision specification of linear motion guide (H, H...S, HW, S, S...S, HS, HS...S series)

- 1	lni+	mr
U	IIII	[[]]

	Moderate	High	Precision	Super precision	Ultra precision
Dimension	No symbol	Н	Р	SP	UP
	NO SYTTIDOL	P6	P5	P4	P3
Dimensional tolerance of height H	±0.080	±0.042	±0.020	±0.010	±0.008
Difference in height H	0.025	0.015	0.007	0.005	0.003
Dimensional tolerance of width W <sub>2</sub>	±0.100	±0.050	±0.025	±0.015	±0.010
Difference in width W <sub>2</sub>	0.030	0.020	0.010	0.007	0.003
Parallelism of motion of C against A			See Table 11.		
Parallelism of motion of D against B			See Table 11.		

Table 11. Length of rail and parallelism of motion of linear motion guide (H, H...S, HB, S, S...S, HS, HS...S Series) Unit: µm

Length	n of rail		Pai	rallelism of moti	ion	
Excess	Below	Moderate No symbol	High P6	Precision P5	Super precision P5	Ultra precision P3
-	50	5	3	2	1.5	1
50	80	5	3	2	1.5	1
80	125	5	3	2	1.5	1
125	200	5	3.5	2	1.5	1
200	250	6	4	2.5	1.5	1
250	315	7	4.5	3	1.5	1
315	400	8	5	3.5	2	1.5
400	500	9	6	4.5	2.5	1.5
500	630	11	7	5	3	2
630	800	12	8.5	6	3.5	2
800	1000	13	9	6.5	4	2.5
1000	1250	15	11	7.5	4.5	3
1250	1600	16	12	8	5	4
1600	2000	18	13	8.5	5.5	4.5
2000	2500	20	14	9.5	6	5
2500	3150	21	16	11	6.5	5.5
3150	4000	23	17	12	7.5	6

Table 12. Precision specification of miniature linear motion guide (M, MB Series)

- 1	H	nit.	٠	mr	

Model	Precision spec	Moderate	High	Precision			
No.	Dimension	No symbol	P6	P5			
	Dimensional tolerance of height H	±0.030	-	±0.015			
	Difference in height H	0.015	-	0.005			
5	Dimensional tolerance of width W2	±0.030	-	±0.015			
3	Difference in width W2	0.015	-	0.005			
	Parallelism of motion of C against A	See Table 13.					
	Parallelism of motion of D against B	See Table 13.					
7	Dimensional tolerance of height H	±0.040	± 0.020	±0.010			
9	Difference in height H	0.030	0.015	0.007			
12	Dimensional tolerance of width W2	±0.040	± 0.025	±0.015			
13	Difference in width W2	0.030	0.020	0.010			
15	Parallelism of motion of C against A	See Table 13.					
20	Parallelism of motion of D against B See Table 13.						









Table 13. Length of rail and parallelism of motion of miniature linear motion guide (M, MB series)

Length	n of rail	Parallelism of motion				
		Moderate	High	Precision		
Above	Below	No	Н	Р		
		symbol	P6	P5		
-	40	8	4	1		
40	70	10	4	1		
70	100	11	4	2		
100	130	12	5	2		
130	160	13	6	2		
160	190	14	7	2		
190	220	15	7	3		
220	250	16	8	3		
250	280	17	8	3		
280	310	17	9	3		
310	340	18	9	3		
340	370	18	10	3		
370	400	19	10	3		
400	430	20	11	4		
430	460	20	12	4		
460	490	21	12	4		
490	520	21	12	4		
520	550	22	12	4		
550	580	22	13	4		
580	610	22	13	4		
610	640	22	13	4		
640	670	23	13	4		
670	700	23	13	5		
700	730	23	14	5		
730	760	23	14	5		
760	790	23	14	5		
790	820	23	14	5		

in	iature linea	ır motion g	guide (M, M	IB series)	Unit : µm	
	Length	n of rail	Parallelism of motion			
			Moderate	High	Precision	
	Above	Below	No	Н	Р	
			symbol	P6	P5	
	820	850	24	14	5	
	850	880	24	14	5	
	880	910	24	14	5	
	910	940	24	14	5	
	940	970	24	14	5	
	970	1000	25	14	5	
	1000	1030	25	16	5	
	1030	1060	25	16	5	
	1060	1090	25	16	6	
	1090	1120	25	16	6	
	1120	1150	25	16	6	
	1150	1180	25	17	6	
	1180	1210	26	17	6	
	1210	1240	26	17	6	
	1240	1270	26	17	6	
	1270	1300	26	17	6	
	1300	1330	26	17	6	
	1330	1360	27	17	6	
	1360	1390	27	18	6	
	1390	1420	27	18	6	
	1420	1450	27	18	7	
	1450	1480	27	18	7	
	1480	1510	27	18	7	
	1510	1540	28	19	7	
	1540	1570	28	19	7	
	1570	1800	28	19	7	

Table 14. Specifications for precision of linear motion guide (R series)

	High	Precision	Super precision	Ultra precision			
Dimension	Н	Р	SP	UP			
	P6	P5	P4	P3			
Dimensional tolerance of height H	±0.042	±0.020	±0.010	±0.008			
Difference in height H	0.015	0.007	0.005	0.003			
Dimensional tolerance of width W2	±0.050	±0.025	±0.015	±0.010			
Difference in width W2	0.020	0.010	0.007	0.003			
Parallelism of motion of C against A	See Table 15.						
Parallelism of motion of D against B	See Table 15.						

Table 15. Length of rail and parallelism of motion of linear motion guide (R series)

	:.			
U	ni	τ:	ш	n

Length	n of rail	Parallelism of motion					
Abovo	Dolour	High	Precision	Super precision	Ultra precision		
Above	Below	P6	P5	P4	P3		
_	50	3	2	1.5	1		
50	80	3	2	1 <u>.</u> 5	1		
80	125	3	2	1.5	1		
125	200	3,5	2	1.5	1		
200	250	4	2,5	1 <u>.</u> 5	1		
250	315	4,5	3	1 <u>.</u> 5	1		
315	400	5	3,5	2	1.5		
400	500	6	4.5	2,5	1,5		
500	630	7	5	3	2		
630	800	8,5	6	3,5	2		
800	1000	9	6,5	4	2 <u>.</u> 5		
1000	1250	11	7.5	4.5	3		
1250	1600	12	8	5	4		
1600	2000	13	8,5	5,5	4 <u>.</u> 5		
2000	2500	14	9.5	6	5		
2500	3150	16	11	6.5	5.5		
3150	4000	17	12	7.5	6		







# 4. Selection of precision class

Table 16. For the selection of precision class of linear motion guide by unit, please refer to the table shown below.

		Precision class						Preload	
catic	Unit	Preload type	High	Precision	Super precision	Ultra precision	Preload type	Light preload	Heavy preload
Application	Offic	No	Н	Р	SP	UP	No symbol	G1	G2
	CNC Lathe	symbol	P6	P5	P4	P3	Syllibol		
	Machining center								
	NC milling machine			•	•				•
000	CNC tapping machine		•	•	•				•
ine -	NC boring machine		•	•	•				•
Machine Tool	NC drilling machine		•	•	•				•
_	3D engraving machine		•	•	•				•
	Jig boring machine		•	•	•				•
	EDM electric spark machine			•	•	•		•	•
	Grinding machine			•	•	•			•
	Prober equipment					•		•	•
Ħ	Wire bonder				•	•		•	•
рте	Slicing machine				•	•		•	
equi	Dicing machine				•	•		•	
ıctor	IC test handler			•	•			•	
ondu	PCB laser via-hole driller				•			•	
Semiconductor equipment	PCB inspection equipment			•	•			•	
Š	Laser marker			•				•	
	Chip mounter			•	•			•	
	Mac/Mic inspection equipment				•	•		•	
	Phantom inspection equipment				•	•		•	
	Exposure				•	•		•	
	Laser repair			•	•	•		•	
ΗР	Lighting inspection equipment		•	•				•	
	Coater machine			•	•			•	
	Chip bonding machine		•	•				•	
	Dispenser machine		•	•				•	

			Pr	ecision cla	ass			Preload	
Application		Preload type	High		Super precision	Ultra precision	Preload type		Heavy preload
pplic	Unit	No sym-	Н	Р	SP	UP	No	G1	G2
∢		bol	P6	P5	P4	P3	symbol	91	<b>0</b> 2
	Scriber		•	•				•	
	Glass edge grinding machine		•	•				•	
РО	FPD measuring test equipment			•	•			•	
ш	Laminating equipment		•	•				•	
	Indentation test equipment								
	Prober equipment								
	Punching press		•					•	
	Tire molder	•						•	
Industrial machine	Tire vulcanizer	•						•	
тас	Auto-shearing machine	•						•	
strial	Auto-welding machine	•					•	•	
Indu	Conveyor	•					•		
	Textile machine	•					•		
	Injection molding machine	•					•	•	
	Cartesian coordinated robot	•	•	•				•	
	Gantry robot	•	•					•	
oot	LTR robot		•	•				•	
ustrial robot	Take-out robot	•						•	
ustria	Cylindrical coordinated robot		•					•	
Indi	Vacuum robot		•	•				•	
	Robot carriage	•							
	Linear actuator		•	•	•		•	•	
	Office machine	•					•		
	FA transport equipment	•					•		
	Medical equipment	•					•	•	
ers	Welding machine	•					•		
Others	Painting machine	•					•		
	Precision XY table		•	•	•			•	
	UVW stage		•	•				•	
	3D measuring machine			•	•	•		•	





# 7 Lubrication

### 1. Purpose

The purpose of lubricating a linear motion guide is to create an oil surface between the raceway surface of rail and block and a rolling element so as to avoid the direct contact of metals, and thereby to reduce friction, wear and heat, preventing the raceway surface and the rolling element from being overheated and melted to be adhered to each other. Moreover, the oil surface created between the raceway surface and a ball decreases load-induced contact stress, so that it can improve the rolling contact fatigue life and prevent rust. A linear motion guide is equipped with a seal. Nevertheless, grease inside the block oozes while the device is in operation. For this reason, it is required to supply a lubricant at a time and interval appropriate to each service condition.

### 2. Selection of lubricant

To achieve the best performance of a linear motion guide, it is necessary to select the lubricant suitable for service conditions. Lubricants used for a linear motion guide include grease and oil. It is possible to select an appropriate lubricant and lubrication method depending on service conditions, load, operating speed, assembly type, etc.

### 3. Grease lubrication

Grease is a semisolid lubricant that consists base oil, thickener, and additives.

Generally, when a linear motion guide is lubricated with grease, lithium soap grease is used. In the condition of high load or the condition of use, the grease mixed with extreme-pressure additive is used. To apply a linear motion guide to a high-vacuum environment or a cleanroom, it of desirable to select a type of grease excellent at low evaporation and low dust generation.

### 1) Grease refilling

For grease refilling in a linear motion guide, it is necessary to supply a sufficient amount of grease with the use of a grease nipple until remaining grease is discharged. It is appropriate to fill up 50% or so volume block with grease. After refilling, rolling resistance can be increased. In order to reduce the rolling resistance, it is better to take a test run about 20 times prior to the operation.

### 2) Refill interval

If a travel of linear motion guide exceeds a certain time, its lubricating performance declines. So it is re quired to supply an appropriate amount of grease at a proper time depending on service conditions and environment. Usually, it is necessary to supply grease when travel of the device distance reaches 100km.

 $T = \frac{100 \times 6000}{\text{Ve } \times 60} \text{ hr}$ 

T: Oil refilling cycle (time)
Ve: Velocity (m/min)

### 4. Oil lubrication

When a linear motion guide is lubricated with oil, it is recommended to use an oil lubricant with high viscosity (68mm<sup>2</sup> /sec) under the condition of high load, and an oil lubricant with low-viscosity (13mm<sup>2</sup> /sec) under the condition of high velocity. As for oil lubrication, the recommended oil supply amount per block is 0.3cm<sup>3</sup> per hour.

Table 17. Inspection and refilling time of lubricant

Туре	Checkpoints	Inspection cycle	Refilling time
Grease	<ul> <li>Check if there is any cutting chip, dust, foreign substance</li> <li>Check if there is any contamination by other substances</li> </ul>	3-6 months	<ul> <li>Generally, supply grease 1-2 times every year.</li> <li>Usually, supply grease more than once every year if travel exceeds 100km/year.</li> <li>Refill depending on a situation after checking the status of grease.</li> </ul>
Oil	Check a lubricant quantity, contamination, and foreign substance	3-6 months	Refill depending on the results of inspection, and determine an optimal amount depending on volume of the oil tank
Oil	Check an oil level (Supply oil mist)	Before every operation	<ul><li>Refill appropriately after checking how much oil is consumed.</li><li>Define an optimal amount after how much oil is consumed</li></ul>

<sup>\*</sup> Please DO NOT use any oil that affects synthetic resin, a material of linear motion guide parts.

Table 18. Lubricants used for linear motion guide

Application	Main use	Product name	Manufacturer	Manufacturer	Base oil	Type of thickener
Common use (extreme-pressure additive incl.)	Industrial machine, machine tool	BW EP NO.2	BWC	-20 ~+105	Mineral oil	Lithium
Common use	Machine tool, electric spark machine, industrial robot, etc.	GADUS S2 V220 00	SHELL	-30 ~+110	Mineral oil	Lithium
Clean & low dust generation	Semiconductor, FPD equipment	SNG 5050 DEMNUM	NTG DAIKIN	-40 ~+1200 -50 ~+300	Synthetic oil	Urea
Eco-friendly	Semiconductor AMOLED process equipment, driving gear in vacuum chamber	FOMBLIN Krytox High vacuum grease	AUSIMONT DuPont Dow Corning	-20 ~+250	Synthetic oil	Re-fluoride Ethylene fluorinated
Machine tool	Excellent dust prevention and strong oil film strength Hardly emulsified to clearance, so suitable for machine tools	VACTRA NO.2 SLC DTE Oil	ExxonMobil	-20 ~+100	Oil	Way oil Turbine oil
Special use	Corrosion proofing	6459 Grease	SHELL	-20 ~+100	Mineral oil	Polyurethane





# 8 Surface Treatment

### 1. Surface treatment

WON ST uses the following methods for the optimal surface treatment of a linear motion guide in order to prevent rust and improve the quality of its appearance.

### 2. Types of surface treatment

### 1) Electrolytic rust-preventive black coating (black Cr plating)

This is an industrial black chrome coating type that is used to improve the corrosion proof at low cost. It can achieve better corrosion proof than martensite stainless steel and be used to enhance appearance and prevent the reflection of light.

### 2) Industrial hard chrome plating

A hardness of surface is over 850HV, so that its wear proof is excellent and its corrosion proof is comparable with that of martensite stainless steel. WON ST offers such surface treatment types such as alkakine coloring and color alumite treatment at a customer request. To use a linear motion guide after its surface treatment, it is necessary to set a high safety factor.

### 3) Fluoride low-temperature Cr plating

It is also called "Raydent." This is a combined surface treatment type of black Cr coating with special fluoride resin coating that is used in the places requiring high corrosion proof, or in cleanroom that needs to generate low dust.

# 9 Dust Proof

### 1. Dust proof

To make use of the characteristics and performance that a linear motion guide has, it is important to protect the device against external foreign substances which are causes of abnormal wear and its shortened life span. If any dust or foreign substance is expected to be mixed in, it is required to use an effective sealing or dust-proofing system.

# 2. Types of dust proof

WON Linear Motion Guide has basically a seal assembled. If necessary, it I possible to mount a metal scraper on the device before shipment.

### 1) Exclusive seal

In order to protect the inside of a bearing against foreign substances, an end seal and a side seal are installed on the both ends and bottom of a block, and an inner seal is mounted on the inside of the block.

### 2) Metal scraper

A metal scraper is installed outside an end seal, so that it is effective at protecting a device against foreign substances, such as hot spatter or slag generated in a welding process.

# 10 Measures for Use in Special Environments

WON Linear Motion Guide is useful in various special applications if being used appropriately in accord ance with such service conditions as material, surface treatment, dust proof, and grease.

Table 19.

Table 15.					
Application	Conditions of use		Measures		
Clean	If used in a clean environment,      it is a positional to provide the provide that the provide t	Lubricant	For a clean environment     Use the grease that generates low dust		
(Clean room)  -Semiconductor, FPD, medical equipment-	it is required to minimize dust or particles generated in a linear motion guide, as most as possible.	Rust prevention	<ul> <li>Black Cr coating</li> <li>Fluoride low-temperature colorimet ric Cr plating (Raydent treatment)</li> <li>Use high-corrosion resistant stainless steel as a material</li> </ul>		
Vacuum	If used in a vacuum environment that needs to maintain vacuum status, it is required to	Lubricant	Use the grease for a vacuum en vironment.		
-Semiconductor, FPD deposition equipment -	control the out gas discharged by a linear motion guide as most as possible.  • Excellent rust prevention is required, since rust-prone parts cannot be used in this environment.	Rust prevention (Out Gas)	<ul> <li>Use high-corrosion resistant stainless steel as a material</li> <li>Use a self-oiling agent with special coatings like fluoroplastic coatin</li> <li>Use ceramic as a material</li> </ul>		
	If used in a higher temperature environment than general one,	Lubricant	Use the grease for high- temperature.		
High-temperature environment	where heat proof of a ma terial is important, it is re quired to use metals for plastic synthetic resin parts	Material	<ul> <li>Use an end seal, side seal+ double seal.</li> <li>Use a double seal.</li> <li>Use a special seal for high temperature</li> </ul>		
	If used in an environment     where there are a lot of cutting	Seal	<ul><li> Use a plastic synthetic resin cap</li><li> Use a metal cap</li><li> Use a metal scraper</li></ul>		
Dust	chips, wood dust, and dust, it is required to take dust proof measures to protect the block	Сар	<ul><li> Use a plastic synthetic resin cap.</li><li> Use a metal cap</li><li> Use a seal plate</li></ul>		
	against foreign substances.	Holding door	<ul><li> Use an exclusive holding door</li><li> Use an sealing and all-in-one holding door</li></ul>		
	• If exposed to a spot welding or	Spatter	Fluoride black Cr coating		
Spatter	arc welding environment, it is required to take measures to	Seal	Use a metal scraper		
	prevent hot spatters from being fixed onto a rail	Dust resistance	Use a metal cap     Use a seal plate		







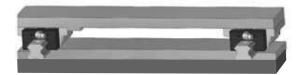
# 11 Placement and Installation

### 1. Placement and structure

To mount a linear motion guide on equipment, it is required to understand the overall structure of the equipment first, and then check the sizes of the base and a transfer table. To determine the optimal in stallation of a linear motion guide, it is necessary to take into account mounting directions such as placing vertically, in slope, or in the back, load, and the life span required.

### Installation layout of linear motion guide (examples)

(1) Assembly of the top side of block, block transfer



(3) Assembly of the flank of rail, block transfer



(5) Assembly of the wall side of block, rail transfer



36

(6) Assembly of the wall side of rail, block transfer



-





(8) Symmetrical assembly of the top and bottom of block, rail transfer

(2) Assembly of the back side of block, rail transfer

(4) Assembly of the flank of block, rail transfer



# 2. Mounting and fixation

In the structure affected by both vibration and impact, in the place that has complex load or moment load, it is required to fix a linear motion guide in a different way from a general one.

This is a widely used method. Push a pressure plate from the flank after slightly protruding a block and a rail. In this case, it is required to prevent the corners of the rail and block from being in contact with each other.

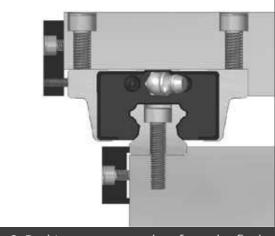


Figure 8. Pushing a pressure plate from the flank

This is a way of fastening a tapered fixture with a bolt. Even slightly bolting up generates big force in a horizontal direction. If it is bolted up too much, deformation may occur in rail, for instance, which needs to be taken a caution.

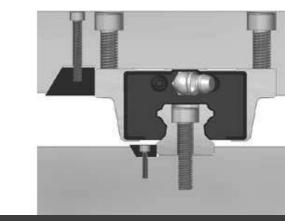


Figure 9. Pushing a tapered plate

You must be required to use miniature bolts due to the spatial constraint when a rail is pushed by a bolt. It is favorable to use as many bolts for pushing as possible.

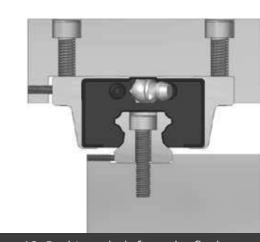
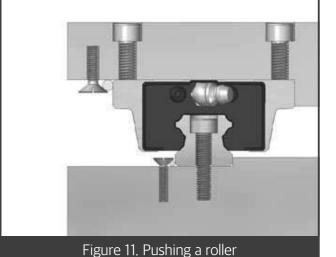


Figure 10. Pushing a bolt from the flank

This is a way of pushing a needle roller with the head of a countersunk screw. It is careful to push it to fit the screw.



37



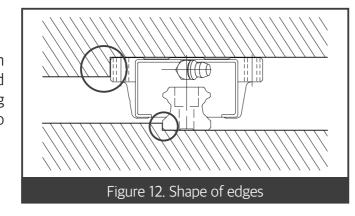




### 3. Design of the mounting surface for installation

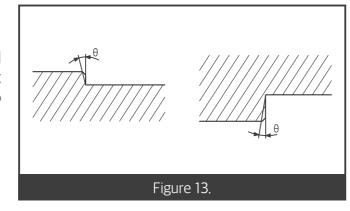
Design and management of the mounting surface

The precision of mounting surface of a linear motion guide and an error in installation cause unexpected load and stress to the device, negatively influencing the travel and life of the device. So, it is required to take caution to prevent the harmful effects.



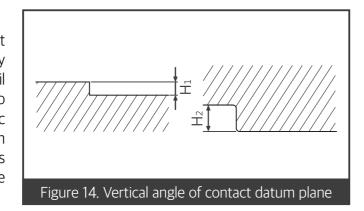
# Management of the vertical angle of the datum plane for installation

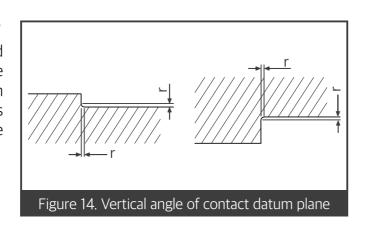
If the vertical angle of the installation surface of a rail or block and of its datum plane is inaccurate, it might not be assembled precisely. So, it is required to review an error of vertical angel in design.



Management of the datum plane for assembly In designing a linear motion guide, it is important to manage the height and thickness of its assembly datum plane. If the height is too high or low, a rail or a block may fail to be assembled precisely due to its surface attachment; the application of eccentric load, horizontal load and moment load may loosen the strength of joint and cause poor assembly. In this case, precision fails to meet the requirements in de sign. So, attention must be paid.

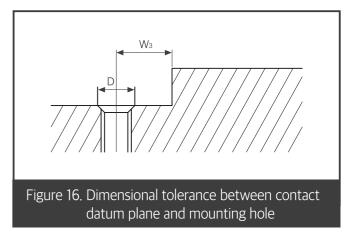
Management of the shape of contact corner If the right-angled corner of a rail or block installed to the mounting surface of a linear motion guide is processed in R-shape and R value is bigger than the dimension of the surface of the rail or block, it is possible to cause a failure of precise assembly to the datum plane. So, attention must be paid.

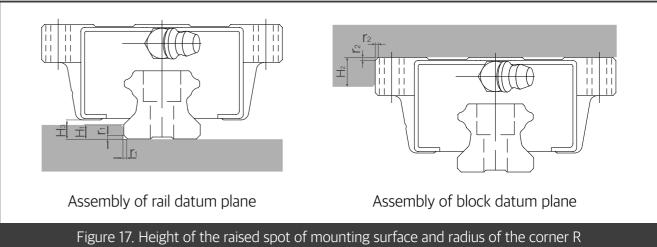




# Management of the dimensional tolerance between datum plane and bolt in design

If the dimensional tolerance between the contact datum plane of a rail or block of a linear motion guide and a mounting hole is too big, precise assembly fails. So, attention must be paid. Generally the dimensional tolerance is ±0.1mm as a reference value. If the distance tolerance between the assembly datum plane of rail or block and the assembly bolt hole is too wide or narrow, precise assembly may fail. So, it is required to set the tolerance to W3±0.1mm in design.





- Make a datum plane that can contact the flank in order to secure the assembly convenience or precise posi-
- tion and the assembly surface of a rail or block in the installation process of a linear motion guide.
- The height of the raised spot of contact datum plane or the radius of corner depend on the specifications of a linear motion guide. So please see the table shown below.
- To prevent the raised spot from being deformed by the pressing force from above or pushing force from side, secure sufficient thickness in design.

### H, H...S, HB, S, S...S, HS, HS...S Series

Unit: mm

Model No.	Radius of corner of the installation to rail r1(max.)	Radius of corner of the installation to block r2(max.)	Height of raised spot of the installation to rail H1	Height of raised spot of the installation to block H <sub>2</sub>	Нз
15	0.5	0.5	3	4	4.7
20	0.5	0.5	3.5	5	6
25	1	1	5	5	7
30	1	1	5	5	7.5
35	1	1	6	6	9
45	1	1	8	8	10
55	1.5	1.5	10	10	13







#### **HB Series** Unit: mm

Mo N		Radius of corner of the installation to rail r1(max.)	Radius of corner of the installation to block r2(max.)		Height of raised spot of the installation to block H <sub>2</sub>	Нз
1	7	0.4	0.4	2	4	2.5
2	21	0.4	0.4	2.5	5	3.3
2	.7	0.4	0.4	2.5	5	3.5
3	5	0.8	0.8	3.5	5	4

#### S, S...S Series Unit: mm

Model No.	Radius of corner of the installation to rail r1(max.)	Radius of corner of the installation to block r2(max.)		Height of raised spot of the installation to block H <sub>2</sub>	Н₃
15	0.5	0.1	2.5	4	4.5
20	0.5	1	4	5	6
25	1	1	5	5	7

### M, MB Series

M, MB Se	M, MB Series Unit : mm				
Model No.	Radius of corner of the installation to rail r1(max.)	Radius of corner of the installation to block r2(max.)	Height of raised spot of the installation to rail H1	Height of raised spot of the installation to block H <sub>2</sub>	H <sub>3</sub>
5	0.2	0.2	0.8	2	1
7	0.2	0.2	1.2	2.5	1.5
9	0.2	0.2	1.5	3	2
12	0.2	0.2	2.5	4	3
13	0.2	0.2		4.5	4
15	0.2	0.2	3	4.5	4
20	0.2	0.2	4	5	5

### P Sprips

R Series					Unit : mm
Model No.	Radius of corner of the installation to rail r1(max.)	Radius of corner of the installation to block r2(max.)	Height of raised spot of the installation to rail H1	Height of raised spot of the installation to block H <sub>2</sub>	H₃
25	1	1	4	5	6.5
30	1	1	4.5	5	7
35	1	1	5	6	7
45	1.5	1.5	6	8	9.5
55	1.5	1.5	8	10	10
65	1.5	2	9	10	13

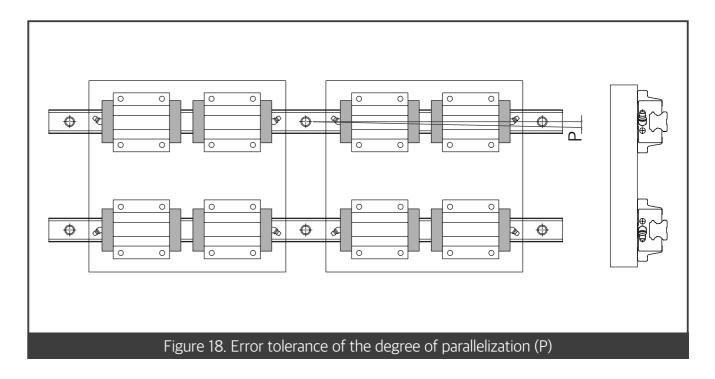
# 4. Error tolerance of the mounting surface for installation

### 1) Auto-adjusting and error-absorbing abilities

A linear motion guide has an excellent auto-adjusting ability. Therefore, even though the structure with rail assembly is slightly deformed processing error may occur a little, the straightness or parallelism of a table after assembly is better than the precision in processing before assembly, and quite linear running is available.

### 2) Error tolerance of the degree of parallelization when using 2-axis assembly (P1)

The error tolerance of the degree of parallelization when a 2-axis assembly is used is shown below



### H, H...S, HS, HS...S Series

Ш	lnit	•	IIm

Model No.	Common clearance	G <sub>1</sub> clearance	G <sub>2</sub> clearance
15	25	18	-
20	25	20	18
25	30	22	20
30	40	30	27
35	50	35	30
45	60	40	35
55	70	50	45









### **HB Series**

Unit : µm

N	Aodel No.	Common clearance	G <sub>1</sub> clearance	G <sub>2</sub> clearance
	17	20	15	-
	21	25	18	-
	27	25	20	-
	35	30	22	20

### S, S...S Series

Unit : µm

Model No.	Common clearance	G1 clearance	G <sub>2</sub> clearance
15	25	18	-
20	25	20	18
25	30	22	20

### M, MB Series

Unit: µm

Model No.	Common clearance	G1 clearance
5	2	-
7	3	-
9	4	3
12	9	5
13	10	6
15	10	6
20	13	8

### **R** Series

 $Unit: \mu m$ 

Model No.	G <sub>2</sub> clearance	G₃ clearance
25	7	5
30	9	6
35	10	7
45	12	9
55	16	11
65	22	16

### 3) Error tolerance of height in 2-axis assembly (P2)

If an error of height in installation is too big, block distortion occurs and its rigidity may be weakened due to block distortion and changes in the raceway groove of the block and rail block and in the contact angle of a ball or roller as a rolling element.

The error tolerance of height level (x) when a 2-axis linear motion guide is used is as follows.



### $\mathsf{H}, \mathsf{H}...\mathsf{S}, \mathsf{S}, \mathsf{S}...\mathsf{S}, \mathsf{HS}, \mathsf{HS}...\mathsf{S} \mathsf{ Series}$

 $\text{Unit}: \mu m$ 

Model No.	Common clearance	G <sub>1</sub> clearance	G <sub>2</sub> clearance
15	0.26L	0.17L	-
20	0.26L	0.17L	0.10L
25	0.26L	0.17L	0.14L
30	0.34L	0.22L	0.18L
35	0.42L	0.30L	0.24L
45	0.50L	0.34L	0.28L
55	0.60L	0.42L	0.34L





Unit: µm

### **WON**



### HB Series

Model No.	Common clearance	G <sub>1</sub> clearance	G <sub>2</sub> clearance
17	0.13L	0.04L	-
21	0.26L	0.17L	-
27	0.26L	0.17L	-
35	0.26L	0.17L	0.14L

### M, MB Series

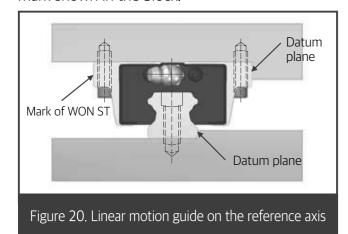
Model No.	Common clearance	G <sub>1</sub> clearance
5	0.04L	-
7	0.05L	-
9	0.07L	0.01L
12	0.10L	0.02L
13	0.12L	0.04L
15	0.12L	0.04L
20	0.14L	0.06L

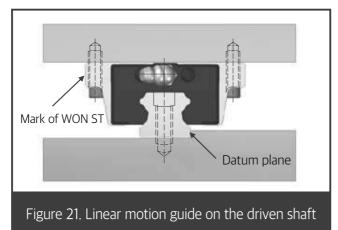
R Series Unit : μm

Model No.	G <sub>2</sub> clearance	G₃ clearance
25, 30, 35, 45, 55, 65	0.17L	0.12L

### 5. Description of the datum plane for installation

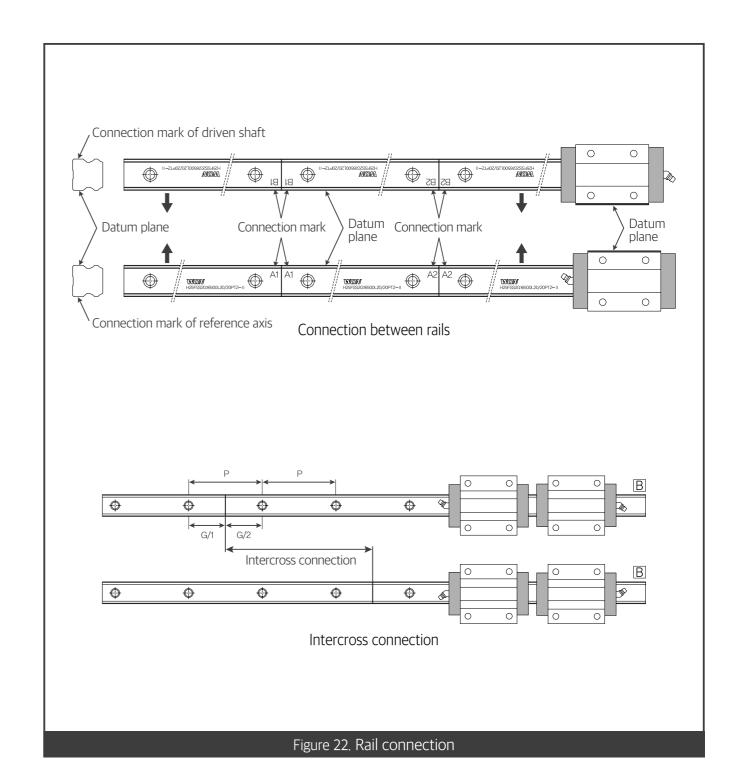
The datum plane of WON ST Linear Motion Guide is the ground surface on the opposite side of WON mark shown in the block.





### 6. Rail connection

If it is necessary to use a longer rail than the one supplied, it is possible to connect rails for the purpose of use. The mark on the rail indicates the point where rails should be linked. If a block passes through the connecting points simultaneously, that may affect travel of the unit or cause a delicate hitch. To solve this problem, it is recommended to make the connecting points intercrossed.



44 45

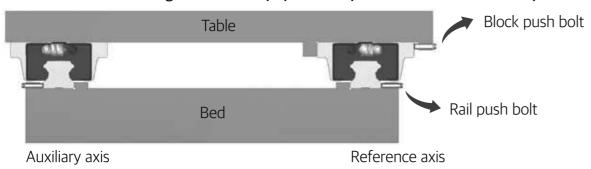




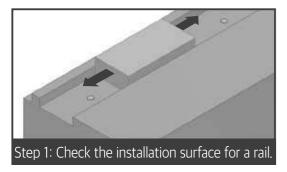


### 7. Installation

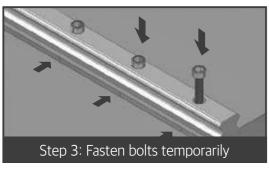
### 1) Installation of linear motion guide in the equipment exposed to vibration and impacts



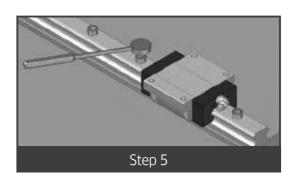
### ① Install a rail

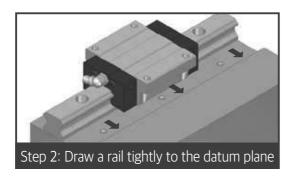


Prior to installation, remove burr, dust, and dust prevention oil completely.

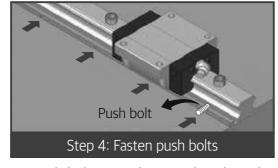


Check the status of bolts and fasten every bolt temporarily.





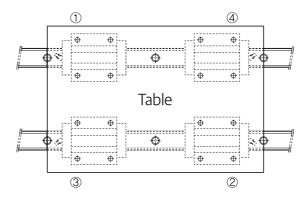
Gently place a linear motion guide on the bed, and push it in the opposite direction of datum plan of the bed.



Fix push bolts to make sure that the rail is in parallel with the datum plane of the bed.

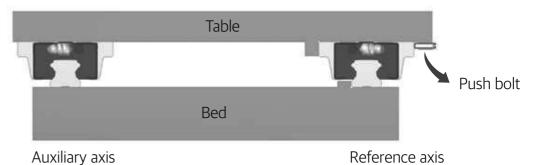
- Step 5: Fasten all bolts with a torque wrench.
   Fasten all bolts at the recommended torque. Fasten the bolt in the center first and then continue fastening each bolt toward both ends in order to maintain precision of the rail in the assembly process.
- Step 6: Assemble an auxiliary axis.
   Repeat the above procedure for the instal lation of an auxiliary axis.

### 2 Install a block



- Step 1: Assembly bolts temporarily
   Place a table on the block and fasten all bolts temporarily.
- Step 2: Fasten bolts tightly
   Fix the main rail block to the opposite side of datum plane of the table with the use of a push bolt, and adjust position of the table.
- Step 3: Fix and fasten assembly bolts
   Completely fasten all bolts on the datum plane and subsidiary side in the order of ① to ④.

### 2) Installation of linear motion guide without a push bolt

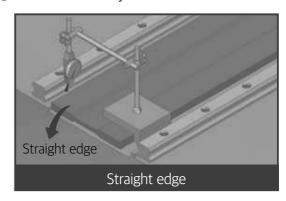


### 1) Install a master rail



Fasten bolts temporarily and push a master rail toward the datum plane using a C-vise. Fasten the bolts sequentially at the pre scribed torque.

### ② Install an auxiliary rail



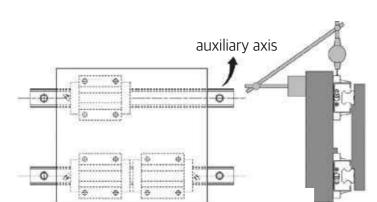
Place a straight edge in between two rails, and make it in parallel with the master rail fixed temporarily. Check the degree of par allelism with a dial gauge, and adjust the rail if needed. And then, fasten bolts in order



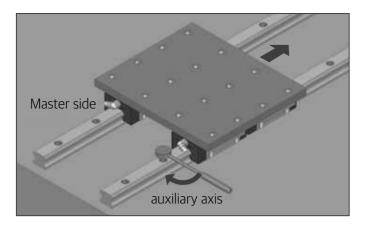




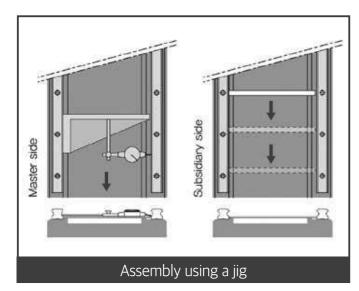




- Assembly using a table
- 1. Fix two blocks on the datum plane and one block on the auxiliary axis to a table.
- 2. Fix another auxiliary block and rail to the ta ble and bed temporarily.
- 3. Place a dial gauge on the table and make sure that a prober of the gauge contacts the auxiliary axis of the block.
- 4. Separate the table from the end of the rail, and check parallelization between the block and the auxiliary rail.
- 5. Fasten bolts in order.



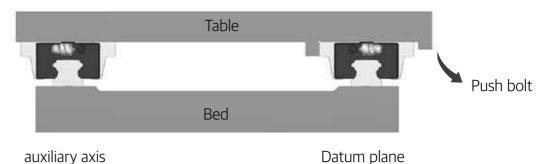
- Assembly using a rail on the reference axis
- 1. Fix two blocks on the datum plane and one block on the auxiliary axis to a table.
- 2. Fix another auxiliary block and rail to the ta ble and bed temporarily.
- 3. Separate the table from one rail and make adjustment in the way of parallelization with the auxiliary rail in consideration of rolling resistance in movement.
- 4. Fasten bolts in order.



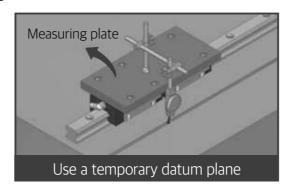
Move the postiion of a block sequentially at the end of the master rail every bolt pitch, and adjust parallelization between the datum plane of the master rail and the master plane of the auxiliary rail with the use of a special jig. Fasten bolts in order.



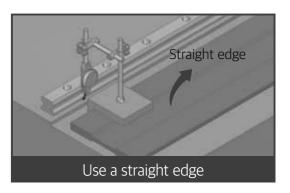
### 3) Installation of a block without the datum plane for a reference rail



### (1) Install a reference rail



Fix two blocks together onto the meas uring plate and install a temporary datum plane near the rail mounting on the bed. Check the degree of parallelism of the rail, and fasten bolts in order.

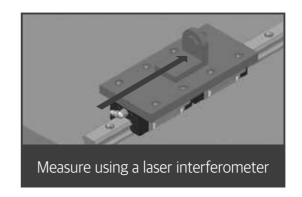


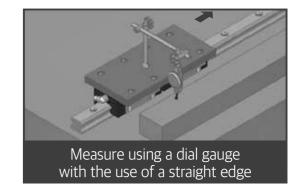
Fix a rail to the bed temporarily. Adjust it to be in straight life with the use of a dial gauge. Fasten bolts in order.

② Apply the same method when installing an auxiliary block and rail.

### 4) Measure precision after installation

It is possible to check the precision of travel by fixing two blocks onto the measuring plate. To meas ure precision, either use a straight edge and check a measurement with a dial gauge, or use a laser interferometer.













### 8. Torque used for fastening bolts in assembly

### 1) Select the optimal torque for bolts

To assemble a rail of a linear motion guide, it is required to apply bolt torque appropriately in consider ation of the material of the mounting surface or bolts. Inaccurate bolt torque may affect the mounting precision of the rail. So please use a torque wrench.

### 2) Recommended torque by the material of the mounting base

Unit	:	Ν		n
------	---	---	--	---

Dalt specification		Torque value (Unit : N·m)								
Bolt specification	Steel	Casting	Aluminum							
M3	2	1.3	1							
M4	4	2.7	2							
M5	8.8	5.9	4.4							
M6	13.7	9.2	6.8							
M8	30	20	15							
M10	68	45	33							
M12	120	78	58							
M14	157	105	78							
M16	196	131	98							
M20	382	255	191							

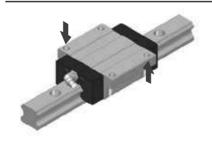
### 3) Recommended torque by the material of bolts

Unit: N·m

Bolt	Bolt torque							
specification	Carbon steel bolt	SCM steel bolt						
M2.3	-	0.4						
M2.5	-	0.6						
M3	1.7	1.1						
M4	4.0	2.5						
M5	7.9	5.1						
M6	13.3	8.6						
M8	32.0	22.0						
M10	62.7	43.0						

Bolt	Bolt torque							
specification	Carbon steel bolt	SCM steel bolt						
M12	108	76						
M14	172	122						
M16	263	196						
M18	-	265						
M20	512	-						
M22	-	520						
M24	882	-						
M30	1750	-						

### 9. Bolt fastening direction by linear motion guide type



### H-FN, H-FL, HB-F, H-FN...S, H-FL...S

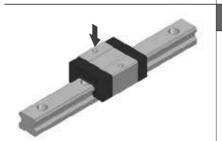
Since the flange of a block is tap-processed and the counter bore is processed in the bottom, it is possible to tighten bolts in the up and down direction as indicated by the arrows.

But, to fasten bolts from bottom to top, it is recommended to use one size smaller.



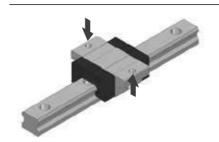
### H-RN, H-RL, HB-R, H-RN...S, H-RL...S

Since the square body of the block is tap-processed, it is used at the time when bolts need to be fastened from top to bottom as indicated by the arrow



### S-RC, S-RN, S-RC...S, S-RN...S

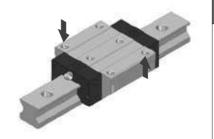
Since the square body of the block is tap-processed, it is used at the time when bolts need to be fastened from top to bottom as indicated by the arrow



### S-FC, S-FN, S-FC...S, S-FN...S

Since the flange of a block is tap-processed and the counter bore is processed in the bottom, it is possible to tighten bolts in the up and down direction as indicated by the arrows.

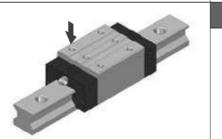
But, to fasten bolts from bottom to top, it is recommended to use one size smaller.



### R-FN, R-FL

Since the flange of a block is tap-processed and the counter bore is processed in the bottom, it is possible to tighten bolts in the up and down direction as indicated by the arrows.

But, to fasten bolts from bottom to top, it is recommended to use one size smaller.



### R-RN, R-RL, RS-RN, RS-RL

Since the square body of the block is tap-processed, it is used at the time when bolts need to be fastened from top to bottom as indicated by the arrow.







# 12 Types of Linear Motion Guide

### 1. Linear Motion Guide H Series

### 1) Structure of H Series

WON Linear Motion Guide H Series has a four-row circular arc-groove structure in the raceway groove of a rail or block. In addition, it has a 4-direction equal load type in which it can bear equal load rating for vertical compression load, tensile load, and horizontal load as its ball as a rolling element is combined at 45 degree. Therefore, the model reduces friction resistance and ensures smooth motion and long life. By imposing preload on the balls, it is possible to enhance the rigidity of a linear motion guide and to minimize its deformation for external load.

### 2) Features of H Series

- a. High quality, high precision, and elimination of labor.
- b. High rigidity and high precision for implementing stable travel precision for a long time.
- c. Excellent wear resistance and friction resistance that ensure a long life.
- d. The face-to-face duplex structure just like the D/F combination of ball bearing, excellent at auto-adjusting and error-absorbing.
- e. Various specifications for easy design.
- f. Easy to use due to high compatibility of rail and block.

### 2. Spacer Chain Linear Motion Guide H...SSeries

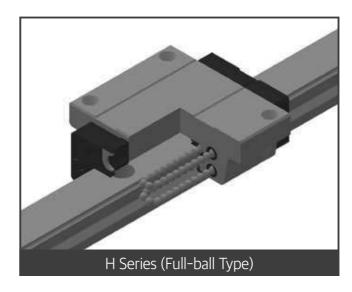
### 1) Structure of H...S Series

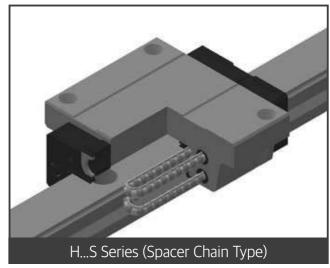
Like H Series, Linear Motion Guide H...S Series has the 4-direction equal load type and auto-adjusting face-to-face D/F structure. It uses a ball as a rolling element and has a spacer between balls to prevent them from colliding each other in rolling motion. Since it makes less noise and more stable circulating motion than a full-ball type, it is possible to implement quiet running at high speed. In addition, the spacer can serve as a pocket of a lubricant.

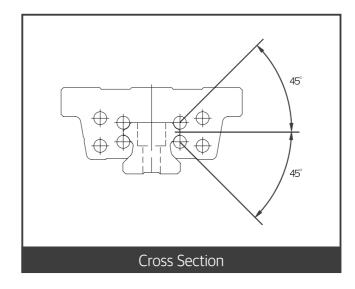
### 2) Features of H...S Series

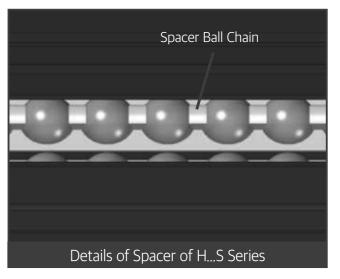
- a. As a spacer-incorporated type that improves frictional properties and prevents the collision of balls, the model not only allows stable circulating motion and smooth running but also reduces noise. By attach ing a special lubricating seal for a longer life span, it is possible to be free of maintenance.
- b. Since a resin spacer is applied to the model, it is possible to prevent the collision of balls and the loss of oil film, and to generate less particles and dust.
- c. High quality, high precision, and elimination of labor.
- d. High rigidity and high precision for implementing stable travel precision for a long time.
- e. Excellent wear resistance and friction resistance that ensure a long life.
- f. The face-to-face duplex structure just like the D/F combination of ball bearing, excellent at auto-adjusting and error-absorbing.
- g. Various specifications for easy design.
- h. Easy to use due to high compatibility of rail and block.

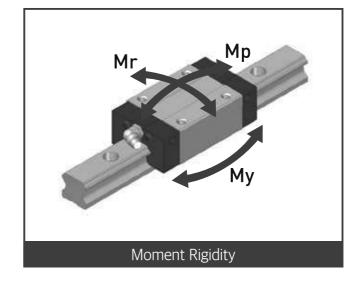
### Linear Motion Guide H Series, H...S Series

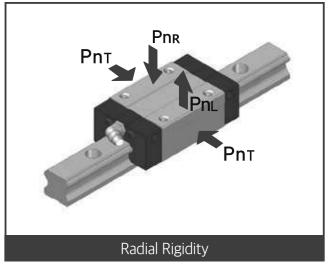
















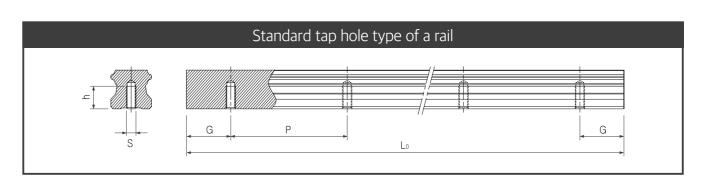
# Types and Features

Category	Туре	 Shape & Feature	
Flange type	H-F H-FS	<ul> <li>A general type with the tap-ma chined flange of a block, support ing installation from bottom to top and from top to bottom</li> <li>4-direction equal load type with high rigidity and high load</li> <li>S Series are types with a spacer retain er helping to reduce ball-to-ball friction and generate less noise and dust</li> </ul>	Machine tool X, Y, & Z axes, CNC machining center, CNC lathe, CNC tapping
	H-FL H-FLS	<ul> <li>The same cross section as in H-F Series; increased load rating by en larging the entire length (L1) of a block</li> <li>4-direction equal load type with high rigidity and high load</li> <li>S Series are types with a spacer retain er helping to reduce ball-to-ball friction and generate less noise and dust</li> </ul>	center,  Electric injection machine,  3D engraving machine,  Laser processer,  Milling machine,  Welder for exclusive use,  EDM electric
Compact	H-R H-RS	<ul> <li>A compact type with the tap-ma chined top of a block, minimizing the width (W) of a block</li> <li>4-direction equal load type with high rigidity and high load</li> <li>S Series are types with a spacer retain er helping to reduce ball-to-ball friction and generate less noise and dust</li> </ul>	spark machine, Automation device, Multi-transport system, FPD inspection equipment, Industrial robot, Precision X-Y
type	H-RL H-RLS	<ul> <li>The same cross section as in H-R Series; increased load rating by enlarging the entire length (L1) of a block</li> <li>4-direction equal load type with high rigidity and high load</li> <li>S Series are types with a spacer retain er helping to reduce ball-to-ball friction and generate less noise and dust</li> </ul>	table, Various industrial machines

# Standard and maximum lengths of a rail

Unit: mm

Model No.	H15	H20	H25	H30	H35	H45	H55			
	160	160	220	280	440	570	780			
	220	220	280	360	520	675	900			
	280	280	340	440	600	780	100			
	i i	340	400	520	680	885	:			
Standard	1360	:	460	600	760	•	2820			
length	1480	1960	:	:	:	2880	2940			
	1600	2080	2200	2520	2680	2985	3060			
		2200	2320	2680	2840	3090				
			2440	2840	3000					
				3000						
Standard pitch P	60	60	60	80	80	105	120			
G	20	20	20	20	20	22.5	30			
Max. length	4000									



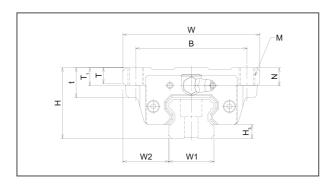
Model No.	S	h(mm)
H15	M5	8
H20	M6	10
H25	M6	12
H30	M8	15
H35	M8	17
H45	M12	24
H55	M14	24





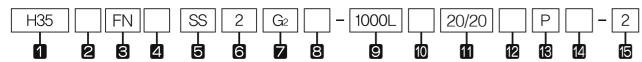
### H-FN Series, H-FL Series





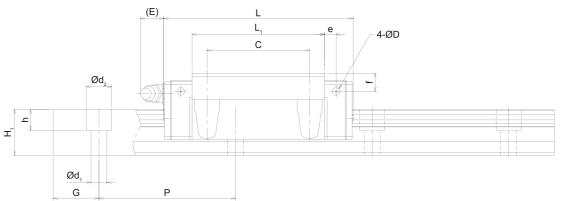
Model		Externa mensio			Dimensions of block												
No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	В	С	М	Lı	t	Т	T <sub>1</sub>	N	Е	f	е	D	Grease nipple	Нз
H 15FN	24	47	56.5	38	30	M5	40.8	-	7	11	6	4.7	3.7	3.25	3.3	A-M5	4.5
H 15FL	24	47	64.8	38	30	M5	49.1	-	7	11	6	4.7	3.7	3.25	3.3	A-M5	4.5
H 20FN	30	63	73.2	53	40	M6	53.1	-	9.2	10	7.5	10.7	6.7	4.25	3.3	B-M6F	6.0
H 20FL	30	63	89.1	53	40	M6	69	-	9.2	10	7.5	10.7	6.7	4.25	3.3	B-M6F	6.0
H 25FN	36	70	83.2	57	45	M8	58.3	-	11.5	16	9	10.2	8	5	3.3	B-M6F	7.0
H 25FL	36	70	103.1	57	45	M8	78.2	-	11.5	16	9	10.2	8	5	3.3	B-M6F	7.0
H 30FN	42	90	99.3	72	52	M10	70.8	-	9.5	18	7.3	9.8	5	5.8	5.2	B-M6F	7.5
H 30FL	42	90	121.5	72	52	M10	93	-	9.5	18	7.3	9.8	5	5.8	5.2	B-M6F	7.5
H 35FN	48	100	111.8	82	62	M10	80.8	-	12.5	21	8	9.7	6.5	6.5	5.2	B-M6F	9.0
H 35FL	48	100	137.2	82	62	M10	106.2	-	12.5	21	8	9.7	6.5	6.5	5.2	B-M6F	9.0
H 45FN	60	120	139.0	100	80	M12	101.9	25	13	15	10	16	8	8	3.3	B-PT1/8	10.0
H 45FL	60	120	170.8	100	80	M12	133.7	25	13	15	10	16	8	8	3.3	B-PT1/8	10.0
H 55FN	70	140	163.0	116	95	M14	117.5	29	19	17	11	16	8	9	3.3	B-PT1/8	13.0
H 55FL	70	140	201.1	116	95	M14	155.6	29	19	17	11	16	8	9	3.3	B-PT1/8	13.0

Composition of Model Name & Number



- 1 Model No. of Linear Motion Guide
- 2 Material of block : No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- Type of block: RN-Rectangular standard type / RL-Rectangular long type/ FN-Flange standard type / FL-Flange long type
   No symbol-Standard block / E-Special block specification
- 5 Type of seal: No symbol-No seal / UU-End seal / SS-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal / DD-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal / ZZ-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper / KK-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper / UULF-End seal+LF seal / SSLF-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+LF seal / DDLF-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+LF seal / ZZLF-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper+LF seal / KKLF-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper+LF seal (\*1)
- 6 Number of blocks assembled in one shaft
- Symbol of clearance: No symbol-Normal preload / G1-Light preload / G2-Heavy preload / G5-Special preload (\*2)
- 8 Material of end plate: No symbol Standard material / I Stainless / N Aluminum
- Length of rail
- Material of rail: No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- Size of G value: standard G value has no symbol
- No symbol-Rail counterbore type (top assembly) / A-Rail tap hole type (bottom assembly) (\*3)
- Symbol of precision: No symbol-Moderate / H-High / P-Precision / SP-Super precision / UP-Ultra precision (\*4)
- Number of axes used in the same plane

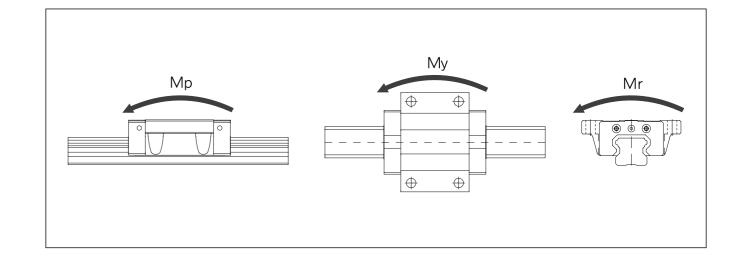
No symbol-Standard rail / E-special rail specification
(\*1) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101. (\*2) See Radial Clearance at page 18. (\*3) See Standard Tap Hole Type of Rail at page 49. (\*4) See Selection of Precision Class at page 20.



Unit: mm

Dimensions of rail					Basic loa	ad rating	Static allowance moment kN⋅m				۱·m	Mass		
Width W1 ±0.05	W2	Height H1	G	Pitch P	d <sub>1</sub> x d <sub>2</sub> x h	C kN	Co kN	M 1 block	lp Double blocks	N 1 block	ly Double blocks	Mr 1 block	Block kg	Rail kg/m
15	16	13	20	60	4.5x7.5x5.3	12.6	16.2	0.115	0.552	0.115	0.552	0.129	0.19	1.3
15	16	13	20	60	4.5x7.5x5.3	14.3	19.3	0.165	0.769	0.165	0.769	0.154	0.24	1.3
20	21.5	16.5	20	60	6x9.5x8.5	18.3	23.9	0.221	1.049	0.221	1.049	0.251	0.41	2.2
20	21.5	16.5	20	60	6x9.5x8.5	21.8	30.7	0.370	1.692	0.370	1.692	0.322	0.54	2.2
23	23.5	20	20	60	7x11x9	27.0	33.1	0.337	1.636	0.337	1.636	0.398	0.61	3.0
23	23.5	20	20	60	7x11x9	32.8	43.6	0.596	2.760	0.596	2.760	0.525	0.82	3.0
28	31	26	20	80	9x14x12	50.4	57.1	0.711	3.384	0.711	3.384	0.828	1.1	4.85
28	31	26	20	80	9x14x12	60.3	73.6	1.203	5.506	1.203	5.506	1.067	1.3	4.85
34	33	29	20	80	9x14x12	67.0	74.6	1.062	5.012	1.062	5.012	1.298	1.6	6.58
34	33	29	20	80	9x14x12	80.2	96.2	1.797	8.172	1.797	8.172	1.674	2.01	6.58
45	37.5	38	22.5	105	14x20x17	108.5	116.4	2.860	9.912	2.860	9.912	2.275	2.83	11.03
45	37.5	38	22.5	105	14x20x17	129.7	150.1	4.533	16.161	4.533	16.161	2.935	3.70	11.03
53	43.5	44	30	120	16x23x20	155.9	161.5	4.654	16.016	4.654	16.016	3.779	4.36	15.26
53	43.5	44	30	120	16x23x20	187.5	210.1	7.468	26.493	7.468	26.493	4.916	5.76	15.26

1N≒0.102kgf

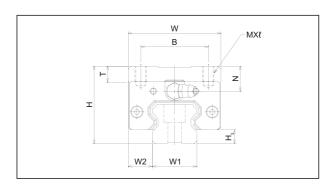




# **SA**®

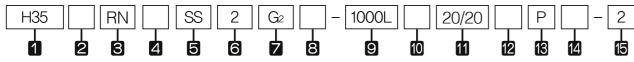
### H-RN Series, H-RL Series





Model	Exter	nal di sions	men-					Dimen:	sions of	f block					
No.	Height <b>H</b>	Width W	Length L	В	С	Mxl	Lı	т	N	Е	f	е	D	Grease nipple	Нз
H15RN	28	34	56.5	26	26	M4 x 5	40.8	6	10	4.7	7.7	3.25	3.3	A-M5	4.5
H15RL	28	34	64.8	26	26	M4 x 5	49.1	6	10	4.7	7.7	3.25	3.3	A-M5	4.5
H20RN	30	44	73.2	32	36	M5 x 6	53.1	8	7.5	10.7	6.7	4.25	3.3	B-M6F	6.0
H20RL	30	44	89.1	32	50	M5 x 6	69	8	7.5	10.7	6.7	4.25	3.3	B-M6F	6.0
H25RN	40	48	83.2	35	35	M6 x 8	58.3	8	13	10.2	12	5	3.3	B-M6F	7.0
H25RL	40	48	103.1	35	50	M6 x 8	78.2	8	13	10.2	12	5	3.3	B-M6F	7.0
H30RN	45	60	99.3	40	40	M8 x 10	70.8	8	10.3	9.8	8	5.8	5.2	B-M6F	7.5
H30RL	45	60	121.5	40	60	M8 x 10	93	8	10.3	9.8	8	5.8	5.2	B-M6F	7.5
H35RN	55	70	111.8	50	50	M8 x 12	80.8	10	15	9.7	13.5	6.5	5.2	B-M6F	9.0
H35RL	55	70	137.2	50	72	M8 x 12	106.2	10	15	9.7	13.5	6.5	5.2	B-M6F	9.0
H45RN	70	86	139.0	60	60	M10 x 17	101.9	15	20	16	18	8	3.3	B-PT1/8	10.0
H45RL	70	86	170.8	60	80	M10 x 17	133.7	15	20	16	18	8	3.3	B-PT1/8	10.0
H55RN	80	100	163.0	75	75	M12 x 18	117.5	18	21	16	18	9	3.3	B-PT1/8	13.0
H55RL	80	100	201.1	75	95	M12 x 18	155.6	18	21	16	18	9	3.3	B-PT1/8	13.0

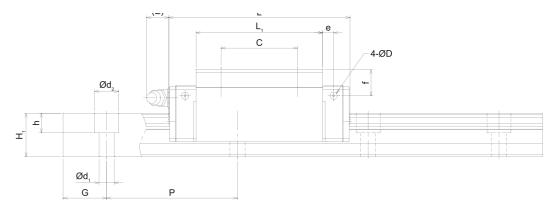
Composition of Model Name & Number



- 1 Model No. of Linear Motion Guide
- Material of block : No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- 3 Type of block: RN-Rectangular standard type / RL-Rectangular long type/ FN-Flange standard type / FL-Flange long type
- 4 No symbol-Standard block / E-Special block specification
- Type of seal: No symbol-No seal / UU-End seal / SS-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal / DD-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal / ZZ-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal / Metal scraper / UULF-End seal+LF seal / SSLF-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+LF seal / DDLF-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+LF seal / ZZLF-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+LF seal / ZZLF-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper+LF seal / KKLF-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper+LF seal (\*1)
- 6 Number of blocks assembled in one shaft
- Symbol of clearance: No symbol-Normal preload / G1-Light preload / G2-Heavy preload / Gs-Special preload (\*2)
- 8 Material of end plate: No symbol Standard material / I Stainless / N Aluminum
- Length of rai
- Material of rail: No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- Size of G value: standard G value has no symbol
- No symbol-Rail counterbore type (top assembly) / A-Rail tap hole type (bottom assembly) (\*3)
- Symbol of precision: No symbol-Moderate / H-High / P-Precision / SP-Super precision / UP-Ultra precision (\*4)
- No symbol-Standard rail / E-special rail specification
- Number of axes used in the same plane

(\*1) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101. (\*2) See Radial Clearance at page 18.

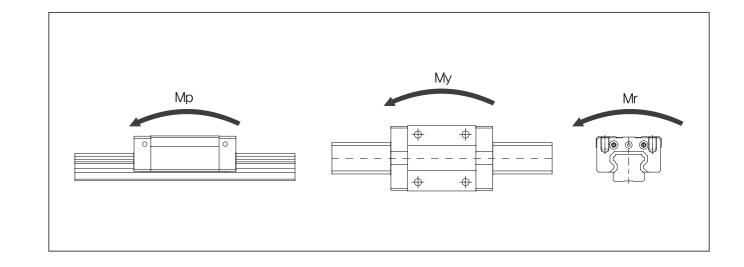
(\*3) See Standard Tap Hole Type of Rail at page 49. (\*4) See Selection of Precision Class at page 20.



Unit: mm

		Dime	nsion	of rai	l		load ing	Stat	ic allowa	ance mo	oment kN	l∙m	Ма	ass
Width		Height		Pitch		С	Со	M	lp	M	1y	Mr	Block	Rail
W <sub>1</sub> ±0.05	W <sub>2</sub>	H <sub>1</sub>	G	Р	d <sub>1</sub> x d <sub>2</sub> x h	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
15	9.5	13	20	60	4.5x7.5x5.3	12.6	16.2	0.115	0.552	0.115	0.552	0.129	0.18	1.3
15	9.5	13	20	60	4.5xx7.5x5.3	14.3	19.3	0.165	0.769	0.165	0.769	0.154	0.23	1.3
20	12	16.5	20	60	6x9.5x8.5	18.3	23.9	0.221	1.049	0.221	1.049	0.251	0.31	2.2
20	12	16.5	20	60	6x9.5x8.5	21.8	30.7	0.370	1.692	0.370	1.692	0.322	0.41	2.2
23	12.5	20	20	60	7x11x9	27.0	33.1	0.337	1.636	0.337	1.636	0.398	0.53	3.0
23	12.5	20	20	60	7x11x9	32.8	43.6	0.596	2.760	0.596	2.760	0.525	0.71	3.0
28	16	26	20	80	9x14x12	50.4	57.1	0.711	3.384	0.711	3.384	0.828	0.9	4.85
28	16	26	20	80	9x14x12	60.3	73.6	1.203	5.506	1.203	5.506	1.067	1.1	4.85
34	18	29	20	80	9x14x12	67.0	74.6	1.062	5.012	1.062	5.012	1.298	1.5	6.58
34	18	29	20	80	9x14x12	80.2	96.2	1.797	8.172	1.797	8.172	1.674	2.01	6.58
45	20.5	38	22.5	105	14x20x17	108.5	116.4	2.860	9.912	2.860	9.912	2.275	2.89	11.03
45	20.5	38	22.5	105	14x20x17	129.7	150.1	4.533	16.161	4.533	16.161	2.935	3.74	11.03
53	23.5	44	30	120	16x23x20	155.9	161.5	4.654	16.016	4.654	16.016	3.779	4.28	15.26
53	23.5	44	30	120	16x23x20	187.5	210.1	7.468	26.493	7.468	26.493	4.916	5.59	15.26

1N≒0.102kgf

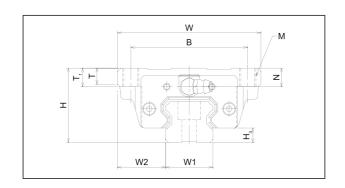






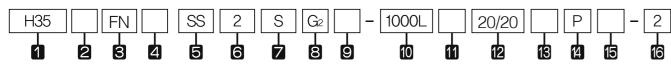
### H-FN...S Series, H-FL...S Series





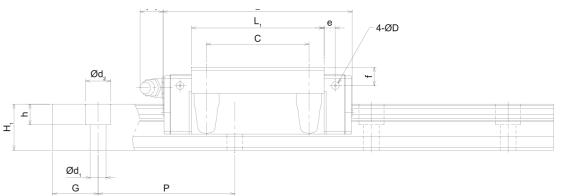
	Extern	al dime	nsions					Din	nensi	ons of	block					
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	В	С	М	Lı	Т	T <sub>1</sub>	N	Е	f	е	D	Grease nipple	Нз
H15FNS	24	47	56.5	38	30	M5	40.7	7	11	6.0	4.7	3.7	3.25	3.3	A-M5	4.5
H15FLS	24	47	64.8	38	30	M5	49.1	7	11	6.0	4.7	3.7	3.25	3.3	A-M5	4.5
H20FNS	30	63	73.2	53	40	M6	53.1	9.2	10	7.5	10.7	6.7	4.25	3.3	B-M6F	6.0
H20FLS	30	63	89.1	53	40	M6	69.0	9.2	10	7.5	10.7	6.7	4.25	3.3	B-M6F	6.0
H25FNS	36	70	83.2	57	45	M8	58.3	11.5	16	9.0	10.2	8	5	3.3	B-M6F	7.0
H25FLS	36	70	103.1	57	45	M8	78.2	11.5	16	9.0	10.2	8	5	3.3	B-M6F	7.0
H30FNS	42	90	99.3	72	52	M10	70.8	9.5	18	7.3	9.8	5	5.8	5.2	B-M6F	7.5
H30FLS	42	90	121.5	72	52	M10	93.0	9.5	18	7.3	9.8	5	5.8	5.2	B-M6F	7.5
H35FNS	48	100	111.8	82	62	M10	80.8	12.5	21	8.0	9.7	6.5	6.5	5.2	B-M6F	9.0
H35FLS	48	100	137.2	82	62	M10	106.2	12.5	21	8.0	9.7	6.5	6.5	5.2	B-M6F	9.0

### Composition of Model Name & Number



- 1 Model No.
- Material of block: No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- 3 Type of block: RN-Rectangular standard type / RL-Rectangular long type / FN-Flange standard type / FL-Flange long type
- 4 No symbol-Standard block / E-Special block specification
- Type of seal: No symbol-No seal / UU-End seal / SS-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal / DD-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal / ZZ-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper / KK-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper / UULF-End seal+LF seal / SSLF-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+LF seal / DDLF-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+LFseal / ZZLF-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper+LF seal / KKLF-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper+LF seal (\*1)
- 6 Number of blocks assembled in one shaft
- **Z** S-Spacer chain type
- Symbol of clearance: No symbol-Normal preload / G1-Light preload / G2-Heavy preload / Gs-Special preload (\*2)
- Material of end plate: No symbol Standard material / I Stainless / N Aluminum
- 10 Length of rail
- Material of rail: No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- Size of G value: standard G value has no symbol
- 13 No symbol-Rail counterbore type (top assembly) / A-Rail tap hole type (bottom assembly) (\*3)
- Symbol of precision: No symbol-Moderate / H-High / P-Precision / SP-Super precision / UP-Ultra precision (\*4)
- 15 No symbol-Standard rail / E-special rail specification
- 16 Number of axes used in the same plane

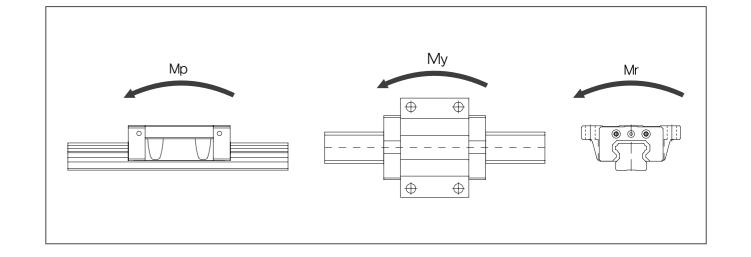
(\*1) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101. (\*2) See Radial Clearance at page 18. (\*3) See Standard Tap Hole Type of Rail at page 49. (\*4) See Selection of Precision Class at page 20.



Unit: mm

		Dime	nsion	s of rai	l	Basic loa	ad rating	Stat	ic allowa	ance mo	ment kN	۱·m	Ма	ISS
Width		Height		Pitch		С	Co	M	lp	M	1y	Mr	Block	Rail
W <sub>1</sub> ±0.05	W <sub>2</sub>	H <sub>1</sub>	G	Р	d1xd2xh	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
15	16	13	20	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	12.1	16.2	0.115	0.552	0.115	0.552	0.129	0.19	1.3
15	16	13	20	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	13.7	19.3	0.165	0.769	0.165	0.769	0.154	0.24	1.3
20	21.5	16.5	20	60	6x9.5x8.5	17.6	23.9	0.221	1.049	0.221	1.049	0.251	0.41	2.2
20	21.5	16.5	20	60	6x9.5x8.5	21.1	30.7	0.370	1.692	0.370	1.692	0.322	0.54	2.2
23	23.5	20	20	60	7x11x9	25.8	33.1	0.337	1.636	0.337	1.636	0.398	0.61	3.0
23	23.5	20	20	60	7x11x9	31.7	43.6	0.596	2.760	0.596	2.760	0.525	0.82	3.0
28	31	26	20	80	9x14x12	48	57.1	0.711	3.384	0.711	3.384	0.828	1.1	4.85
28	31	26	20	80	9x14x12	58	73.6	1.203	5.506	1.203	5.506	1.067	1.3	4.85
34	33	29	20	80	9x14x12	63.7	74.6	1.062	5.012	1.062	5.012	1.298	1.6	6.58
34	33	29	20	80	9x14x12	77.1	96.2	1.797	8.172	1.797	8.172	1.674	2.01	6.58

1N≒0.102kgf

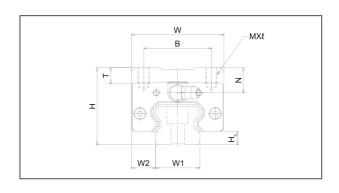






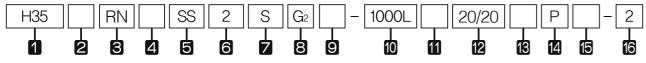
### H-RN...S Series, H-RL...S Series





	Externa	al dime	ensions				[	imer	nsions (	of blocl	K				
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	В	С	Mxl	L1	Т	N	Е	f	е	D	Grease nipple	Нз
H 15RNS	28	34	56.5	26	26	M4 x 5	40.7	6	10	4.7	7.7	3.25	3.3	A-M5	4.5
H 15RLS	28	34	64.8	26	26	M4 x 5	49.1	6	10	4.7	7.7	3.25	3.3	A-M5	4.5
H 20RNS	30	44	73.2	32	36	M5 x 6	53.1	8	7.5	10.7	6.7	4.25	3.3	B-M6F	6.0
H 20RLS	30	44	89.1	32	50	M5 x 6	69	8	7.5	10.7	6.7	4.25	3.3	B-M6F	6.0
H 25RNS	40	48	83.2	35	35	M6 x 8	58.3	8	13	10.2	12	5	3.3	B-M6F	7.0
H 25RLS	40	48	103.1	35	50	M6 x 8	78.2	8	13	10.2	12	5	3.3	B-M6F	7.0
H 30RNS	45	60	99.3	40	40	M8 x 10	70.8	8	10.3	9.8	8	5.8	5.2	B-M6F	7.5
H 30RLS	45	60	121.5	40	60	M8 x 10	93	8	10.3	9.8	8	5.8	5.2	B-M6F	7.5
H 35RNS	55	70	111.8	50	50	M8 x 12	80.8	10	15	9.7	13.5	6.5	5.2	B-M6F	9.0
H 35RLS	55	70	137.2	50	72	M8 x 12	106.2	10	15	9.7	13.5	6.5	5.2	B-M6F	9.0

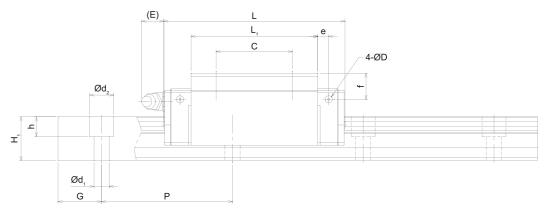
### Composition of Model Name & Number



- 1 Model No.
- 2 Material of block: No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- 3 Type of block: RN-Rectangular standard type / RL-Rectangular long type/ FN-Flange standard type / FL-Flange long type
- 4 No symbol-Standard block / E-Special block specification
- Type of seal: No symbol-No seal / UU-End seal / SS-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal / DD-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal / ZZ-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper / KK-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper / UULF-End seal+LF seal / SSLF-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+LF seal / ZZLF-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+LF seal / ZZLF-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper+LF seal / KKLF-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper+LF seal (\*1)
- 6 Number of blocks assembled in one shaft
- **Z** S-Spacer chain type
- Symbol of clearance: No symbol-Normal preload / G1-Light preload / G2-Heavy preload / Gs-Special preload (\*2)
- Material of end plate: No symbol Standard material / I Stainless / N Aluminum
- Length of rail
- Material of rail: No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- Size of G value: standard G value has no symbol
- No symbol-Rail counterbore type (top assembly) / A-Rail tap hole type (bottom assembly) (\*3)
- Symbol of precision: No symbol-Moderate / H-High / P-Precision / SP-Super precision / UP-Ultra precision (\*4)
- No symbol-Standard rail / E-special rail specification
- 16 Number of axes used in the same plane

(\*1) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101. (\*2) See Radial Clearance at page 18.

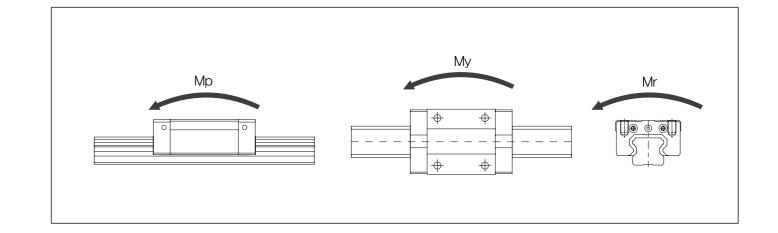
(\*3) See Standard Tap Hole Type of Rail at page 49. (\*4) See Selection of Precision Class at page 20.



Unit: mm

		Dime	nsion	s of rail		Basic loa	ad rating		Static allow	ance mo	ment kN·n	1	Ма	ass
Width	W <sub>2</sub>	Height	G	Pitch	dıxd2xh	С	Co		Мр	ا	Му	Mr	Block	Rail
W <sub>1</sub> ±0.05	VV2	H1	G	Р	uixuzxii	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
15	9.5	13	20	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	12.1	16.2	0.115	0.552	0.115	0.552	0.129	0.18	1.3
15	9.5	13	20	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	13.7	19.3	0.165	0.769	0.165	0.769	0.154	0.23	1.3
20	12	16.5	20	60	6x9.5x8.5	17.6	23.9	0.221	1.049	0.221	1.049	0.251	0.31	2.2
20	12	16.5	20	60	6x9.5x8.5	21.1	30.7	0.370	1.692	0.370	1.692	0.322	0.41	2.2
23	12.5	20	20	60	7x11x9	25.8	33.1	0.337	1.636	0.337	1.636	0.398	0.53	3.0
23	12.5	20	20	60	7x11x9	31.7	43.6	0.596	2.760	0.596	2.760	0.525	0.71	3.0
28	16	26	20	80	9x14x12	48	57.1	0.711	3.384	0.711	3.384	0.828	0.9	4.85
28	16	26	20	80	9x14x12	58	73.6	1.203	5.506	1.203	5.506	1.067	1.1	4.85
34	18	29	20	80	9x14x12	63.7	74.6	1.062	5.012	1.062	5.012	1.298	1.5	6.58
34	18	29	20	80	9x14x12	77.1	96.2	1.797	8.172	1.797	8.172	1.674	2.01	6.58

1N≒0.102kgf









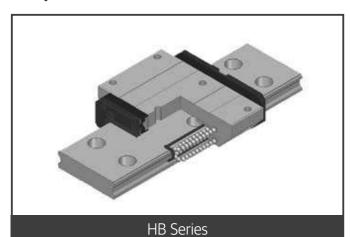
### 3. Wide Linear Motion Guide HB Series

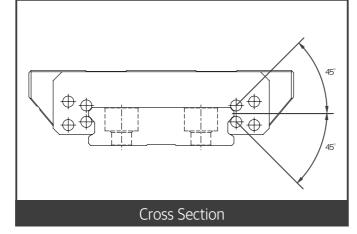
### 1) Structure of HB Series

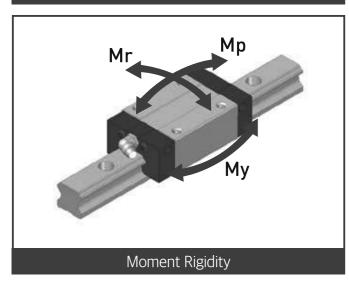
WON Wide Linear Motion Guide HB Series has a four-row circular arc-groove structure in the raceway groove of a rail or block. In addition, it has a 4-direction equal load type in which it can bear equal load rating for vertical compression load, tensile load, and horizontal load as its ball as a rolling element is combined at 45 degree. Therefore, the model reduces friction resistance and ensures smooth motion and long life. Since the model has a wide and short rail, moment works only with one shaft in a narrow space. It is applicable to place that requires high rigidity.

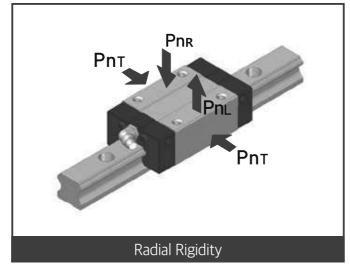
### 2) Features of HB Series

- a. High quality, high precision, and elimination of labor.
- b. High rigidity and high precision for implementing stable travel precision for a long time.
- c. Excellent wear resistance and friction resistance that ensure a long life.
- d. The face-to-face duplex structure just like the D/F combination of ball bearing, excellent at auto-adjusting and error-absorbing.
- e. A higher quantity of balls than that of H Series; higher rigidity and wider rail; sufficient moment working only with one shaft



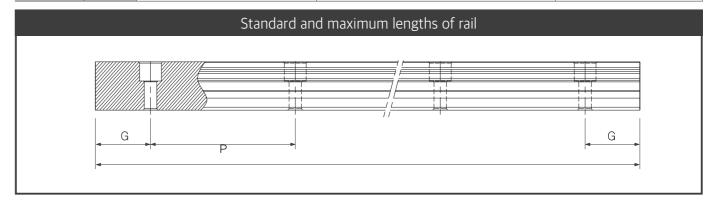






### Types and Features

Category	Туре	Shape & Feature	
Flange type	НВ-Ғ	<ul> <li>A general type with the tap-proce ssed flange of a block, supporting installation from bottom to top and from top to bottom</li> <li>4-direction equal load type with high rigidity and high load</li> </ul>	Electric spark machine Loader CNC lathe Industrial robot Semiconductor display manufacturing
Compact type	HB-R	<ul> <li>A compact type with the tap-processed top of a block and without flange</li> <li>4-direction equal load type with high rigidity and high load</li> </ul>	equipment  Measuring equipmentWafer transfer equipment  Construction equipment  Railway vehicle



Unit: mm

Model No.	HB17	HB21	HB27	HB35
	110	130	160	280
	230	230	280	440
	350	380	400	680
	470	480	640	840
Standard length	550	530	880	1000
	:	i i	i i	i .
	1990	1930	3820	3800
		1980	3880	3960
			3940	
Standard pitch P	40	50	60	80
G	15	15	20	20
Max. length	20	00	40	00

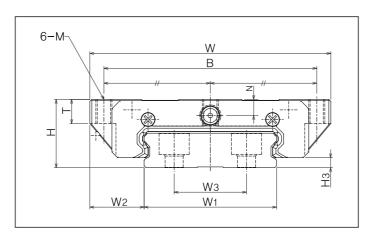






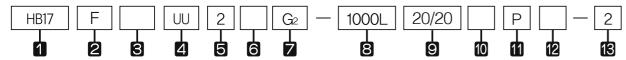
### **HB-F Series**





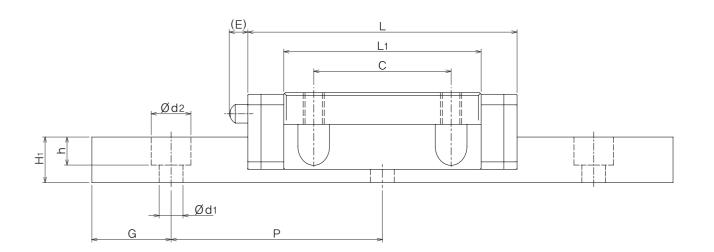
	Extern	nal dimen	sions				Dimens	ions of	block			
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	В	С	М	L <sub>1</sub>	Т	N	E	Grease nipple	Нз
HB17F	17	60	51	53	26	M4	37.4	6	4	3.5	A-Ø3	2.5
HB21F	21	68	59	60	29	M5	45.4	8	5	3.5	A-Ø3	3.3
HB27F	27	80	72.5	70	40	M6	54.7	10	6	10.3	B-M6F	3.5
HB35F	35	120	105.3	107	60	M8	82.1	14	7.6	10.3	B-M6F	4

### Composition of Model Name & Number



- 1 Model No.
- 2 Type of block : F-Flange standard type / R-Rectangular standard type
- 3 No symbol-Standard block / E-Special block specification
- Type of seal: No symbol-No seal / UU-End seal / SS-End seal+ Inside seal / ZZ-End seal+ Inside seal+ Metal scraper/ UULF -End seal+ LF seal / SSLF-End seal+ Inside seal+ Metal scraper + LF seal (\*1)
- **5** Number of blocks assembled in one shaft
- 6 No symbol-Full ball type
- Symbol of clearance: No symbol-Normal preload / G1-Light preload / G2-Heavy preload / Gs-Special preload (\*2)
- 8 Length of rail
- **9** Size of G value: standard G value has no symbol
- 10 No symbol-Rail counterbore type (top assembly)
- 11 Symbol of precision: No symbol-Moderate / H-High / P-Precision / SP-Super precision / UP-Ultra precision (\*3)
- 12 No symbol-Standard rail / E-special rail specification
- 13 Number of axes used in the same plane

(\*1) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101. (\*2) See Radial Clearance at page 18. (\*3) See Selection of Precision Class at page 20.

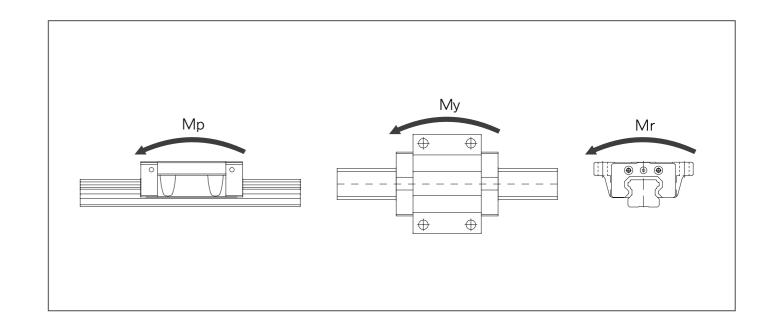


Unit: mm

		Dim	ensio	ns of	rail		Basic rat	load ing	Sta	tic allow	ance m	oment kl	٧·m	Ma	ass
Width			Height		Pitch		С	Co	1	<b>И</b> р		Му	Mr	Block	Rail
W <sub>1</sub> 0 -0.05	W <sub>2</sub>	Wз	H <sub>1</sub>	G	P	d1xd2xh	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
33	13.5	18	8.6	15	40	4.5×7.5×5.3	7.3	12.2	0.081	0.381	0.081	0.381	0.205	0.15	1.9
37	15.5	22	11	15	50	4.5×7.5×5.3	8.4	14.8	0.119	0.547	0.119	0.547	0.278	0.24	2.9
42	19	24	15	20	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	15.3	24.8	0.239	1.114	0.239	1.114	0.527	0.47	4.5
69	25.5	40	19	20	80	7x11x9	33.9	53.2	0.773	3.528	0.773	3.528	1.851	1.40	9.6

1N≒0.102kgf

67



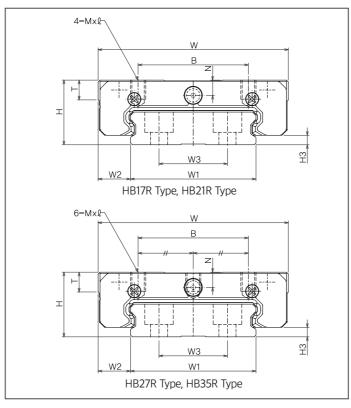






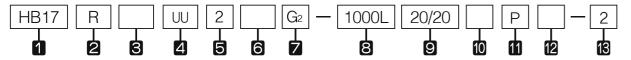
### **HB-R Series**





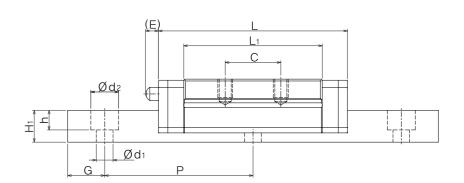
	Exterr	nal dimer	nsions			Di	mensior	ns of blo	ock			
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	В	С	ΜΧℓ	Lı	Т	N	E	Grease nipple	Нз
HB17R	17	50	51	29	15	M4 X 5	37.4	5.2	4	3.5	A-Ø3	2.5
HB21R	21	54	59	31	19	M5 X 6	45.4	8	5	3.5	A-Ø3	3.3
HB27R	27	62	72.5	46	32	M6 X 6	54.7	10	6	10.3	B-M6F	3.5
HB35R	35	100	105.3	76	50	M8 X 8	82.1	14	7.6	10.3	B-M6F	4

### Composition of Model Name & Number



- 1 Model No.
- Type of block: F-Flange standard type / R-Rectangular standard type
  No symbol-Standard block / E-Special block specification
- Type of seal: No symbol-No seal / UU-End seal / SS-End seal+ Inside seal / ZZ-End seal+ Inside seal+ Metal scraper / UULF -End seal+ LF seal / SSLF-End seal+ Inside seal+ LF seal / ZZLF-End seal+ Inside seal+ Metal scraper+ LF seal (\*1)
- **5** Number of blocks assembled in one shaft
- 6 No symbol-Full ball type
- Symbol of clearance: No symbol-Normal preload / G1-Light preload / G2-Heavy preload / Gs-Special preload (\*2)
- 8 Length of rail
- **9** Size of G value: standard G value has no symbol
- 10 No symbol-Rail counterbore type (top assembly)
- Symbol of precision: No symbol-Moderate / H-High / P-Precision / SP-Super precision / UP-Ultra precision (\*3)
  No symbol-Standard rail / E-special rail specification
- Number of axes used in the same plane

(\*1) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101. (\*2) See Radial Clearance at page 18. (\*3) See Selection of Precision Class at page 20.

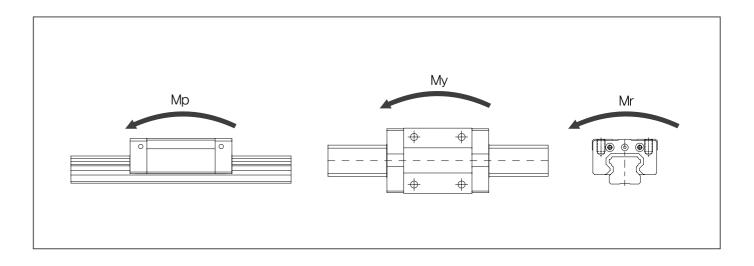


Unit: mm

		Dim	ensior	ns of	rail			load ing	Sta	tic allowa	ance mo	oment kN	·m	Ма	ISS
Width			Height		Pitch		С	Co		Мр	ı	Му	Mr	Block	Rail
W <sub>1</sub> 0 -0.05	W <sub>2</sub>	Wз	H1	G	Р	d1xd2xh	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
33	8.5	18	8.6	15	40	4.5×7.5×5.3	7.3	12.2	0.081	0.381	0.081	0.381	0.205	0.13	1.9
37	8.5	22	11	15	50	4.5×7.5×5.3	8.4	14.8	0.119	0.547	0.119	0.547	0.278	0.19	2.9
42	10	24	15	20	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	15.3	24.8	0.239	1.114	0.239	1.114	0.527	0.36	4.5
69	15.5	40	19	20	80	7x11x9	33.9	53.2	0.773	3.528	0.773	3.528	1.851	1.20	9.6

1N≒0.102kgf

69











#### 4. Slim Linear Motion Guide S Series

#### 1) Structure of S Series

Linear Motion Guide S Series has a four-row circular arc-groove structure and a 4-direction equal load type. It also has an auto-adjusting face-to-face D/F structure. Using a ball as a rolling element, the model is a slim-type guide with a low sectional height, high rigidity and less noise.

#### 2) Features of S Series

- a. High quality, high precision, and elimination of labor.
- b. High rigidity and high precision for implementing stable travel precision for a long time.
- c. Excellent wear resistance and friction resistance that ensure a long life.
- d. The face-to-face duplex structure just like the D/F combination of ball bearing, excellent at auto-ad justing and error-absorbing.
- e. Various specifications for easy design.
- f. Easy to use due to high compatibility of rail and block.
- g. 4-direction equal load and high-rigidity structure.
- h. A slim shape suitable for horizontal motion, ensuring stable running.

#### 5. Slim Spacer Chain Linear Motion Guide S...S Series

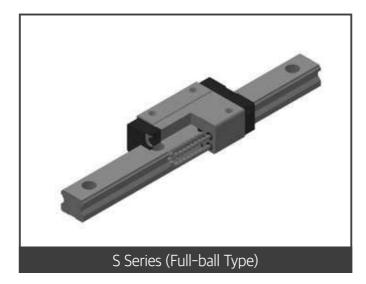
#### 1) Structure of S...S Series

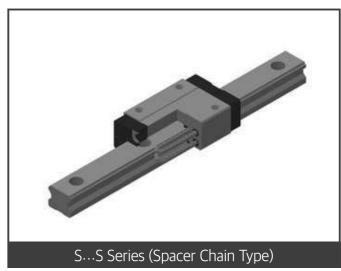
Like S Series, Linear Motion Guide S...S Series has the 4-direction equal load type and auto-adjusting face-to-face D/F structure. It uses a ball as a rolling element and has a spacer between balls to prevent them from colliding each other in rolling motion. Since it makes less noise and more stable circulating motion than a full-ball type, it is possible to implement quiet running at high speed. In addition, the spacer can serve as a pocket of a lubricant.

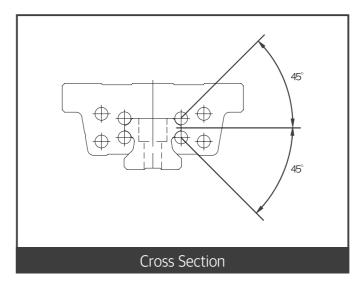
#### 2) Features of S...S Series

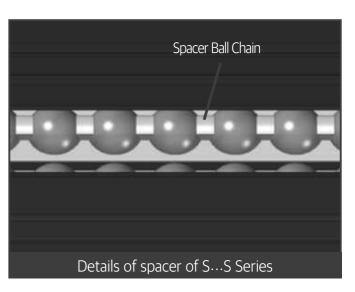
- a. As a spacer-incorporated type that improves frictional properties and prevents the collision of balls, the model not only allows stable circulating motion and smooth running but also reduces noise.
- b. Since a resin spacer is applied to the model, it is possible to prevent the collision of balls and the loss of oil film, and to generate less particles and dust.
- c. High quality, high precision, and elimination of labor.
- d. High rigidity and high precision for implementing stable travel precision for a long time.
- e. Excellent wear resistance and friction resistance that ensure a long life.
- f. The face-to-face duplex structure just like the D/F combination of ball bearing, excellent at auto-ad justing and error-absorbing.
- g. Various specifications for easy design.
- h. Easy to use due to high compatibility of rail and block.

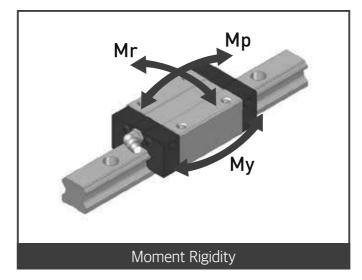
## Slim Linear Motion Guide S, S...S Series

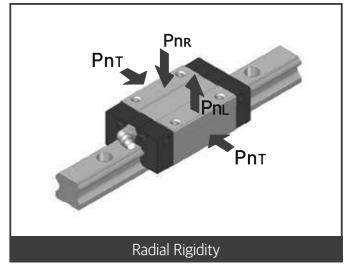












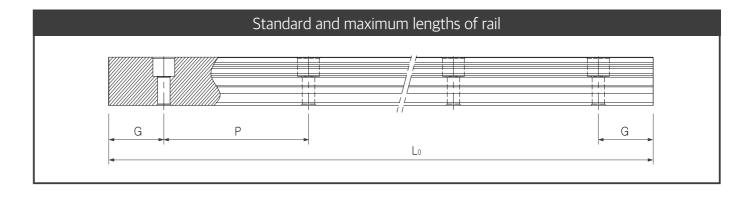






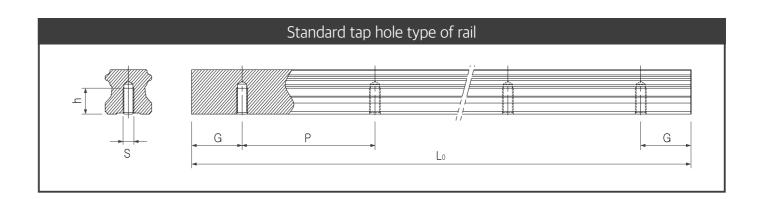
#### **Types and Features**

Types and		Chana 9 Fastium	
Category	Type	Shape & Feature	
Compact	S-RC S-RCS	<ul> <li>A slim type with the tap-pro cessed top of a block, minimizing the width(W) and height(H) of a block</li> <li>4-row circular structure and 4-di rection equal load type with 45° contact angle</li> <li>S Series are types with a spacer retain er helping to reduce ball-to-ball friction and generate less noise and dust</li> </ul>	Cartesian coordi- nated robot Linear actuator
type	S-RN S-RNS	<ul> <li>The same cross section as in S-RC Series; a slim type with the in creased load rating by enlarging the entire length (L1) of a block</li> <li>4-row circular structure and 4-di rection equal load type with 45° contact angle</li> <li>S Series are types with a spacer retain er helping to reduce ball-to-ball friction and generate less noise and dust</li> </ul>	Automation system Semiconductor & display manufacturing system LED inspection equipment Dispenser equipment
Flange	S-FC S-FCS	<ul> <li>A slim type with the tap-pro cessed top of a block, minimizing the width(W) and height(H) of a block</li> <li>4-row circular structure and 4-di rection equal load type with 45° contact angle</li> <li>S Series are types with a spacer retain er helping to reduce ball-to-ball friction and generate less noise and dust</li> </ul>	Medical Equipment High-speed transport system Woodworking machine Take-out robot Small machine tool
type	S-FN S-FNS	<ul> <li>The same cross section as in S-RC Series; a slim type with the in creased load rating by enlarging the entire length (L1) of a block</li> <li>4-row circular structure and 4-di rection equal load type with 45° contact angle</li> <li>S Series are types with a spacer retain er helping to reduce ball-to-ball friction and generate less noise and dust</li> </ul>	Laser processor Precision measurement equipment



Unit: mm

Model No.	S15	S20	S25		
	160	160	220		
	220	220	280		
	280	280	340		
	:	340	400		
Standard length	1360	:	460		
	1480	1960	:		
	1600	2080	2200		
		2200	2320		
			2440		
Standard pitch P	60	60	60		
G	20	20	20		
Max. length		4000			



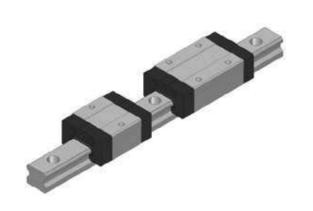
Model No.	S	h(mm)
S15	M5	8
S20	M6	10
S25	M6	12

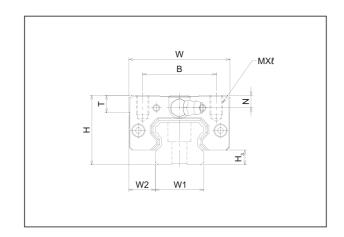






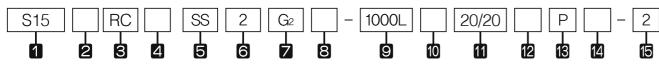
## S-RC Series, S-RN Series





	Extern	al dime	nsions				[	Dime	nsio	ns o	f block	(			
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	В	С	Mxl	Lı	Т	N	Ε	f	е	D	Grease nipple	Нз
S15RC	24	34	39.8	26	-	M4x6	24.0	6	6	4.7	3.7	3,25	3,3	A-M5	1 E
S15RN	24	54	56.5	20	26	IVI4XO	40.7	0	0	4.7	3.7	3.23	3.3	A-IVI3	4.5
S20RC	28	42	47.8	32	-	M5x7	27.6	7.5	5.5	10.7	4.7	4.25	3.3	B-M6F	6
S20RN	20	42	66.8	32	32	IVIOX7	46.7	7.5	5.5	10.7	4.7	4.25	5.5	D-INIOL	O
S25RC	33	10	59.4	35	-	M6x8	34.4	8	6	10.2	5	5	3.3	B-M6F	7
S25RN	33	48	83.2	33	35	IVIOXO	58.2	0	0	10.2	3	3	5.5	D-IVIOF	/

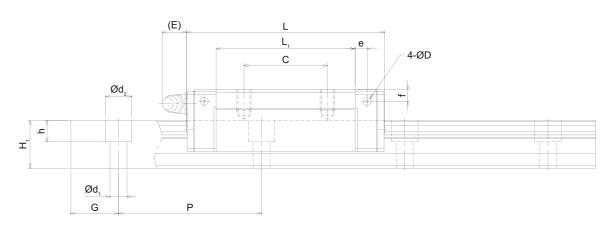
#### Composition of Model Name & Number



- 1 Model No.
- 2 Material of block : No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- 3 Type of block: RC-Rectangular short type / RN-Rectangular standard type / FC-Flange short type/ FN-Flange standard type
- 4 No symbol-Standard block / E-Special block specification
- Type of seal: No symbol-No seal / UU-End seal / SS-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal / DD-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal / ZZ -End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper / KK-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper / UULF-End seal+LF seal / SSLF-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+LF seal / DDLF-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+LF seal / ZZLF-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper+LF seal / KKLF-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper+LF seal (\*1)
- **6** Number of blocks assembled in one shaft
- Symbol of clearance: No symbol-Normal preload / G1-Light preload / G2-Heavy preload / Gs-Special preload (\*2)
- Material of end plate: No symbol Standard material / I Stainless / N Aluminum
- 9 Length of rail
- Material of rail: No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- Size of G value: standard G value has no symbol
- No symbol-Rail counterbore type (top assembly) / A-Rail tap hole type (bottom assembly) (\*3)
- Symbol of precision: No symbol-Moderate / H-High / P-Precision / SP-Super precision / UP-Ultra precision (\*4)
- 14 No symbol-Standard rail / E-special rail specification
- Number of axes used in the same plane

(\*1) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101. (\*2) See Radial Clearance at page 18.

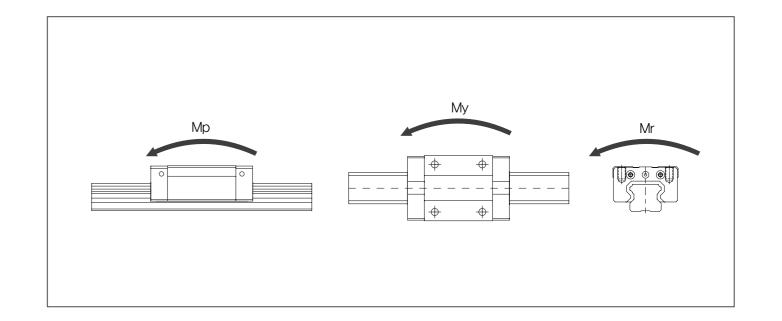
(\*3) See Standard Tap Hole Type of Rail at page 67. (\*4) See Selection of Precision Class at page 20.



Unit: mm

		Dimen	sions c	of rail			load	Sta	atic allowa	nce mo	ment kN	m	Mass	
Width	W <sub>2</sub>	Height			daydayb	С	Co	ا	Мр	ı	Му	Mr	Block	Rail
W <sub>1</sub> ±0.05	VV2	H <sub>1</sub>	G	Р	U1XU2XII	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
15	9.5	13	20	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	9.0	10	0.042	0.224	0.042	0.224	0.079	0.096	1.3
15	9.5	13	20			12.6	16.2	0.115	0.552	0.115	0.552	0.129	0.156	1.3
20	11	16.5	20	60	GVO EVO E	12.0	13.1	0.063	0.342	0.063	0.342	0.137	0.153	2,2
20		10.5	20	60	6x9.5x8.5	16.8	21.2	0.173	0.838	0.173	0.838	0.223	0.246	Z.Z
22	12.5	20	20	0 60 7x11x9	7x11x9	19.2	20.4	0.123	0.670	0.123	0.670	0.246	0.254	2.0
23	12.5	20	0 20 60			27.0	33.1	0.337	1.636	0.337	1.636	0.398	0.413	3.0

1N≒0.102kgf

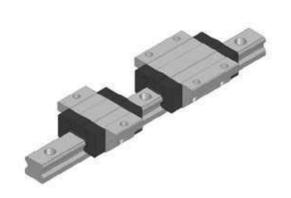


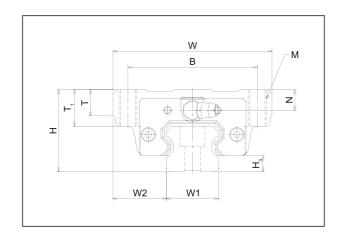






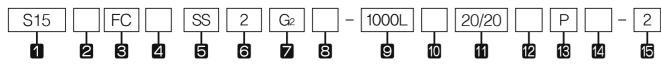
## S-FC Series, S-FN Series





			ensions					Di	mens	ions (	of bloc	k				
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	В	С	М	L <sub>1</sub>	Т	T <sub>1</sub>	N	Ε	f	е	D	Grease nipple	Нз
S15FC	24	52	39.8	41	-	M5	24.0	6	7	6	4.7	3.7	3,25	3.3	A-M5	4.5
S15FN	24	52	56.5	41	26	IVIS	40.7	0	/	O	4.7	5.7	5.25	5.5	A-IVIS	4.5
S20FC	28	59	47.8	49	-	M6	27.6	8	9	5.5	10.7	4.7	4.25	3.3	B-M6F	6
S20FN	20	59	66.8	49	32	IVIO	46.7	0	9	5.5	10.7	4.7	4.25	5.5	D-IVIOF	0
S25FC	33	73	59.4	60	-	M8	34.4	9	10	6	10.2	5	5	3.3	B-M6F	7
S25FN	55	/3	83.2	00	35	IVIO	58.2	9	10	O	10.2	3	5	5.5	D-IVIOF	,

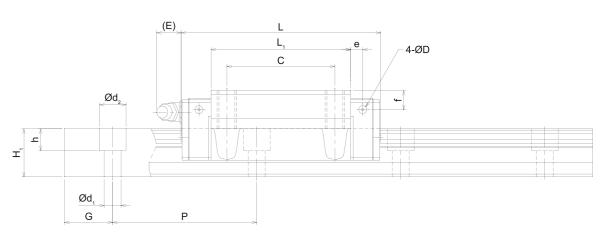
#### Composition of Model Name & Number



- 1 Model No.
- 2 Material of block : No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- 3 Type of block: RC-Rectangular short type / RN-Rectangular standard type / FC-Flange short type/ FN-Flange standard type
- 4 No symbol-Standard block / E-Special block specification
- Type of seal: No symbol-No seal / UU-End seal / SS-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal / DD-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal / ZZ -End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper / KK-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper / UULF-End seal+LF seal / SSLF-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+LF seal / DDLF-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+LF seal / ZZLF-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper+LF seal / KKLF-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper+LF seal (\*1)
- **6** Number of blocks assembled in one shaft
- Symbol of clearance: No symbol-Normal preload / G1-Light preload / G2-Heavy preload / Gs-Special preload (\*2)
- Material of end plate: No symbol Standard material / I Stainless / N Aluminum
- 9 Length of rail
- Material of rail: No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- Size of G value: standard G value has no symbol
- No symbol-Rail counterbore type (top assembly) / A-Rail tap hole type (bottom assembly) (\*3)
- Symbol of precision: No symbol-Moderate / H-High / P-Precision / SP-Super precision / UP-Ultra precision (\*4)
- 14 No symbol-Standard rail / E-special rail specification
- Number of axes used in the same plane

(\*1) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101. (\*2) See Radial Clearance at page 18.

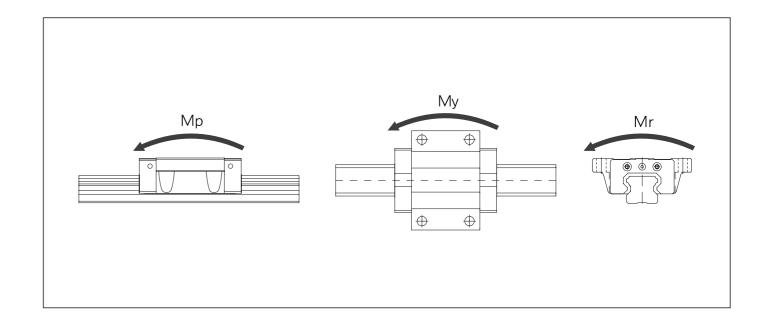
(\*3) See Standard Tap Hole Type of Rail at page 67. (\*4) See Selection of Precision Class at page 20.



Unit: mm

		Dimensi	ions (	of rail		Basic rati		Sta	atic allowa	ance mo	ment kN	·m	Ма	SS	
Width	W <sub>2</sub>	Height	G	Pitch	d1xd2xh	С	Co	ı	Мр		Му	Mr	Block	Rail	
W <sub>1</sub> ±0.05	VV2	H <sub>1</sub>	9	Р	UIXUZXII	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m	
15	18.5	13	20	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	9.0	10	0.042	0.224	0.042	0.224	0.079	0.125	1.3	
IJ	10.5	15	20	60		12.6	16.2	0.115	0.552	0.115	0.552	0.129	0.203	1.3	
20	19.5	16.5	20	60	GVO EVO E	12.0	13.1	0.063	0.342	0.063	0.342	0.137	0.187	2.2	
20	19.5	10.5	20	60	6x9.5x8.5	16.8	21.2	0.173	0.838	0.173	0.838	0.223	0.301	2.2	
22	25.0	20	20	0 60	7,11,0	19.2	20.4	0.123	0.670	0.123	0.670	0.246	0.320	2.0	
23	25.0	20	20		60 7x11x9	7x11x9	7x11x9	27.0	33.1	0.337	1.636	0.337	0.163	0.398	0.527

1N≒0.102kgf

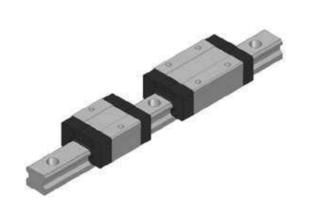


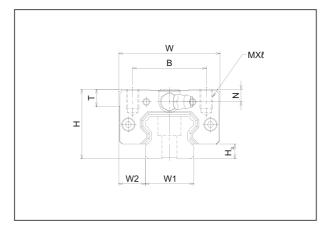






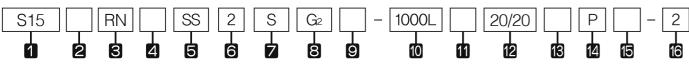
## S-RC...S Series, S-RN...S Series





	Extern	al dime	nsions					Dime	:NSION	S OF BLO	CK				
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	В	С	Mxl	L <sub>1</sub>	Т	N	E	f	е	D	Grease nipple	Нз
S15RCS	24	34	39.8	26	-	MAVE	24.0	6	6	4.7	3.7	3.25	3.3	A N/E	1 E
S15RNS	24	54	56.5	20	6 26 M4x6	40.7	0	0	4.7	3.7	3.23	5.5	A-M5	4.5	
S20RCS	28	42	47.8	32	-	MEVZ	27.6	7.5	5.5	10.7	4.7	4.25	3.3	B-M6F	6
S20RNS	20	42	66.8	52	32	M5x7	46.7	7.5	5.5	10.7	4.7	4.25	5.5	D-IVIOF	0
S25RCS	22	33 48	59.4	25	- M6x9	34.4	8	6	10.2	5	5	3.3	B-M6F	7	
S25RNS	33		83.2	<del></del> 35 ⊦	35	IVIOX9	58.2	0	0	10.2	3	3	5.5	D-IVIOF	/

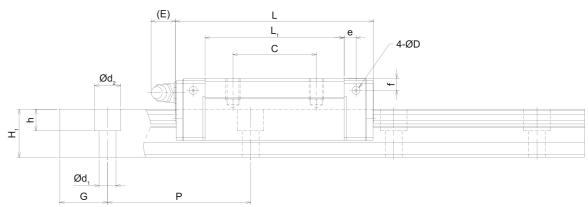
#### Composition of Model Name & Number



- 1 Model No.
- 2 Material of block : No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- 3 Type of block: RC-Rectangular short type / RN-Rectangular standard type / FC-Flange short type/ FN-Flange standard type
- 4 No symbol-Standard block / E-Special block specification
- 5 Type of seal: No symbol-No seal / UU-End seal / SS-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal / DD-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal / ZZ -End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper / KK-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper / UULF-End seal+LF seal / SSLF-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+LF seal / DDLF-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+LF seal / ZZLF-End seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper+LF seal / KKLF-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper+LF seal (\*1)
- 6 Number of blocks assembled in one shaft
- **7** S-Spacer chain type
- 8 Symbol of clearance: No symbol-Normal preload / G1-Light preload / G2-Heavy preload / Gs-Special preload (\*2)
- Material of end plate: No symbol Standard material / I Stainless / N Aluminum
- 10 Length of rail
- Material of rail: No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- Size of G value: standard G value has no symbol
- No symbol-Rail counterbore type (top assembly) / A-Rail tap hole type (bottom assembly) (\*3)
- Symbol of precision: No symbol-Moderate / H-High / P-Precision / SP-Super precision / UP-Ultra precision (\*4)
  No symbol-Standard rail / E-special rail specification
  (\*4) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*4) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101 (\*3) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at pag
- 16 Number of axes used in the same plane

(\*1) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101. (\*2) See Radial Clearance at page 18.

(\*3) See Standard Tap Hole Type of Rail at page 67. (\*4) See Selection of Precision Class at page 20.

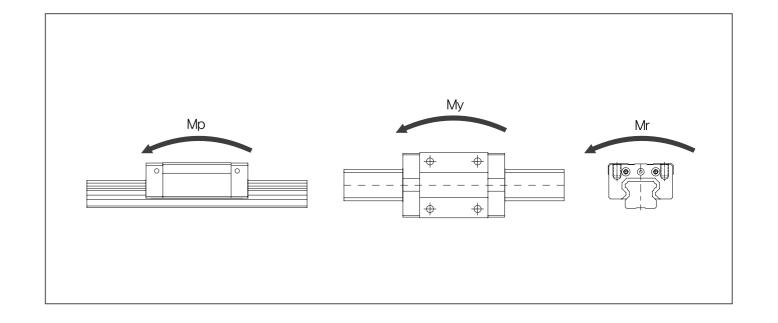


Unit: mm

		Dimen	sions c	of rail		Basic rat	load	Sta	atic allowa	ince mo	ment kN ·	m	Mass	
WIDTH	W <sub>2</sub>	Height	G	Pitch	d1xd2xh	C Co			Мр	ı	Иy	Mr	Block	Rail
W <sub>1</sub> ±0.05	VV2	Hı	G	Р	U1XU2XII	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
15	O.E.	13	20	) 60	4.5x7.5x5.3	8.3	10	0.042	0.224	0.042	0.224	0.079	0.096	1 2
15	9.5	15	20	00		12.1	16.2	0.115	0.552	0.115	0.552	0.129	0.156	1.3
20	11	16 F	20	60	GVO EVO E	11.1	13.1	0.063	0.342	0.063	0.342	0.137	0.153	2.2
20	11	16.5	20	60	6x9.5x8.5	16.1	21.2	0.173	0.838	0.173	0.838	0.223	0.246	2.2
22	12 E	20	20	) 60 7x11x9	7,11,0	17.9	20.4	0.123	0.670	0.123	0.670	0.246	0.254	2.0
23	12.5	20	20   60		25.8	33.1	0.337	1.636	0.337	1.636	0.398	0.413	3.0	

1N≒0.102kgf

79

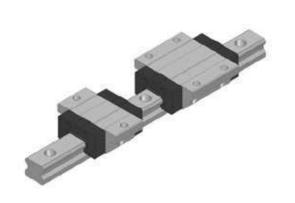


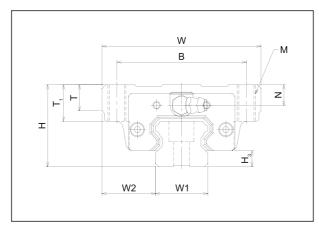






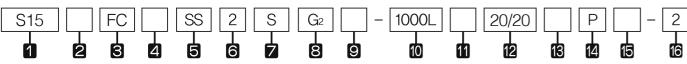
## S-FC...SSeries, S-FN...SSeries





	Extern	al dim	ensions					Di	men	sion	s of bl	ock				
Model No.	HEIGHT H	Width W	LENGTH L	В	С	М	L <sub>1</sub>	Т	<b>T</b> 1	N	Е	f	e	D	Grease nipple	Нз
S15FCS	24	52	39.8	41	-	M5	24.0	6	7	6	4.7	3.7	3,25	3.3	A-M5	4.5
S15FNS	24	52	56.5	41	26	IVIO	40.7	0	/	0	4.7	5.7	5.25	5.5	A-IVI3	4.5
S20FCS	28	59	47.8	49	-	M6	27.6	8	9	5.5	10.7	4.7	4.25	3,3	B-M6F	6
S20FNS	20	29	66.8	49	32	IVIO	46.7	0	9	5.5	10.7	4./	4.25	5.5	D-IVIOF	0
S25FCS	22	72	59.4	60	-	MO	34.4	0	10	6	10.2	Е	5	2.2	B-M6F	7
S25FNS	33	3 73	83.2	60	35	M8	58.2	58.2	10	0	10.2	5	3	3.3	D-IVIOF	/

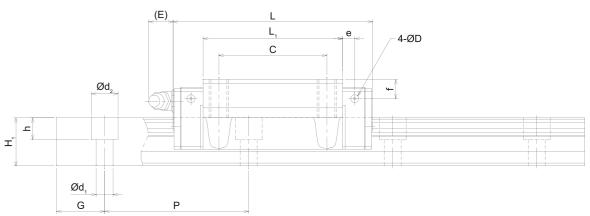
#### Composition of Model Name & Number



- 1 Model No.
- 2 Material of block : No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- 3 Type of block: RC-Rectangular short type / RN-Rectangular standard type / FC-Flange short type/ FN-Flange standard type
- 4 No symbol-Standard block / E-Special block specification
- 5 Type of seal: No symbol-No seal / UU-End seal / SS-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal / DD-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal / ZZ-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper / KK-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper / UULF-End seal+LF seal / SSLF-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+LF seal / DDLF-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+LF seal / ZZLF-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper+LF seal / KKLF-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper+LF seal (\*1)
- 6 Number of blocks assembled in one shaftled in one shaft
- **7** S-Spacer chain type
- 8 Symbol of clearance: No symbol-Normal preload / G1-Light preload / G2-Heavy preload / Gs-Special preload (\*2)
- Material of end plate: No symbol Standard material / I Stainless / N Aluminum
- 10 Length of rail
- 11 Material of rail: No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- Size of G value: standard G value has no symbol
- No symbol-Rail counterbore type (top assembly) / A-Rail tap hole type (bottom assembly) (\*3)
- Symbol of precision: No symbol-Moderate / H-High / P-Precision / SP-Super precision / UP-Ultra precision (\*4)
  No symbol-Standard rail / E-special rail specification
- 16 Number of axes used in the same plane

(\*1) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101. (\*2) See Radial Clearance at page 18.

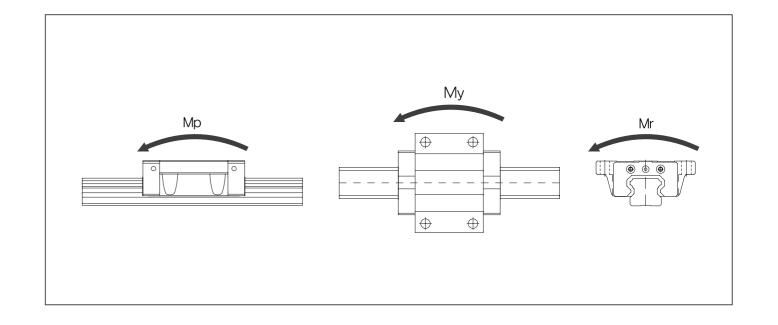
(\*3) See Standard Tap Hole Type of Rail at page 67. (\*4) See Selection of Precision Class at page 20.



Unit: mm

	ı	Dimensio	ons c	of rail		Basic rat	load	Sta	atic allowa	nce mo	ment kN	m	Mass		
WIDTH	W <sub>2</sub>	Height H1	G	Pitch	d1xd2xh	С	Co		Мр	ı	Му	Mr	Block	Rail	
W <sub>1</sub> ±0.05	VV2	Ηĭ	G	Р	U1XU2XII	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m	
15	18.5	13	20	60	1 Ev7 EvE 2	8.3	10	0.042	0.224	0.042	0.224	0.079	0.125	1.3	
15	16.5	15	20	60	4.5×7.5×5.3	12.1	16.2	0.115	0.552	0.115	0.552	0.129	0.203	1.5	
20	10 E	16.5	20	60	6x9.5x8.5	11.1	13.1	0.063	0.342	0.063	0.342	0.137	0.187	2.2	
20	19.5	0.01	20	60	0,000.000	16.1	21.2	0.173	0.838	0.173	0.838	0.223	0.301	2.2	
22	25.0	20	20	C0	60 7x11x9	17.9	20.4	0.123	0.670	0.123	0.670	0.246	0.320	2.0	
23	25.0	20	20	60		7x11x9	7x11x9	25.8	33.1	0.337	1.636	0.337	1.636	0.398	0.527

1N≒0.102kgf

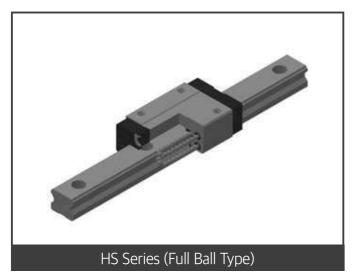


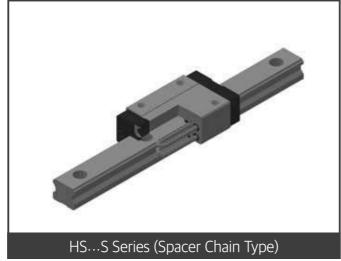


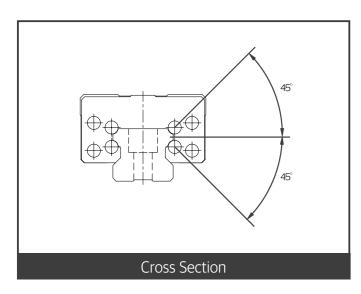


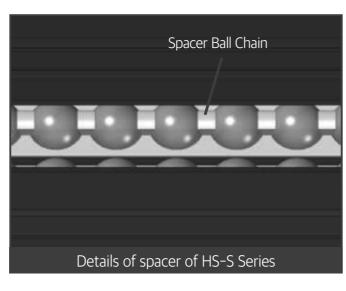


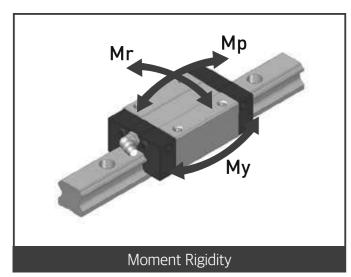
## 6. Slim Linear Motion Guide HS, HS...S Series

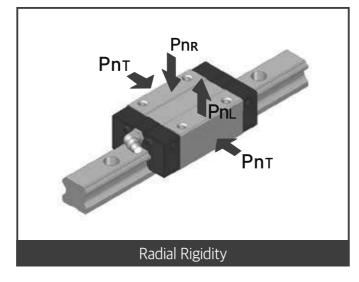


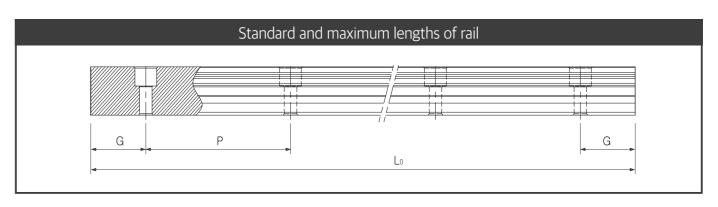






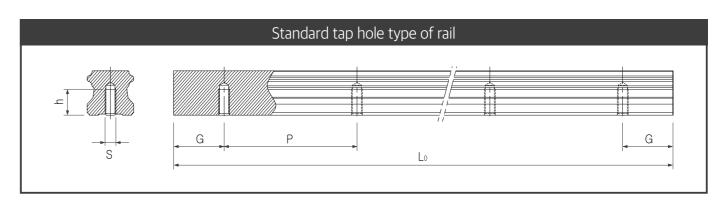






Unit:mm

Model No.	HS25	HS30	HS35	HS45	HS55					
	220	280	440	570	780					
	340	360	520	675	900					
	400	440	600	780	1020					
	i i	520	760	885	:					
Standard length	2200	:	840		2820					
	2320	2520	÷	2880	2940					
	2440	2680	2840	2985	3060					
		2840	2920	3090						
			3000							
Standard pitch P	60	80	80	10.5	120					
G	20	20	20	22.5	30					
Max. length	4000									



Model No.	S	h(mm)
HS25	M6	12
HS30	M8	15
HS35	M8	17
HS45	M12	24
HS55	M14	24

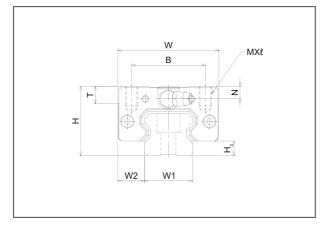






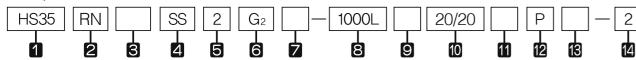
## **HS-RN Series**, **HS-RL Series**



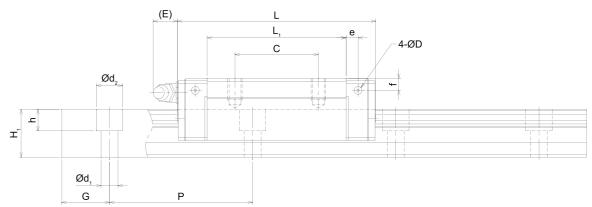


	External dimensions			Dimensions of block											
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	В	С	Mxl	Lı	Т	N	E	f	e	D	Grease nipple	Нз
HS25RN	20	40	83.2	25	35	MCVC F	58.3	0	0	10.2	0	Г	2.2	D MCE	7
HS25RL	36	48	103.1	35	50	M6x6.5	78.2	8	9	10.2	8	5	3.3	B-M6F	7
HS30RN	42	60	99.3	40	40	M8x8	70.8	8	8.2	9.8	5.9	5.8	5.2	B-M6F	7
HS30RL	42	60	121.5	40	60	IVIOXO	93	0	0.2	9.6	5.9	5.0	5.2	D-IVIOF	/
HS35RN	10	70	111.8	50	50	M0v10	80.8	15	10	0.7	0 E	6.5	E 2	B-M6F	7.5
HS35RL	48	70	137.2	50	72	M8x10	106.2	15	10	9.7	8.5	6.5	5.2	D-IVIOF	7.5

#### Composition of Model Name & Number



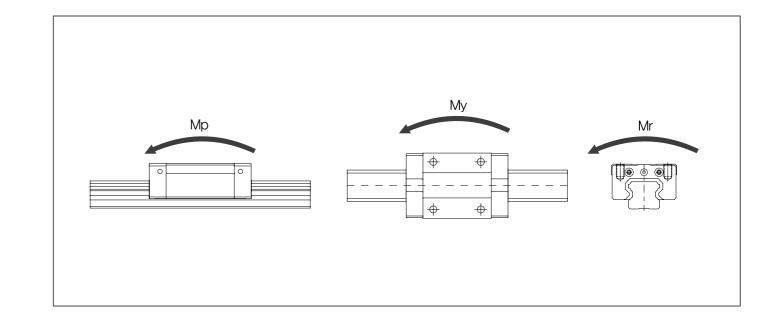
- 1 Model No.
- 2 Type of block: RC-Rectangular short type / RN-Rectangular standard type / FC-Flange short type/ FN-Flange standard type
- 3 No symbol-Standard block / E-Special block specification
- Type of seal: No symbol-No seal / UU-End seal / SS-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal / DD-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal / ZZ-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper / KK-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper / UULF-End seal+LF seal / SSLF-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+LF seal / DDLF-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+LF seal / ZZLF-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+ZZLF-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+ZZLF-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+ZZLF-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+ZZLF-End seal+Side sea
- seal+Metal scraper+LF seal / KKLF-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper+LF seal (\*1)
- 6 Number of blocks assembled in one shaft
- Symbol of clearance: No symbol-Normal preload / G1-Light preload / G2-Heavy preload / Gs-Special preload (\*2)
- 8 Material of end plate: No symbol Standard material / I Stainless / N Aluminum
- 9 Length of rail
- Material of rail: No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- 11 Size of G value: standard G value has no symbol
- No symbol-Rail counterbore type (top assembly) / A-Rail tap hole type (bottom assembly) (\*3)
- Symbol of precision: No symbol-Moderate / H-High / P-Precision / SP-Super precision / UP-Ultra precision (\*4)
- 14 No symbol-Standard rail / E-special rail specification
  - Number of axes used in the same plane
- (\*1) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101. (\*2) See Radial Clearance at page 18.
- (\*3) See Standard Tap Hole Type of Rail at page 77. (\*4) See Selection of Precision Class at page 20.



		٠.			
ш	In	ıŧ	•	m	ın

Dimensions of rail				Basic rati	load	Static allowance moment kN·m					Mass				
Width	W <sub>2</sub>	Height	G	Pitch	d1xd2xh	С	Co		Мр	ı	Иy	Mr	Block	Rail	
W <sub>1</sub> ±0.05	VVZ	H <sub>1</sub>	J	Р	ulxu2xII	UIAUZAII	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
าา	12.5	20	20		7,11,0	27.0	33.1	0.337	1.636	0.337	1.636	0.398	0.53	2.0	
23	12.5	20	20	60	7x11x9	32.8	43.6	0.596	2.760	0.596	2.760	0.525	0.71	3.0	
20	10	25.1	20	00	0.14.141	50.4	57.1	0.711	3.384	0.711	3.384	0.828	0.9	4.05	
28	16	25.1	20	80	9x14x14.1	60.3	73.6	1.203	5.506	1.203	5.506	1.067	1.1	4.85	
24	10	27	20	00	0.14.12	67.0	74.6	1.062	5.012	1.062	5.012	1.298	1.5	C F0	
34	18 27 20 80	20 80 9x14x13		80.2	96.2	1.797	8.172	1.797	8.172	1.674	2.01	6.58			

1N≒0.102kgf



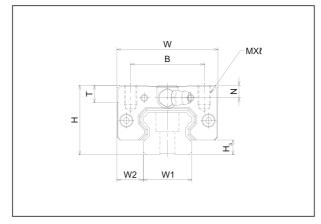






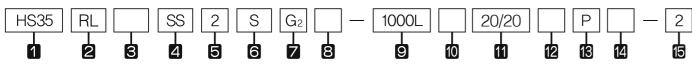
## HS-RN...S Series, HS-RL...S Series



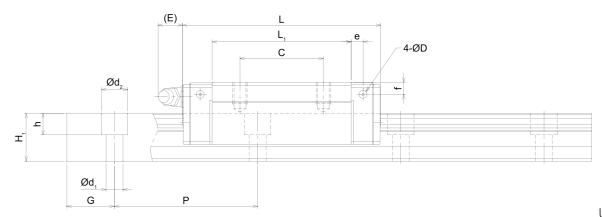


	Extern	al dime	ensions		Dimensions of block										
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	В	С	M×l	Lı	Т	N	E	f	е	D	Grease nipple	Нз
HS25RNS	20	40	83.2	25	35	MC <sub>V</sub> C F	58.3	0	0	10.2	0	Г	2.2	D MCE	7
HS25RLS	36	48	103.1	35	50	M6x6.5	78.2	8	9	10.2	8	5	3.3	B-M6F	7
HS30RNS	42	60	99.3	40	40	MOVO	70.8	0	0.2	0.0	ΕO	ΕO	E 2	D MCL	7
HS30RLS	42	60	121.5	40	60	M8x8	93	8	8.2	9.8	5.9	5.8	5.2	B-M6F	7
HS35RNS	10	70	111.8	ΕO	50	M0v10	80.8	10	10	0.7	8.5	6.5	F 2	D MCL	7.5
HS35RLS	48 70	137.2	50	0   M8x10		106.2	15 10		10   9.7		6.5	5.2	B-M6F	7.5	

#### Composition of Model Name & Number



- 1 Model No.
- 2 Type of block: RC-Rectangular short type / RN-Rectangular standard type / FC-Flange short type/ FN-Flange standard type
- 3 No symbol-Standard block / E-Special block specification
- 4 Type of seal: No symbol-No seal / UU-End seal / SS-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal / DD-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal / ZZ -End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper / KK-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper / UULF-End seal+LF seal / SSLF-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+LF seal / DDLF-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+LF seal / ZZLF-End seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper+LF seal / KKLF-Double seal+Side seal+Inner seal+Metal scraper+LF seal (\*1)
- **5** Number of blocks assembled in one shaft
- 6 No symbol-Full ball type / S-Spacer chain type
- Symbol of clearance: No symbol-Normal preload / G1-Light preload / G2-Heavy preload / Gs-Special preload (\*2)
- 8 Material of end plate: No symbol Standard material / I Stainless / N Aluminum
- 9 Length of rail
- Material of rail: No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- Size of G value: standard G value has no symbol
- No symbol-Rail counterbore type (top assembly) / A-Rail tap hole type (bottom assembly) (\*3)
- Symbol of precision: No symbol-Moderate / H-High / P-Precision / SP-Super precision / UP-Ultra precision (\*4)
- No symbol-Standard rail / E-special rail specification
  Number of axes used in the same plane
- (\*1) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101. (\*2) See Radial Clearance at page 18.
- (\*3) See Standard Tap Hole Type of Rail at page 77. (\*4) See Selection of Precision Class at page 20.

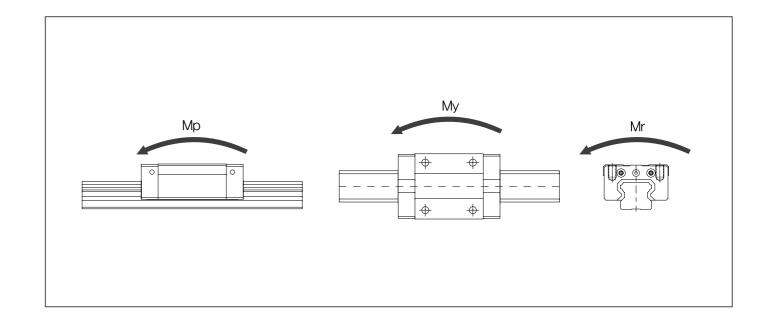


Unit: mm

Dimensions of rail					Basic rat	load	Static allowance moment kN·m					Mass		
Width	W <sub>2</sub>	Height	G	Pitch	d1xd2xh	С	Co		Мр		<b>М</b> у	Mr	Block	Rail
W <sub>1</sub> ±0.05	VVZ	H <sub>1</sub>	J	Р	UIXUZXII	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
าา	12.5	20	20		7,11,0	25.8	33.1	0.337	1.636	0.337	1.636	0.398	0.53	2.0
23	12.5	20	20	60	7x11x9	31.7	43.6	0.596	2.760	0.596	2.760	0.525	0.71	3.0
20	10	25.1	20	00	0.14.14.1	48.0	57.1	0.711	3.384	0.711	3.384	0.828	0.9	4.05
28	16	25.1	20	80	9x14x14.1	58.0	73.6	1.203	5.506	1.203	5.506	1.067	1.1	4.85
2.4	10	27	20	90	0.14.12	63.7	74.6	1.062	5.012	1.062	5.012	1.298	1.5	6 50
34	4   18   27   20   80	80	9x14x13	77.1	96.2	1.797	8.172	1.797	8.172	1.674	2.01	6.58		

1N≒0.102kgf

87











#### 7. Miniature Linear Motion Guide M Series

#### 1) Structure of M Series

WON Miniature Linear Motion Guide M Series has a shape of a gothic-arch groove in the raceway of a rail and a block and a 4-direction equal type structure with 2-row 4-point contact balls at 45 degree. This model, though small-sized, supports stable travel and high rigidity for variable load or complex load under which a direction or size changes.

#### 2) Features of M Series

- a. A compact and highly-rigid 4-direction equal load type.
- b. A variety of specifications in consideration of space and load rating in order for easy design.
- c. It is convenient to maintain balls at the time of block-rail assembly, for a block has the wire to prevent ball separation built in.
- d. This model made of stainless steel is resistant for rust. Therefore, it is suitable in a rust-resistive environment or the cleanroom that inhibits generation of particles.

#### 8. Wide Miniature Linear Motion Guide MB Series

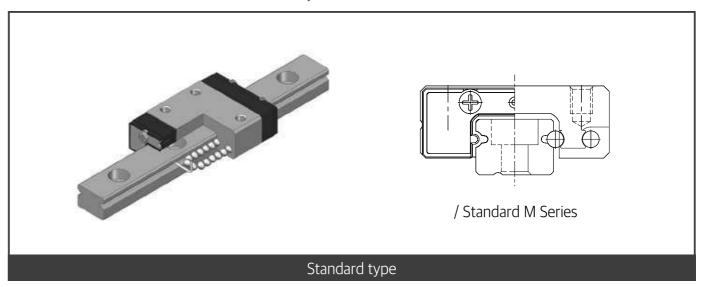
#### 1) Structure of MB Series

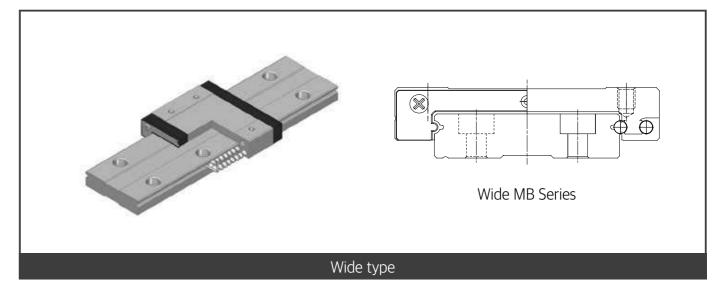
Like M Series, WON Miniature Linear Motion Guide MB Series has the 4-direction equal load type. As its rail and block get widened, the model improves basic load rating and moment load compared to M Series.

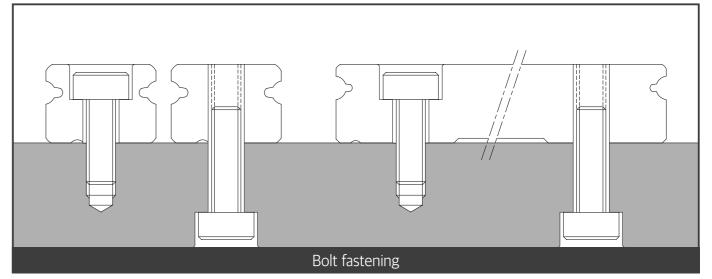
#### 2) Features of MB Series

- a. Wide block and rail, an increased number of effective balls, and improved load rating and moment load.
- b. Wider than a general type of miniature linear motion guide, increased rigidity, and very favorable in the use of one axis.
- c. A compact and highly-rigid 4-direction equal load type.
- d. A variety of specifications in consideration of space and load rating in order for easy design.
- e. It is convenient to maintain balls during block-rail assembly, for a block has the wire to prevent ball separation.
- f. This model made of stainless steel is resistant for rust. Therefore, it is suitable in a rust-resistive environment or the cleanroom that inhibits generation of particles. (The bearing steel materials for MB 12 and MB 15 are reserved.)

#### Miniature Linear Motion Guide M, MB Series







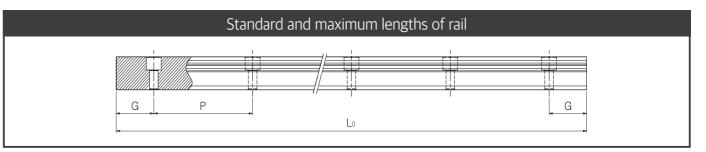






## Types and Features

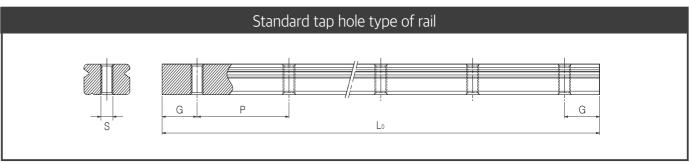
Catagory			Chana 0 Faature	
Category	Type M-C		Shape & Feature	
Compact type	M-N	0 0 0	Standard Type of Miniature Linear Motion Guide  The bearing steel materials for M12 and M15 (MT12, MT15) are available	Semiconductor inspection equipment Semiconductor assembly
	M-L			equipment Display inspection Head-axis LED inspection equipment Pneumatic
	MB-C MBT-C		- Wider block (W) and longer total	machinery Table cylinder Automation machinery Medical equipment Smart actuator
Flange type	MB-N MBT-N		length (L1) than M Series; highly-rig id and wide type with improved load rating and allowance moment  The bearing steel materials for MB12 and MB15 (MBT12, MBT15) are available	Cartesian coordinated robot UVW stage
	MB-L MBT-L		Паріє	



Unit:mm

Model No.	M5	M7	М9	M12	MT12	M15	MT15	M20
	40	40	55	70	70	70	70	220
	55	55	75	95	95	110	110	280
	70	70	95	120	120	150	150	340
	•	:	115	145	145	190	190	460
Standard type	100	100	:	170	170	230	230	:
туре	130	130	275	:	:	:	:	1120
	160	160	375	570	570	670	670	1240
			495	695	695	870	870	1360
				820	820	1070	1070	
Standard maxi- mum length	1000	1000	995	995	1995	1990	1990	1960
Standard pitch P	15	15	20	25	25	40	40	60
G	5	5	7.5	10	10	15	15	20
Maximum length	1000						00	

						U	11111 - 1111111
MB5	MB7	MB9	MB12	MBT12	MBT13	MB15	MBT15
50	50	50	70	70	110	110	110
70	80	80	110	110	150	150	150
90	110	110	150	150	190	190	190
:	:	140	190	190	230	230	230
130	260	:	230	230	270	270	270
150	290	500	:	:	:	•••	
170	350	710	590	590	750	750	750
		860	750	750	790	790	790
			910	910	910	910	910
990	980	2000	1990	1990	1990	1990	1990
20	30	30	40	40	40	40	40
5	10	10	15	15	15	15	15
10	00	2000					



Model No.	S(Penetrated)
M5	M2.6
M7	M3
M9	M4
M12 / MT12	M4
M15 / MT15	M4
M20	M6

Model No.	S(Penetrated)
MB5	M3
MB7	M4
MB9	M4
MB12 / MBT12	M5
MBT13	M5
MB15 / MBT15	M5

## **WON**

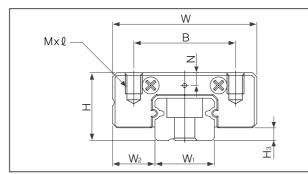












(\*1) The material of carbon steel is confined to M12-M20 (\*2) See Symbol List of Optional parts at page 101

(\*4) See Standard Tap Hole Type of Rail at page 85

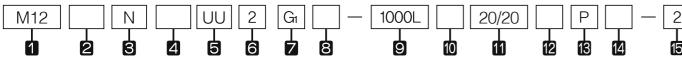
(\*5) See Selection of Precision Class at page 22

(\*3) See Radial Clearance at page 18

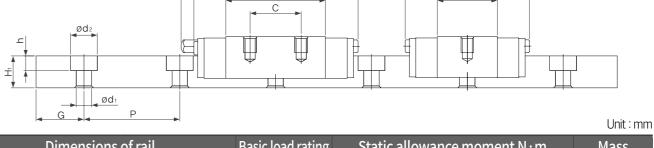
	Exterr	nal dime	nsions			Dimens	ions of bl	ock			
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	В	С	M×Q	Lı	N	E	Grease nipple	Нз
M 5C			17	8	_	M2 x 1.5	9.4				
M 5N	6	12	20				12.4	1 <u>.</u> 2	_	_	1
M 5NA					7	M2.6 × 1.5					
M 7C			19 <u>.</u> 8		_		9 <u>.</u> 6				
M 7N	8	17	24.3	12	8	M2 x 2.5	14.1	1 <u>.</u> 5	_	_	1.5
M 7L		17	31 <u>.</u> 8	12	13	1VIZ X Z.O	21.6	1.0			1.0
M7LA			31 <u>.</u> 0		12		20.8				
M 9C			22.4		_		11 <u>.</u> 8				
M 9N	10	20	31 <u>.</u> 3	15	10	M3 x 3	20.7	2 <u>.</u> 2	_	_	2
M9L	10	20	41.4	10	16	IVIO X O	30.8	_ <u>_</u> _			
M9LA			41.4		15		30.0				
M 12C			26.4		_		12.8				
M 12N	13	27	34.9	20	15	M3 x 3 <u>.</u> 5	21.3	2.7	_	_	3
M 12L			45.4		20		31.8				
M 15C			34.4		_		17.7				
M 15N	16	32	44.4	25	20	M3 x 4	27.7	3.1	3.3	A-M3	4
M 15L			59.4		25		42.7				
M 20 C			39.8		_		22.2				
M 20 N	20	40	51 <u>.</u> 8	30	25	M4 x 6	34.2	4 <u>.</u> 2	3.3	A-M3	5
M 20 L			69.8		30		52.2				

\* The carbon steel materials based rails for M12 and M15 (MT12, MT15) are reserved.

#### Composition of Model Name & Number



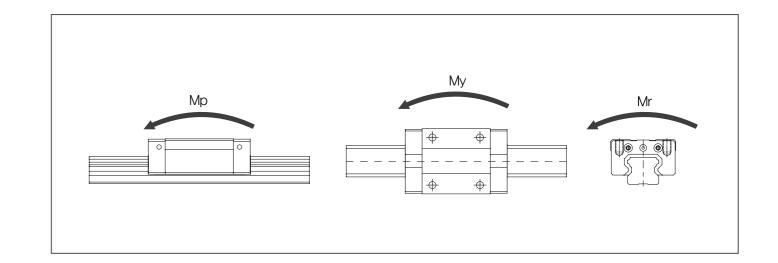
- 1 Model No.
- 2 Material of block : No symbo-Stainless / T-Carbon steel (\*1)
- **3** Type of block : C-Short type/ N-Standard type / L-Long type
- 4 No symbol-Standard block / E-Special block specificatio
- **5** Type of seal: UU-End seal / UULF-End seal+ LF seal (\*2)
- 6 Number of blocks combined in one axis
- Symbol of clearance: No symbol-Normal preload / G1-Light preload (\*3)
- 8 Material of end plate: No symbol-Standard material / I Stainless / N Aluminum
- 9 Length of rail
- 10 Material of rail: No symbol-Stainless / T-Carbon steel
- 11 Size of G value: Standard G value has no symbol
- No symbol-Rail counterbore type (top assembly) / A-Rail tap hole type (bottom assembly) (\*4)
- 3 Symbol of precision: No symbol-Moderate / H-High / P-Precision (\*5)
- 14 No symbol-Standard rail /E-Special rail specification
- Number of axes used in the same plane



				· · · ·			1	0.						
		Dimen:	sions	of rail		Basic loa	ad rating	Sta	tic allow	ance m	oment N	١٠m	Ma	SS
Width	147	Height		Pitch		C	Co	M	lp 💮	M	<b>l</b> y	Mr	Block	Rail
W <sub>1</sub> ±0.05	W <sub>2</sub>	Hi	G	Р	d <sub>1</sub> xd <sub>2</sub> xh	C N	N	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
0						516	757	1.3	7.1	1.3	7.1	2.01	3.1	
5 -0.02	3.5	3.7	5	15	2.4x3.6x0.8	631	1,009	2,2	11.6	2.2	11.6	2.67	4.0	139
						901	1,136	1.9	11.8	1.9	11.8	4.14	6.4	
7 -0.02	5	5	5	15	2.4x4.2x2.3	1,197	1,703	4.2	23.1	4.2	23.1	6.22	9.0	253
′ -0.02	5	)	5	15	Z.4X4.2X2.3	1,631	2,650	10.1	50.0	10.1	50.0	9.67	12.6	200
						1,549	2,460	10.1	30.0	10.1	30.0	9.07	12.0	
_						1,180	1,485	3.1	17.9	3.1	17.9	6.90	9.9	
0	5.5	6	7.5	20	3.5x6x3.5	1,721	2,545	9.3	46.6	9.3	46.6	11.84	17.1	391
9 -0.02	J <u>.</u> J		7.0	20	0,0000,0	2,375	4,030	21.9	102.8	21.9	102,8	18.74	25.2	001
0						2,175	2,385	5.4	32.9	5.4	32.9	14.79	19.8	
12_0.025	7.5	8	10	25	3.5×6.5×4.5	3,023	3,816	14.4	75.8	14.4	75.8	23.66	31.5	679
0.020						4,246	6,200	34.8	169.1	34.8	169.1	38.44	45.9	
0						3,418	3,895	12.2	71.6	12.2	71.6	29.99	37.8	
15 <sub>-0.025</sub>	8 <u>.</u> 5	10	15	40	3.5×6.5×4.5	4,540	5,842	28.6	148.7	28.6	148.7	44.99	57.6	1071
0.023						6,492	9,737	73.5	351.2	73.5	351.2	74.98	85.5	
0						4,512	5,299	20.7	115.9	20.7	115.9	54.05	80.1	
200.03	10	11	20	60	6×9.5×5.5	6,191	8,328	50.2	252.7	50.2	252.7	84.94	119.7	1572
0.03						8,396	12,870	118.6	554.4	118.6	554.4	131.27	176.4	

1N≒0<u>.</u>102kgf

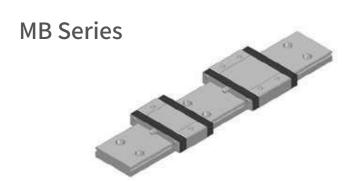
93

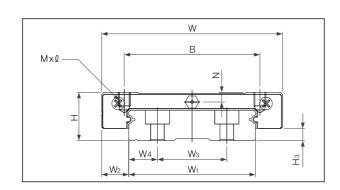












(\*1) The material of carbon steel is confined to M12-M20

(\*2) See Symbol List of Optional parts at page 101

(\*4) See Standard Tap Hole Type of Rail at page 85

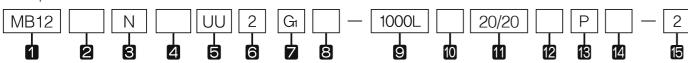
(\*5) See Selection of Precision Class at page 22

(\*3) See Radial Clearance at page 18

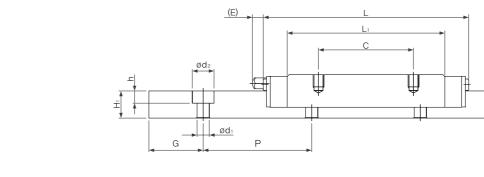
	Exterr	al dime	nsions			Dimens	ions of bl	ock			
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	В	С	Mxl	L <sub>1</sub>	N	E	Grease nipple	Нз
MB 5C	6.5	17	21	13		M2,5 x 1,5	13 <u>.</u> 4	1.4	_	_	1.3
MB 5N	0.5	17	25	10		1012.5 X 1.5	17 <u>.</u> 4	1,44			1.0
MB 7C			24				12.6				
MB 7N	9	25	33	19	10	M3 x 3	21.6	1.7	_	_	2
MB 7L			43 <u>.</u> 5		19		32.1				
MB 9C			28.1	21			16.5				
MB 9N	12	30	40.2	۷۱	12	M3 x 3	28.6	3.2	_	_	3
MB 9L			52	23	24		40.4				
MB 12C			31.1				17.5				
MB 12N	14	40	44.5	28	15	M3 x 3 <u>.</u> 5	30 <u>.</u> 9	3	_	_	4
MB 12L			59.7		28		46.1				
MBT 13C			35.3		_		18.7				
MBT 13N	15	50	49.2	35	18	M4 x 4.5	32.6	3.1	3.3	A-M3	3
MBT 13L			68.6		35		52				
MB 15C			42.8		_		25.2				
MB 15N	16	60	56.6	45	20	M4 x 4 <u>.</u> 5	39	3.5	3.3	A-M3	4
MB 15L			75.8		35		58.2				

\*\*The carbon steel materials based rails for M12 and M15 (MT12, MT15) are reserved. \*\*As for MBT13, only carbon steel is prepared.

#### Composition of Model Name & Number



- 1 Model No.
- Material of block : No symbo-Stainless / T-Carbon steel (\*1)
- 3 Type of block : C-Short type/ N-Standard type / L-Long type
- 4 No symbol-Standard block /E-Special block specificatio
- Type of seal: UU-End seal / UULF-End seal+ LF seal (\*2)
- 6 Number of blocks combined in one axis
- Symbol of clearance: No symbol-Normal preload / G1-Light preload (\*3)
- 8 Material of end plate: No symbol-Standard material / I Stainless / N Aluminum
- 9 Length of rail
- 10 Material of rail: No symbol-Stainless / T-Carbon steel
- 11 Size of G value: Standard G value has no symbol
- No symbol-Rail counterbore type (top assembly) / A-Rail tap hole type (bottom assembly) (\*4)
- 3 Symbol of precision: No symbol-Moderate / H-High / P-Precision (\*5)
- No symbol-Standard rail / E-Special rail specification
- Number of axes used in the same plane

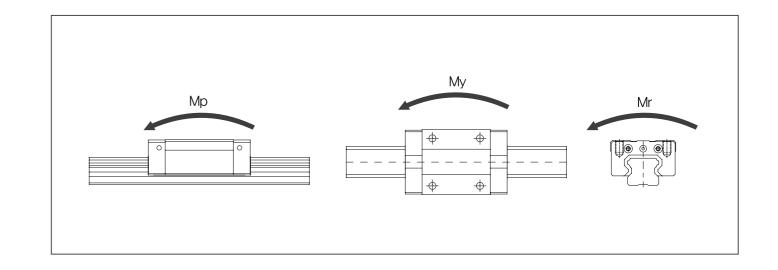


Unit: mm

		Dir	nens	sions	of r	ail		Basic lo	ad rating	Stat	ic allow	ance mo	ment k	N∙m	Ma	SS
Width W <sub>1</sub> ±0.05	W <sub>2</sub>	W <sub>3</sub>	W <sub>4</sub>	Height <b>H</b> 1	G	Pitch P	d1xd2xh	C kN	Co kN	1 block	p Double blocks	1 block	y Double blocks	Mr 1 block	Block kg	Rail kg/m
10 <sub>-0.025</sub>	3.5	_	_	4	5	20	29x48x16	668 806	1,094 1,430	2.6 4.4	13.3 21.4	2.6 4.4	13.3 21.4	5.63 7.36	5.3 6.8	299
0 14 <sub>-0.05</sub>	5.5	_	_	5.5	10	30	3.5x6x3.2	1,102 1,631 2,166	1,514 2,650 3,975	3.4 10.1 22.5	19.5 51.1 106.1	3.4 10.1 22.5	19.5 51.1 106.1	10.83 18.95 28.42	11.7 18.9 27.9	560
0 18 <sub>-0.05</sub>	6	_	_	7	10	30	3.5x6x4.5	1,515 2,197 2,878	2,121 3,606 5,303	6.2 18.2 37.8	33.4 87.6 172.9	6,2 18,2 37,8	33.4 87.6 172.9	19.41 33.00 48.52	23.4 39.6 54.9	912
0 24 <sub>-0.05</sub>	8	_	_	8 <u>.</u> 5	15	40	4.5x8x4.5	2,753 4,015 5,539	3,339 5,723 9,062	10.3 31.2 73.8	57.3 152.2 338.7	10.3 31.2 73.8	57.3 152.2 338.7	40.73 69.83 110.56	40.5 68.4 99.9	1369
30_0_0	10	_	_	9	15	40	4.5x8x4.5	3,694 5,457 7,576	4,351 7,599 12,142	14.3 43.7 111.5	82.8 219.3 517.4	14.3 43.7 111.5	82.8 219.3 517.4	66.1 115.5 184.6	60.0 103.8 165.5	2086
0 42 <sub>-0.05</sub>	9	23	9 <u>.</u> 5	9 <u>.</u> 5	15	40	4.5x8x4.5	4,954 6,579 9,076	6,056 9,085 14,384	26.9 62.5 147.8	145.3 306.5 680.6	26.9 62.5 147.8	145.3 306.5 680.6	128.40 192.60 304.94	85.5 126.0 183.6	2886

1N≒0.102kgf

95









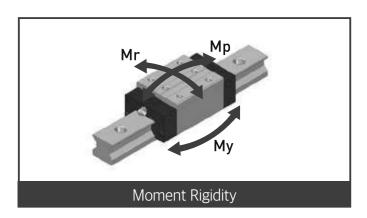
#### 9. Roller Linear Motion Guide R Series

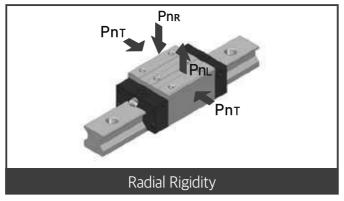
#### 1) Structure of R Series

WON Linear Motion Guide R Series uses the roller in the raceway surface of a rail and a block as a rolling element, and its four-row cylindrical roller has the contact angle of 45° which makes it possible to bears vertical tensile compression load and horizontal load equally. In the model, a roller, a rolling element, has less elastic displacement than a ball so that its displacement by external load is low. Due to the wide area of contact between the raceway surface and a roller, it can bear high load with high rigidity. Therefore, the model has a long life span, and excellent impact resistance and wear resistance. In addition, since it has less friction resistance, it supports smooth motion and quiet running. By imposing appropriate preload on a roller according to use conditions, it is possible to enhance more rigidity of a linear motion guide.

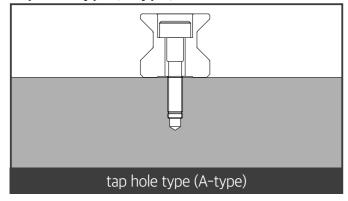
#### 2) Features of R Series

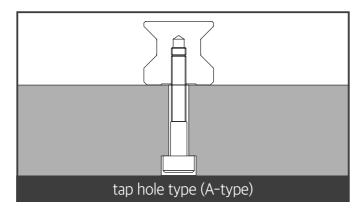
- a. High quality, high precision, and elimination of labor
- b. High rigidity and high precision for implementing stable travel precision for a long time
- c. Excellent wear resistance and friction resistance that ensure a long life
- d. High rigidity and high load capacity, compared to ball type devices with the same model number
- e. Low displacement for impact load or variable load, compared to ball type linear motion guides; excellent vibration resistance with a short vibration decay time for natural frequency
- f. High basic load rating, compared to ball type linear motion guides with the same specification, makes it possible to support a compact design through the use of a smaller model number than that of a ball type device. In case of the same model number, it is possible to have a longer life span due to high load rating.
- g. A variety of specifications for easy design

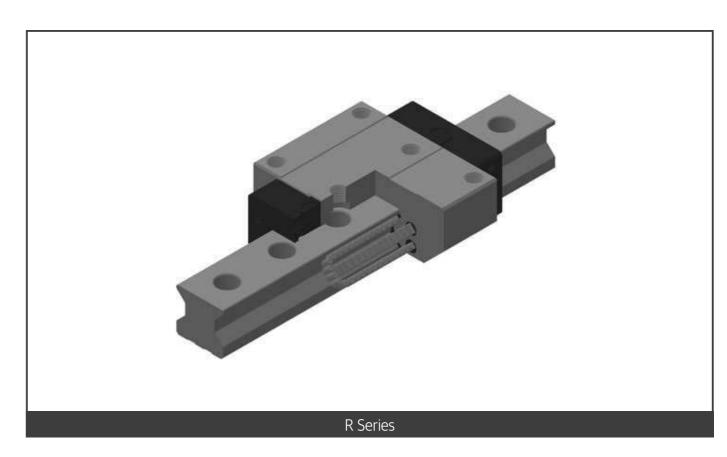


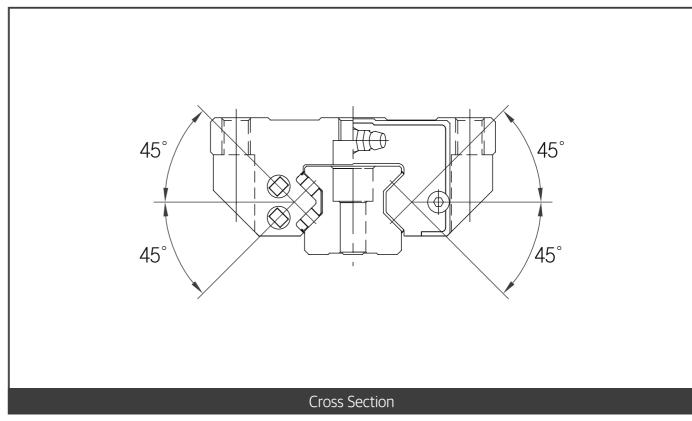


#### Tap hole type (A-type)









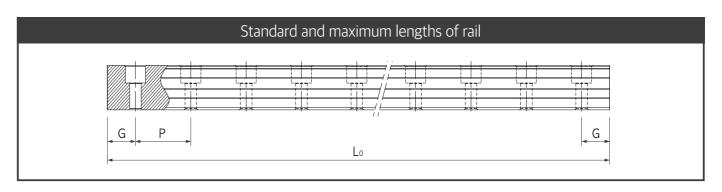






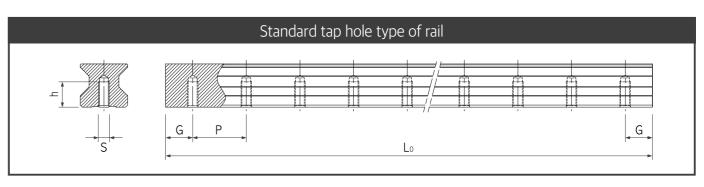
## Types and Features

Category	Туре		Shape & Feature	
Flange	R-FN		<ul> <li>A roller type with the tap-processed flange of a block, support ing installation from bottom to top and from top to bottom</li> <li>4-direction equal load type with high rigidity and high load</li> </ul>	
type	R-FN		<ul> <li>The same cross section as in R-F Series; a roller type with increased load rating by enlarging the entire length (L<sub>1</sub>) of a block</li> <li>4-direction equal load type with high rigidity and high load</li> </ul>	Machine tool CNC machining center CNC tapping center NC milling machine Boring machine Multiple machining center
Compact	R-RN	0 0 0	<ul> <li>A compact type with the tap-pro cessed top of a block, minimizing the width (W) of a block</li> <li>4-direction equal load type with high rigidity and high load</li> </ul>	Planner miller Large injection machine Heavy-duty cutting machine Wire-cut pentahedral processing center Display test equipment
type	R-RL		<ul> <li>The same cross section as in R-R Series; a roller type with increased load rating by enlarging the entire length (L<sub>1</sub>) of a block</li> <li>4-direction equal load type with high rigidity and high load</li> </ul>	



Unit:mm

Model No.	R25	R30	R35	R45	R55	R65
	220	280	280	570	780	1270
	280	360	360	675	900	1570
	340	440	440	780	1020	1870
	400	520	520	885	1140	2170
Ctandard type	460	600	600	990	1260	2470
Standard type						2770
	3820	3760	3760	3615	3600	3070
	3880	3840	3840	3720	3720	3670
	3940	3920	3920	3825	3840	3970
	4000	4000	4000	3930	3960	
Standard pitch P	30	40	40	52.5	60	75
G	20	20	20	22.5	30	35
Max. length	4000	4000	4000	3930	3960	3970



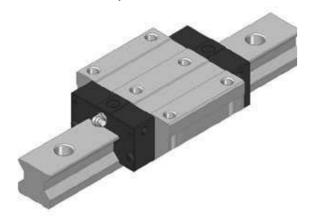
Model No.	S	h(mm)
R25	M6	12
R30	M8	15
R35	M8	17
R45	M12	24
R55	M14	24
R65	M16	25

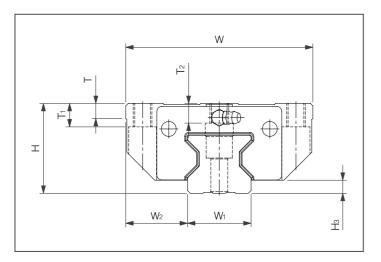






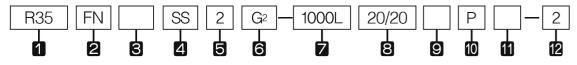
## R-FN Series, R-FL Series



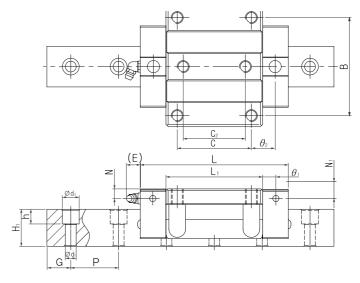


	Extern	al dim	ensions						Din	nensio	ons of	bloc	k					
Model No.	Неіднт Н	Width W	Length L	В	С	C <sub>2</sub>	М	Lı	T	<b>T</b> 1	T <sub>2</sub>	N	Ε	θ 1	Nı	θ 2	Grease nipple	Нз
R 25FN	36	70	92.2	57	45	40	M8	63.3	7.5	9	6.7	5.5	12	6	5.5	15.2	B-M6F	6.5
R 25FL	30	70	110.2	37	43	40	IVIO	81.3	7.5	9	0.7	5.5	12	0	5.5	24.2	D-IVIOF	0.5
R 30FN	42	00	103.8	72	ΕЭ	11	N/10	71	8	11	0	c E	12	6	6	16	D MCE	7
R 30FL	42	90	126.6	72	52	44	M10	93.8	ð	11	8	6.5	12	Ь	6	27.4	B-M6F	/
R 35FN	40	100	118.3	ดา	<b>C</b> 2	гэ	N // 1 O	79.5	0	12 [	10 г	7.0	12	12	7.0	16	D MCE	7
R 35FL	48	100	142.3	82	62	52	M10	103.5	8	12.5	10.5	7.6	12	12	7.6	28	B-M6F	7
R 45FN	60	120	146.3	100	00	60	M12	101.7	10	15	12 E	8	16	12	8	17.9	B-PT1/8	O.E.
R 45FL	60	120	178.8	100	80	60	IVIIZ	134.2	10	ID	13.5	0	10	12	0	34.1	D-P11/6	9.5
R 55FN	70	140	168.6	116	OE	70	M14	121.6	12	18	12 /	9	16	13.5	9	21.3	D DT1/0	10
R 55FL	/0	140	207.7	116	95	70	IVI 14	160.7	12	10	13.4	9	10	15.5	9	40.9	B-PT1/8	10
R 65FN	90	170	207.2	142	110	82	M16	146.2	15	25	24	13.8	16	18.5	13.8	29.1	D DT1/0	13
R 65FL	90	170	255.2	142	110	02	IVIIO	194.2	13	25	24	13.6	10	10.3	13.6	53.1	B-PT1/8	13

#### Composition of Model Name & Number



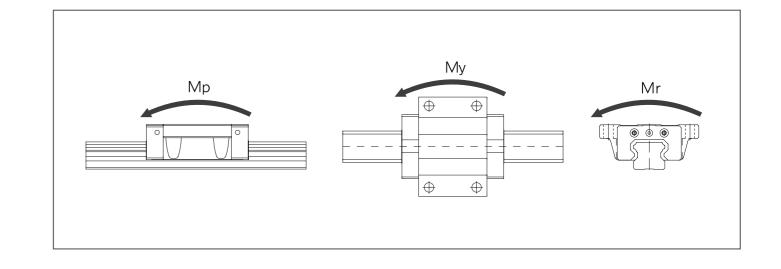
- 1 Model No.
- 2 Type of block : RN-Rectangular standard type / RL-Rectangular long type/ FN-Flange standard type / FL-Flange long type
- 3 No symbol-Standard block / E-Special block specification
- 4 Type of seal : SS-End seal+ Inside seal / ZZ-End seal+ Inside seal+ Metal scraper (\*1)
- **5** Number of blocks assembled in one shaft
- 6 Symbol of clearance: No symbol-Normal preload / G1-Light preload / G2-Heavy preload / Gs-Special preload (\*2)
- **Z** Length of rail
- **8** Size of G value: standard G value has no symbol
- No symbol-Rail counterbore type (top assembly) / A- Rail tap hole type (bottom assembly) (\*3)
- Symbol of precision: No symbol-Moderate / H-High / P-Precision / SP-Super precision / UP-Ultra precision (\*4)
- 11 No symbol-Standard rail / E-special rail specification
- 12 Number of axes used in the same plane
- (\*1) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101. (\*2) See Radial Clearance at page 18.
- (\*3)) See Standard Tap Hole Type of Rail at page 93. (\*4) See Selection of Precision Class at page 23.



Unit:mm

		Dimer	nsions	of rail			load ing	Sta	atic allowa	nce mo	ment kN	m	M	ass
Width	W <sub>2</sub>	Height	G	Pitch	d1xd2xh	С	Co		Мр	ı	<b>И</b> у	Mr	Block	
W <sub>1</sub> ±0.05	VVZ	Hı	u	Р	UIAUZAII	kN	kN	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
23	23.5	24	20	30	7x11x9.7	29.1	56.2	0.570	3.090	0.570	3.090	0.820	0.8	3,1
23	23.3	24	20	30	/ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	35.6	73.1	0.925	4.949	0.925	4.949	1.065	1.1	٥.١
28	31	28	20	40	0.4.4.10	44.4	87.3	0.985	5.395	0.985	5.395	1.470	1.4	1 1
20	31	20	20	40	9x14x12	55.0	114.8	1.640	8.946	1.640	8.946	1.935	1.9	4.4
34	33	31	20	40	9x14x12	61.0	114.0	1.460	7.972	1.460	7.972	2.345	2.1	6.2
54	33	31	20	40	9814812	75.6	150.0	2.450	13.036	2.450	13.036	3.090	2.8	0.2
45	37.5	38	22.5	52.5	14×20×17	103.8	202.0	3.265	17.712	3.265	17.712	5.430	4.0	10 1
45	37.5	30	22.5	52.5	14X2UX17	132.3	276.2	5.840	30.565	5.840	30.565	7.440	5.3	10.1
53	43.5	43.5	30	60	16x23x20	146.9	278.0	5.390	28.523	5.390	28.523	8.880	6.8	12 /
55	43.3	45.5	30	00	10X23X2U	181.9	380.3	8.960	49.534	8.960	49.534	11.690	8.9	13.4
62	E2 E	EE	25	75	10,76,77	231.0	450.6	10.600	56.301	10.600	56.301	17.140	13.0	20.1
03	63   53.5   55   35	33	/5	18x26x22	303.0	576.0	18.160	91.519	18.160	91.519	21.910	17.2	20.1	

1N≒0.102kgf

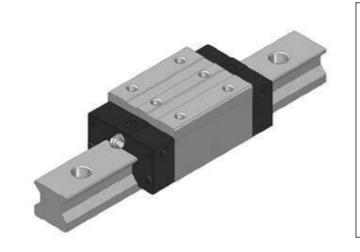


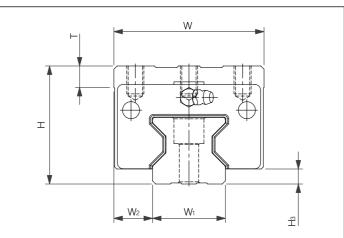


## **WON**

# **MATION**

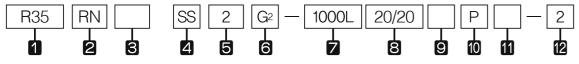
## R-RN Series, R-RL Series



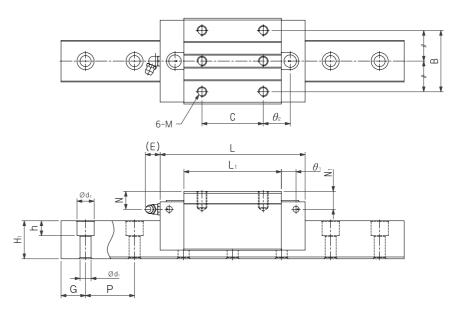


	Extern	al dime	nsions				Di	mens	ions o	f bloo	:k				
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	В	С	ΜΧℓ	Lı	Т	N	Ε	$\theta_{1}$	Nı	θ 2	Grease nipple	Нз
R 25RN	40	48	92.2	35	35	M6 x 9	63.3	9	9.5	12	6	9.5	20.2	B-M6F	6.5
R 25RL	40	40	110.2	33	50	IVIOX9	81.3	9	9.5	12	0	9.5	21.7	D-IVIOF	0.5
R 30RN	15	60	103.8	40	40	M8 x 11	71	9	9.5	12	6	9	22	B-M6F	7
R 30RL	45	00	126.6	40	60	IVIO X II	93.8	9	9.5	12	0	9	23.4	D-IVIOI	'
R 35RN	55	70	118.3	50	50	M8 x 13	79.5	12	14.6	12	12	14.6	22	B-M6F	7
R 35RL	55	70	142.3	30	72	IVIO X IS	103.5	12	14.0	12	12	14.0	23	D-IVIOF	/
R 45RN	70	86	146.3	60	60	M10 x 20	101.7	20	18	16	12	18	27.9	B-PT1/8	9.5
R 45RL	/0	00	178.8	00	80	IVIIU X ZU	134.2	20	10	10	12	10	34.1	D-P11/0	9.5
R 55RN	80	100	168.6	75	75	M12 x 19	121.6	20	19	16	12 E	19	31.3	D DT1/0	10
R 55RL	80	100	207.7	/5	95	WIIZ X 19	160.7	20	19	10	13.5	19	40.9	B-PT1/8	10

#### Composition of Model Name & Number



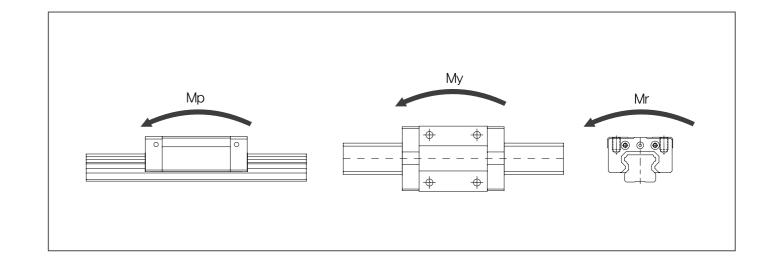
- 1 Model No.
- 2 Type of block: RN-Rectangular standard type / RL-Rectangular long type/ FN-Flange standard type / FL-Flange long type
- 3 No symbol-Standard block / E-Special block specification
- 4 Type of seal: SS-End seal+ Inside seal / ZZ-End seal+ Inside seal+ Metal scraper (\*1)
- **5** Number of blocks assembled in one shaft
- Symbol of clearance: No symbol-Normal preload / G1-Light preload / G2-Heavy preload / Gs-Special preload (\*2)
- **7** Length of rail
- 8 Size of G value: standard G value has no symbol
- 9 No symbol-Rail counterbore type (top assembly) / A- Rail tap hole type (bottom assembly) (\*3)
- Symbol of precision: No symbol-Moderate / H-High / P-Precision / SP-Super precision / UP-Ultra precision (\*4)
- 11 No symbol-Standard rail / E-special rail specification
- Number of axes used in the same plane
- (\*1) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101. (\*2) See Radial Clearance at page 18.
- (\*3)) See Standard Tap Hole Type of Rail at page 93. (\*4) See Selection of Precision Class at page 23.



Unit:mm

		DIMEN	ISIONS (	OF RAIL		Basic Loa	AD RATING		STATIC ALLOW	ANCE MO	MENT k <b>N·</b> m	1	M	ASS
Width	147	Height		Pitch		С	Co	ı	Мр	į	Му	Mr	Block	Rail
W <sub>1</sub> ±0.05	W <sub>2</sub>	Hi	G	Р	d <sub>1</sub> xd <sub>2</sub> xh	kN	kŇ	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	Double blocks	1 block	kg	kg/m
23	12.5	24	20	30	7x11x9.7	29.1	56.2	0.570	3.090	0.570	3.090	0.820	0.7	3.1
25	12.5	24	20	30	/	35.6	73.1	0.925	4.949	0.925	4.949	1.065	0.9	5.1
28	16	28	20	40	9x14x12	44.4	87.3	0.985	5.395	0.985	5.395	1.470	1.2	4.4
20	10	20	20	40	9814812	55.0	114.8	1.640	8.946	1.640	8.946	1.935	1.5	4.4
34	18	31	20	40	9x14x12	61.0	114.0	1.460	7.972	1.460	7.972	2.345	2.0	6.2
54	10	) )	20	40	9814812	75.6	150.0	2.450	13.036	2.450	13.036	3.090	2.5	0.2
15	20.5	38	22.5	52.5	14×20×17	103.8	202.0	3.265	17.712	3.265	17.712	5.430	3.9	10.1
45	20.5	30	22.5	52.5	14X2UX17	132.3	276.2	5.840	30.565	5.840	30.565	7.440	5.0	10.1
E2	22 E	43.5	30	60	16x23x20	146.9	278.0	5.390	28.523	5.390	28.523	8.880	6.2	12 /
55	53 23.5 4	43.3	30	60	10XZ3XZU	181.9	380.3	8.960	49.534	8.960	49.534	11.690	8.1	13.4

1N≒0.102kgf

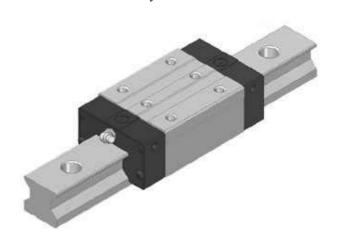


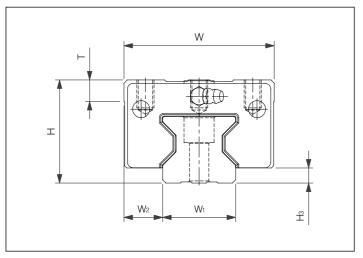


## **WON**



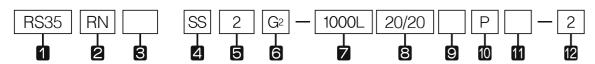
## RS-RN Series, RS-RL Series



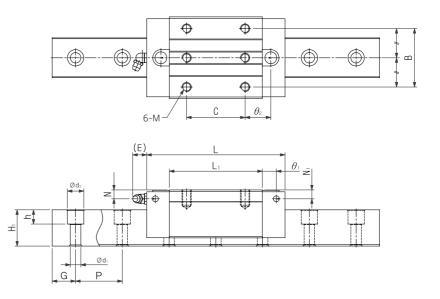


	Extern	nal dime	nsions				Di	mens	ions c	of blo	ck				
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	В	С	ΜΧℓ	L <sub>1</sub>	Т	N	Ε	$\theta_1$	N <sub>1</sub>	$\theta_2$	Grease nipple	Нз
RS 25RN	26	40	92.2	35	35	M6 x 9	63.3	0	ЕЕ	12	6		20.2	D MCE	C E
RS 25RL	36	48	110.2	33	50	IVIO X 9	81.3	9	5.5	12	р	5.5	21.7	B-M6F	6.5
RS 35RN	40	70	118.3	ΕO	50	MO v 10	79.5	12	7.6	12	12	7.6	22	D MCE	7
RS 35RL	48	70	142.3	50	72	M8 x 12	103.5	12	7.6	12	12	7.6	23	B-M6F	/
RS 45RN	60	86	146.3	60	60	M10 x 18	101.7	20	8	16	12	8	27.9	B-PT1/8	O.F.
RS 45RL	60	00	178.8	00	80	IVIIU X IO	134.2	20	0	10	12	0	34.1	B-P11/8	9.5
RS 55RN	70	100	168.6	75	75	M12 x 19	121.6	20	9	16	13.5	9	31.3	D DT1/0	10
RS 55RL	/0	100	207.7	/5	95	W112 X 19	160.7	20	9	10	15.5	9	40.9	B-PT1/8	10
RS 65RN	00	126	207.2	76	70	M16 v 21	146.2	20	12.0	16	18.5	12.0	49.1	D DT1/0	13
RS 65RL	90	120	255.2	70	120	M16 x 21	194.2	20	13.8	10	16.5	13.8	48.1	B-PT1/8	15

#### Composition of Model Name & Number



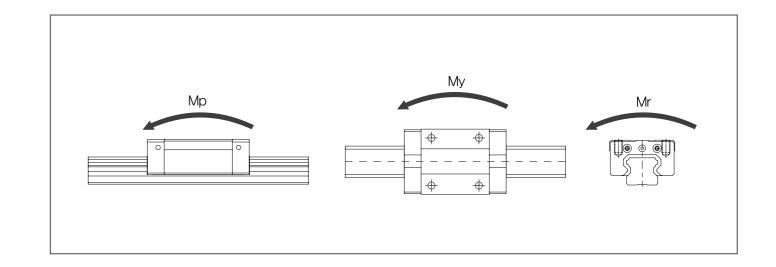
- 1 Model No.
- 2 Type of block : RN-Rectangular standard type / RL-Rectangular long type
- No symbol-Standard block / E-Special block specification
- 4 Type of seal : SS-End seal+ Inside seal / ZZ-End seal+ Inside seal+ Metal scraper (\*1)
- Number of blocks assembled in one shaft
- **6** Symbol of clearance: No symbol-Normal preload / G1-Light preload / G2-Heavy preload / Gs-Special preload (\*2)
- **Z** Length of rail
- 8 Size of G value: standard G value has no symbol
- 2 No symbol-Rail counterbore type (top assembly) / A- Rail tap hole type (bottom assembly) (\*3)
- Symbol of precision: No symbol-Moderate / H-High / P-Precision / SP-Super precision / UP-Ultra precision (\*4)
- 11 No symbol-Standard rail / E-special rail specification
- Number of axes used in the same plane
- (\*1) See Symbol List of Optional Parts at page 101. (\*2) See Radial Clearance at page 18.
- (\*3)) See Standard Tap Hole Type of Rail at page 93. (\*4) See Selection of Precision Class at page 23.



Unit: mm

		Dimer	nsions	of rail		Basic rat	load ing	:	STATIC ALLOW	ANCE MON	иент k <b>N·m</b>	1	Ma	ass
Width W <sub>1</sub> ±0.05	W <sub>2</sub>	Height H1	G	Pitch P	d1xd2xh	C kN	Co kN	1 block	Mp Double blocks		My Double blocks	Mr 1 block	Block kg	Rail kg/m
23	12.5	24	20	30	7x11x9.7	29.1	56.2	0.570	3.090	0.570	3.090	0.820	0.6	3.1
25	12.5	24	20	30	/XIIX9./	35.6	73.1	0.925	4.949	0.925	4.949	1.065	0.8	5.1
34	18	31	20	40	9x14x12	61.0	114.0	1.460	7.972	1.460	7.972	2.345	1.7	6.2
54	10	31	20	40	9814812	75.6	150.0	2.450	13.036	2.450	13.036	3.090	2.1	0.2
45	20.5	38	22.5	52.5	14×20×17	103.8	202.0	3.265	17.712	3.265	17.712	5.430	3.2	10.1
45	20.5	30	22.5	32.3	14XZUX17	132.3	276.2	5.840	30.565	5.840	30.565	7.440	4.2	10.1
F2	22 E	42 E	30	60	16,72,70	146.9	278.0	5.390	28.523	5.390	28.523	8.880	5.3	12.4
53	23.5	43.5	30	00	16x23x20	181.9	380.3	8.960	49.534	8.960	49.534	11.690	6.8	13.4
62	21 E	EE	25	75	10,76,77	231.0	450.6	5.390	34.735	5.390	34.735	8.880	30.4	20.1
63	31.5	55	35	75	18x26x22	303.0	576.0	8.960	60.425	8.960	60.425	11.690	33.6	20.1

1N≒0.102kgf







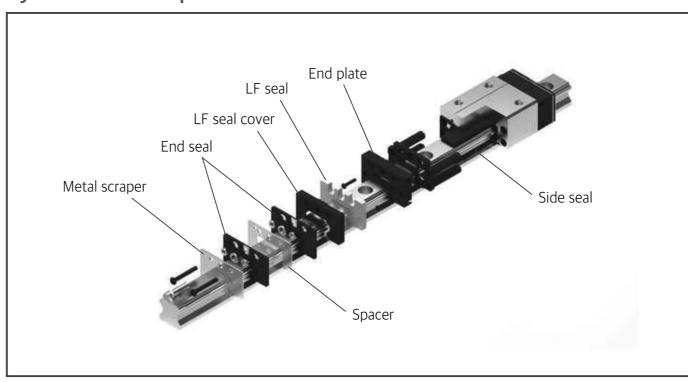


# 13 Options

## 1. Seal and rail cap

1. Seat and	ran cap	
ltem	Seal attachment position	Applied environments
End seal	End seal	Where there is a lot of dust or particles
Side seal	Side seal	<ul> <li>Where foreign substance can easily flow in from the flank or bottom</li> <li>Where the assembled linear motion guide moves in a vertical, horizontal, or reverse direction</li> </ul>
Inner seal	Inner seal	<ul> <li>Where there are a lot of cutting chips or foreign substance</li> <li>Where cutting chips or foreign substances are highly likely to flow into a block</li> </ul>
LF seal	End seal  LF seal  LF seal cover	<ul> <li>Where a long interval of refilling is needed due to a narrow space</li> <li>An environment at 40°C or so</li> <li>Where there needs to avoid any contact with organic solvents, such as thinner or milky white oil</li> </ul>
Double seal	End seal End seal Spacer	Where strong sealing is needed due to a lot of dust or cutting chips
Metal scarper	Metal scraper	Where spatters, such as slag or metal powder, arise in welding

# Symbol List of Optional Parts



Symbol	Optional parts
UU	End seal
SS	Side seal+ Inner seal + End seal
DD	Side seal+ Inner seal + End seal+ Spacer+ End seal
ZZ	Side seal+ Inner seal + End seal+ Metal scraper
KK	Side seal+ Inner seal + End seal+ Spacer+ End seal+ Metal scraper
UUUF	LF Unit+ End seal
SSLF	Side seal+ Inner seal + LF Unit+ End seal
DDLF	Side seal+ Inner seal + LF Unit+ End seal+ Spacer+ End seal
ZZLF	Side seal+ Inner seal + LF Unit+ End seal+ Metal scraper
KKLF	Side seal+ Inner seal + LF Unit+ End seal+ Spacer+ End seal+ Metal scraper







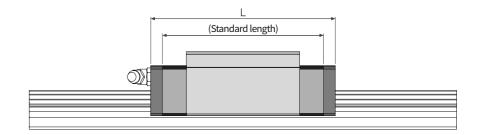


## Optional-parts mapping table by model number

			Full ball type								Spacer ball chain type Full rolle				
Model N	No		1	НВ	S		IS	М	MB	H.		HS.		SS	Full roller type R
		15~25	30~55	17~35	15~25	25	30~35	5~20	5~15		30~35	25	30~35		25~65
End seal	UU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Side seal	-	0	O *1)	-	0	0	O *1)	-	-	0	O *1)	0	O *1)	0	-
Inner seal	-	0	0	-	0	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	-
Side seal +Inner seal +End seal	SS	0	0	O *2)	0	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	O *2)
Side seal +Inner seal +End seal +Metal scraper	ZZ	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	○ *3)
Side seal +Inner seal +Double seal	DD	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	O *3)
Side seal +Inner seal +End seal +Metal scraper	KK	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	○ *3)
LF seal +End seal	UULF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	O *3)
LF seal +Side seal +Inner seal +End seal	SSLF	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	○ *3)
LF seal +Side seal +Inner seal +Double seal	DULF	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	○ *3)
LF seal +Side seal +Inner seal +End seal +Metal scraper	ZZLF	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	○ *3)
LF seal +Side seal +Inner seal +Double seal +Metal scraper	KKLF	0	0	-	0	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	○ *3)

<sup>\*1)</sup> In H,HS, H...S, and HS...S Series, the basic optional part of model no. 30 and no. 35 is Inner Seal.

## Dimension Table of the Installation of Optional Parts



- 11	In	ı÷٠	mr	
U	ш	ıı.	1111	

	Model No.					l	L				
	Model No.	UU	SS	ZZ	DD	KK	UULF	SSLF	DDLF	ZZLF	KKLF
	15 FN/RN/FNS/RNS	56.5	56.5	60.7	61.5	65.7	70.5	70.5	75.5	74.7	79.7
	15 FL/RL/FLS/RLS	64.8	64.8	69	69.8	74	78.8	78.8	83.8	83	88
	20 FN/RN/FNS/RNS	73.2	73.2	78.2	79.4	84.4	87.2	87.2	93.4	92.2	98.4
	20 FL/RL/FLS/RLS	89.1	89.1	94.1	95.3	100.3	103.1	103.1	109.3	108.1	114.3
	25 FN/RN/FNS/RNS	83.2	93.2	89.2	90.4	96.4	97.2	97.2	104.4	103.2	110.4
	25 FL/RL/FLS/RLS	103.1	103.1	109.1	110.3	116.3	117.1	117.1	124.3	123.1	130.3
Н	30 FN/RN/FNS/RNS	99.3	99.3	105.3	106.5	112.5	113.3	113.3	120.5	119.3	126.5
П	30 FL/RL/FLS/RLS	121.5	121.5	127.5	128.7	134.7	135.5	135.5	142.7	141.5	148.7
	35 FN/RN/FNS/RNS	111.8	111.8	117.8	119	125	125.8	125.8	133	131.8	139
	35 FL/RL/FLS/RLS	137.2	137.2	143.2	144.4	150.4	151.2	151.2	158.4	157.2	164.4
	45 FN/RN/FNS/RNS	139	139	148.9	-	-	154	154	-	163.9	-
	45 FL/RL/FLS/RLS	170.8	170.8	180.7	-	-	185.8	185.8	-	195.7	-
	55 FN/RN/FNS/RNS	163	163	172.9	-	-	179	179	-	188.9	-
	55 FL/RL/FLS/RLS	201.1	201.1	211	-	-	217.1	217.1	-	227	-
	17 F/R	51	51	54.6	-	-	61.2	61.2	-	64.8	-
HB	21 F/R	59	59	63.4	-	-	69.2	69.2	-	73.6	-
ПD	27 F/R	72.5	72.5	76.9	-	-	85.1	85.1	-	89.5	-
	35 F/R	105.3	105.3	110.9	-	-	120.3	120.3	-	125.9	-
	15 FC/RC/FCS/RCS	39.8	39.8	44	44.8	49	53.8	53.8	58.8	58	63
	15 FN/RN/FNS/RNS	56.5	56.5	60.7	61.5	65.7	70.5	70.5	75.5	74.7	79.7
S	20 FC/RC/FCS/RCS	47.8	47.8	52.8	54	59	61.8	61.8	68	66.8	73
3	20 FN/RN/FNS/RNS	66.8	66.8	71.8	73	78	80.8	80.8	87	85.8	82
	25 FC/RC/FCS/RCS	59.4	59.4	65.4	66.6	72.6	73.4	73.4	80.6	79.4	86.6
	25 FN/RN/FNS/RNS	83.2	83.2	89.2	90.4	96.4	97.2	97.2	104.4	103.2	110.4
	25 RN/RNS	83.2	83.2	89.2	90.4	96.4	97.2	97.2	104.4	103.2	110.4
	25 RL/RLS	103.1	103.1	109.1	110.3	116.3	117.1	117.1	124.3	123.1	130.3
HS	30 RN/RNS	99.3	99.3	105.3	106.5	112.5	113.3	113.3	120.5	119.3	126.5
113	30 RL/RLS	121.5	121.5	127.5	128.7	134.7	135.5	135.5	142.7	141.5	148.7
	35 RN/RNS	111.8	111.8	117.8	119	125	125.8	125.8	133	131.8	139
	35 RL/RLS	137.2	137.2	143.2	144.4	150.4	151.2	151.2	158.4	157.2	164.4

#### Unit:mm

Mo	dal Na	l.	
МО	del No.	UU	UULF
	5 C	17	21.4
	5 N/NA	20	24.4
	7 C	19.8	24.8
	7 N	24.3	29.3
	7 L/LA	31.8	36.8
	9 C	22.4	27.4
	9 N	31.3	36.3
	9 L/LA	41.4	46.4
M	12 C	26.4	32.4
	12 N	34.9	40.9
	12 L	45.4	51.4
	15 C	34.4	41.4
	15 N	44.4	51.4
	15 L	59.4	66.4
	20 C	39.8	46.8
	20 N	51.8	58.8
	20 L	69.8	76.8

#### Unit:mm

Mod	el No.	L	
Mou	et No.	UU	UULF
	5C	21	25.4
	5N	25	29.4
	7C	24	29
	7N	33	38
	7L	43.5	48.5
	9C	28.1	33.1
	9N	40.2	45.2
	9L	52	57
MB	12C	31.1	37.1
	12N	44.5	50.5
	12L	59.7	65.7
	13C	35.3	42.3
	13N	49.2	56.2
	13L	68.6	75.6
	15C	42.8	49.8
	15N	56.6	63.6
	15L	75.8	82.8

<sup>\*2)</sup> In H Series (model no. 45 and no. 55) and HB Series and R Series, Side Seal and Inner Seal is an integral type.

<sup>\*3)</sup> In R Series, if it is necessary to apply LF seal and metal scrapper, please contact us.

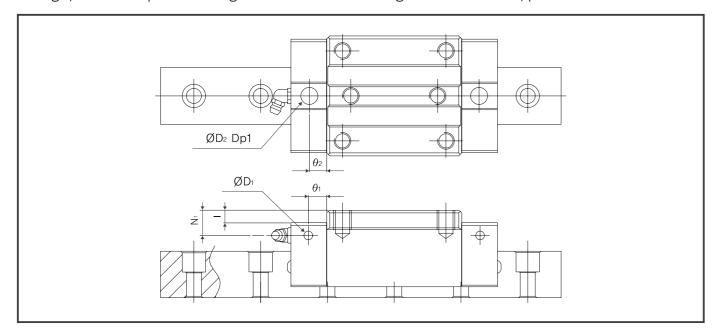






## 2. Oil inlet

In R Series, it is possible to refill on the side and top. The standard specification of an oil inlet is 'not run through', in order to prevent foreign substances from flowing in a block. For use, please contact WON ST

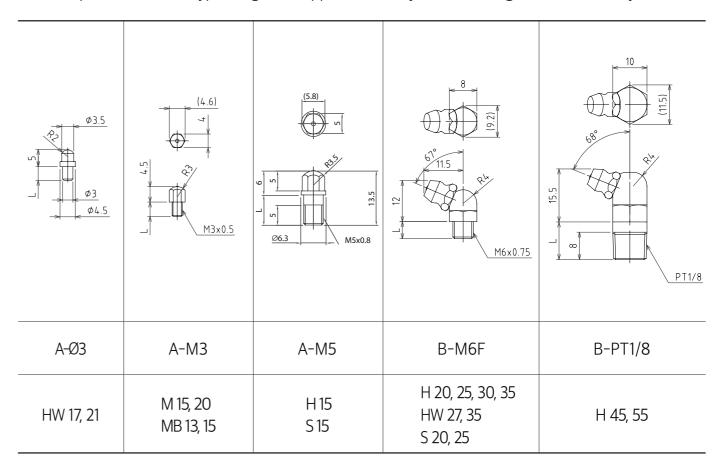


Unit: mm

Mode	Model No.		e for a side ni	pple	Top oil inlet				
MOGE	et NO.	θ1	N <sub>1</sub>	<b>D</b> <sub>1</sub>	D <sub>2</sub>	(O-ring)	I	$\theta_2$	
	25F(L)	6	5.5	3.3	10.2	P7	0.4	6	
	30F(L)	6	6	5.1	10.2	P7	0.4	6.5	
	35F(L)	12	7.6	5.1	10.2	P7	0.4	7.25	
	45F(L)	12	8	5.1	10.2	P7	0.4	7	
	55F(L)	13.5	9	5.1	10.2	P7	0.4	8	
R	65F(L)	18.5	13.75	5.4	10.2	P7	0.4	11	
	25R(L)	6	9.5	3.3	10.2	P7	4.4	6	
	30R(L)	6	9	5.1	10.2	P7	3.4	6.5	
	35R(L)	12	14.6	5.1	10.2	P7	7.4	7.25	
	45R(L)	12	18	5.1	10.2	P7	10.4	7	
	55R(L)	13.5	19	5.1	10.2	P7	10.4	8	
	25R(L)	6	5.5	3.3	10.2	P7	0.4	6	
	35R(L)	12	7.6	5.1	10.2	P7	0.4	7.25	
RS	45R(L)	12	8	5.1	10.2	P7	0.4	7	
	55R(L)	13.5	9	5.1	10.2	P7	0.4	8	
	65R(L)	18.5	13.75	5.4	10.2	P7	0.4	11	

## 3. Grease nipple

WON ST provides various types of grease nipples necessary for lubricating a linear motion system.



Applied model no.	Nipple	Nipple Thread (L) length model											
Applied model no.	no.	UU	SS	DD	ZZ	KK	UULF	SSLF	DDLF	ZZLF	KKLF		
HB17, HB21	A-Ø3	4	4	-	6.5	-	9	9	-	11	-		
M15, M20, MB13, MB15	A-M3	4.2	4.2	-	-	-	7.7	7.7	-	-	-		
S-H15	A-M5	5	5	7.5	7.5	10	12	12	14.5	14.5	17		
S-H20		7	7	10	10	12	14.5	14.5	17	17	19		
S-H25, 30		7	7	12	12	14.5	14.5	14.5	19	19	22		
H35	B-M6F	10	10	14.5	14.5	17	17	17	19	19	22		
HB27		5	5	-	7	-	12	12	-	14.5	-		
HB35		5	5	-	10	-	12	12	-	17	-		
H45, H55	B-PT 1/8	8	8	-	11	-	15.5	15.5	-	18	-		

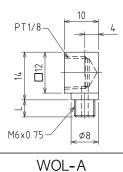


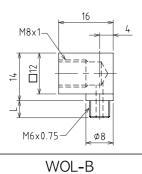


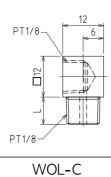


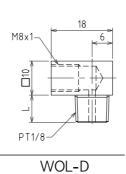
# 4. Connection of oil pipes

#### **WOL Type**





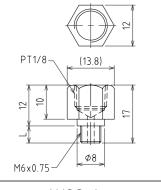


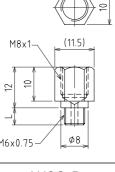


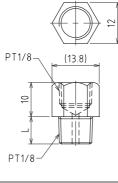
M6x0.75 10 4

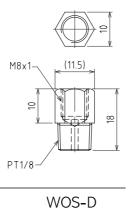
WOL-E

#### WOSType









WOS-A	WOS-B	WOS-C	WOS-D

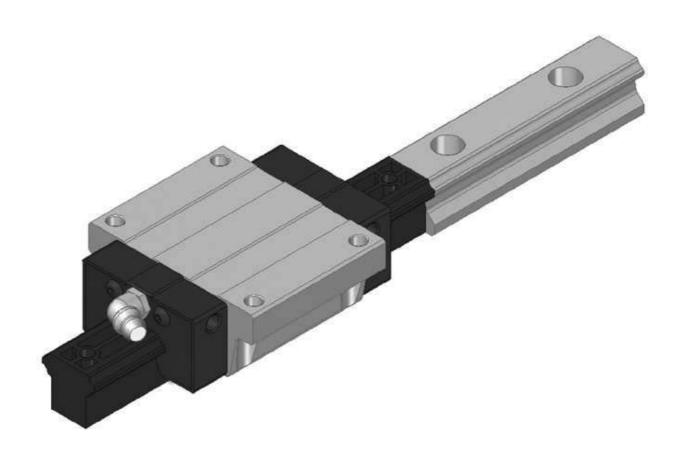
Applied model	Nipple	<b>''</b>										
no.	modėl no.	UU	SS	DD	ZZ	KK	UULF	SSLF	DDLF	ZZLF	KKLF	
S-H15	WOL-E	5	5	7.5	7.5	10	12	12	14.5	14.5	17	
S-H20	WOS-B	7	7	10	10	12	14.5	14.5	17	17	19	
S-H25, H30		7	7	12	12	14.5	14.5	14.5	19	19	22	
H35	WOL-A, WOL-B	10	10	14.5	14.5	17	17	17	19	19	22	
HB27	WOS-A, WOS-B	5	5	_	7	_	12	12	-	14.5	-	
HB35		5	5	-	10	-	12	12	-	17	-	
H45, H55	WOL-C, WOL-D WOS-C, WOS-D	8	8	-	11	-	15.5	15.5	-	18	-	

## 5. How to install with the use of a support rail

To get a block of a linear motion guide in or out of a rail, it is required to use a support rail for safety. If a rail is mounted on a rail without any support rail, a rolling element can be separated from the block. Moreover, internal parts can be damaged or destroyed by foreign substances.

Installing a block without a rolling element may sharply shorten life of the block, reduce load, and cause early destruction.

If you use a support rail, do not lean it. Adhere it to the end of a rail first and then push it in the rail direction by apply force gradually. If a block has a rolling element separated and gets contaminated by dust, please do not use the product but contact WON ST.











# 14 Precautions for Handling Linear Motion Guide

#### 1. Handling

- 1) WON Linear Motion Guide is damp-proof packaged after grease removal and cleaning. So, please open it right before use.
- 2) As for the compatible product of rail and block, a plastic support rail is combined with the block. Please assemble it with the rail carefully.
- 3) If you reassemble a block-rail set product or a single block product after dismantling it into pieces, foreign substance may intrude into the block or cause performance degradation that leads to unsmooth rolling motion or damage. So please do not disassemble it at your discretion.
- 4) If either a rail or a block leans to one side, the block or rail may fall to be damaged. Please be careful not to get a block or rail separated.
- 5) A block' end plate is made of plastic. Imposing an impact on it may cause its damage. Please be careful

#### 2. Lubrication

- 1) If the product supplied is coated with rust preventive oil, clean it off thoroughly first and then fill with a lubricant before use.
- 2) DO NOT mix with other lubricants with a different thickener or additive. If so, it may destroy the structure of grease or cause a harmful effect.
- 3) Viscosity of grease depends on temperature. It increases in winter due to low temperature, and friction of a linear motion guide resistance may increase.
- 4) If you need to use a special lubricant, please contact WON ST before use.
- 5) When you use oil as a lubricant, oil may fail to reach the raceway groove depending on the assembly status or direction of a block or rail. In this case, there is no lubrication effect. WON ST offers different lubrication methods suitable for assembly environments. So please contact us.

#### 3. Caution for use

- 1) After opening the product, please put a damp-proof agent in a dry container for storage.
- 2) Please handle the product after wearing plastic gloves in a clean place.
- 3) Please be careful to prevent foreign substances that may impede rolling motion or cause functional damage.
- 4) Please use a holding door or cover to prevent a linear motion guide from being exposed directly to poor environments that may cause corrosion or damage.
- 5) As for the linear motion guide based on standard plastic end plate, use it at 80℃ or below. If you need to use it at 80℃ or above, please order a special metal end plate.
- 6) If rail of a linear motion guide is fixed at ceiling or in a high place and its block bears load downwards, it is possible for the block to be separated from the rail and for the block and its attached parts to fall as the end plate is damaged or a ball falls off. So, it is required to take safety measures, such as the installation of a safety device.

#### 4. Storage

A rail may warp depending on a storage condition. For storage, place a linear motion guide horizontally in the package box offered by WON ST or its equivalent box with the flat bottom. Avoid a place with high or low temperature and high humidity.

## Troubles and Troubleshooting of Linear Motion Guide

Туре	Trouble	Cause	Action
		Damage by life	Replace the linear motion guide.
Fatigue failure of the	Flacking     Caused by rolling fatigue of the rolling surface	Overload	Review the model no. selected; Use a higher model no; Lower a level of load; Reinforce assembly precision for installation; Enhance the rigidity of base and table
rolling surface	- Maximum shear stress-induced internal cracks are expressed on the surface.	Poor lubrication	Refill a lubricant; Shorten a refilling cycle of lubricant; Review the lubricant in use; Improve the lubricant passage.
		Intrusion of foreign substances	Improve seal performance; Add a seal; Take additional measures for dust prevention.
Indentation of the rolling	Indentation     Caused by plastic deformation of the rolling	Impact load or excessive external load	Review the model no. selected; Make service conditions less strict; Lower a level of load; Reinforce assembly precision for installation; Use a higher model no.
surface	surface due to excessive external load	Careless handling	Improve the methods and conditions of handling to prevent impact and fall.
6	Burning     Rough surface of the rolling surface due to slight burning by friction between a rolling el-	Poor lubrication	Refill a lubricant; Use an appropriate lubricant; Improve lubrication
Seizing	ement and the rolling surface  - Cause for the discoloration of the rolling surface, weakened hardness, and flaking	Overload	Review service conditions; Lower a level of load; Use a higher model no.; Enhance assembly precision for installation.
	Cracking     Partial breaking into pieces of a rolling element	mpact load or excessive external load	Review the model no. selected; Use a higher model no.; Lower a level of load; Reinforce assembly precision for installation
Cracking	or rolling surface due to excessive external load	Poor raceway circulation of a rolling element	Prevent foreign substances; Improve measures for dust prevention; Refill a lubricant; Shorten a refilling cycle of lubricant; Improve lubrication
A l l	Abnormal wear     Caused by the sliding of a rolling element and	Impact load or excessive external load	Review the model no. selected; Use a higher model no.; Lower a level of load; Reinforce assembly precision for installation.
Abnormal wear	the rolling surface; the more sliding, the rapidly more wear	Intrusion of foreign substances	Reinforce seal performance; Improve measures for dust prevention
	- Accompany oxidation wear causing poor pre- cision and preload failure	Poor lubrication	Refill a lubricant; Use an appropriate lubricant; Improve lubrication; Improve the lubrication passage.
	Vibration     This problem arises when running at vibrant	Load	Review service conditions; Use a higher model no.; Reinforce assembly precision for installation.
Flatting corrosion	stroke causes the loss of oil film, and the oxidation of the fine dust caused by the sliding of a rolling element and the rolling surface	Vibration	Improve transfer conditions; Replace a lubricant; Improve lubrication; Shorten a refilling cycle of lubricant.
	facilitates wear.	Intrusion of foreign substances	Improve a seal; Establish measures for dust prevention.
Rust	<ul> <li>Rust</li> <li>Caused by the loss of oil film or the contact of an exposed part with water, acid, and alkali.</li> </ul>	Intrusion of cooling water	Apply surface treatment for rust prevention; Improve seal performance; Replace a lubricant; replace a coolant; Refill a lubricant; Shorten a refilling cycle of lubricant.
generation	In particular, when cooling water flows in a	High humidity	Apply surface treatment for rust prevention; Improve environments.
	block, it degrades lubrication and causes rust. Early flaking arises due to concentrated stress.	Poor handling	Improve a storage place; Reinforce sealing treatment; Apply a sufficient amount of rust preventive oil.









# <Table of comparison with the full ball type products made by different manufacturers> 1. H Series (Standard Type)

WON	THK	NSK	PMI	HIWIN
H 15FN H 15FL	HSR 15A, B, C HSR 15LC	LH 15EL, EM LH 15GL, GM	MSA 15A	HGW 15CA
H 20FN	HSR 20A, B, C	LH 20EL, EM	MSA 20A	HGW 20CA
H 20FL	HSR 20LA, LB, LC	LH 20GL, GM	MSA 20LA	HGW 20HA
H 25FN	HSR 25A, B, C	LH 25EL, EM	MSA 25A	HGW 25CA
H 25FL	HSR 25LA, LB, LC	LH 25GL, GM	MSA 25LA	HGW 25HA
H 30FN	HSR 30A, B, C	LH 30EL, EM	MSA 30A	HGW 30CA
H 30FL	HSR 30LA, LB, LC	LH 30GL, GM	MSA 30LA	HGW 30HA
H 35FN	HSR 35A, B, C	LH 35EL, EM	MSA 35A	HGW 35CA
H 35FL	HSR 35LA, LB, LC	LH 35GL, GM	MSA 35LA	HGW 35HA
H 45FN	HSR 45A, B, C	LH 45EL, EM	MSA 45A	HGW 45CA
H 45FL	HSR 45LA, LB, LC	LH 45GL, GM	MSA 45LA	HGW 45HA
H 55FN	HSR 55A, B, C	LH 55EL, EM	MSA 55A	HGW 55CA
H 55FL	HSR 55LA, LB, LC	LH 55GL, GM	MSA 55LA	HGW 55HA
H 15RN H 15RL	HSR 15R HSR 15LR	LH 15AN, AL LH 15BL, BL	MSA 15S	HGH 15CA
H 20RN	HSR 20R	LH 20AN, AL	MSA 20S	HGH 20CA
H 20RL	HSR 20LR	LH 20BN, BL	MSA 20LS	HGH 20HA
H 25RN	HSR 25R	LH 25AN, AL	MSA 25S	HGH 25CA
H 25RL	HSR 25LR	LH 25BN, BL	MSA 25LS	HGH 25HA
H 30RN	HSR 30R	LH 30AN, AL	MSA 30S	HGH 30CA
H 30RL	HSR 30LR	LH 30BN, BL	MSA 30LS	HGH 30HA
H 35RN	HSR 35R	LH 35AN, AL	MSA 35S	HGH 35CA
H 35RL	HSR 35LR	LH 35BN, BL	MSA 35LS	HGH 35HA
H 45RN	HSR 45R	LH 45AN, AL	MSA 45S	HGH 45CA
H 45RL	HSR 45LR	LH 45BN, BL	MSA 45LS	HGH 45HA
H 55RN	HSR 55R	LH 55AN, AL	MSA 55S	HGH 55CA
H 55RL	HSR 55LR	LH 55BN, BL	MSA 55LS	HGH 55HA

## 2. HW Series (Wide Type)

WON	THK	NSK	PMI	HIWIN	IKO
HB 17F	HRW 17CA	LW 17EL	-	WEW 17CC	LWFF 33
HB 21F	HRW 21CA	LW 21EL	MSG 21E	WEW 21CC	LWFF 37
HB 27F	HRW 27CA	LW 27EL	MSG 27E	WEW 27CC	LWFF 42
HB 35F	HRW 35CA	LW 35EL	MSG 35E	WEW 35CC	LWFF 69
HB 17R	HRW 17CR	-	-	WEH 17CA	LWFS 33
HB 21R	HRW 21CR	-	MSG 21S	WEH 21CA	LWFS 37
HB 27R	HRW 27CR	-	MSG 27S	WEH 27CA	LWFS 42
HB 35R	HRW 35CR	-	MSG 35S	WEH 35CA	-

## S Series (Slim Type)

WON	THK	NSK	PMI	HIWIN
S 15RC	SR 15V	LS 15CL	MSB 15TS	EGH 15SA
S 15RN S 20RC	SR 15W SR 20V	LS 15AL LS 20CL	MSB 15S MSB 20TS	EGH 15CA EGH 20SA
S 20RN	SR 20W	LS 20AL	MSB 20S	EGH 20CA
S 20RC	SR 25V	LS 25CL	MSB 25TS	EGH 25SA
S 20RN	SR 25W	LS 25AL	MSB 25S	EGH 25CA
S 15FC	SR 15SB	LS 15EM	MSB 15TE	EGW 15CA
S 15FN	SR 15TB	LS 15JM	MSB 15E	EGW 15CB
S 20FC	SR 20SB	LS 20EM	MSB 20TE	EGW 20CA
S 20FN	SR 20TB	LS 20JM	MSB 20E	EGW 20CB
S 20FC	SR 25SB	LS 25EM	MSB 25TE	EGW 25CA
S 20FN	SR 25TB	LS 25JM	MSB 25E	EGW 25CB









## 4. M Series (Miniature Standard Type)

WON	THK	NSK	PMI	HIWIN	IKO
		NCN	PIVII		
M 5C	SRS 5GM	_	_	MGN 5C	LWLC 5
M 5N	SRS 5GN	LU 05TL	-	-	LWL 5
M 7C	SRS 7GS	-	-	-	LWLC 7
M 7N	SRS 7GM	LU 07AL	MSC 7M	MGN 7C	LWL 7
M 7L	SRS 7GN	-	MSC 7LM	MGN 7H	-
M 7LA	-	-	_	-	LWLG 7
M 9C	SRS 9GS	-	-	-	LWLC 9
M 9N	SRS 9GM	LU 09TL	MSC 9M	MGN 9C	LWL 9
M 9L	SRS 9GN	LU 09UL	MSC 9LM	MGN 9H	-
M 9LA	-	-	_	_	LWLG 9
M 12C	SRS 12GS	-	-	-	LWLC 12
M 12N	SRS 12GM	LU 12TL	MSC 12M	MGN 12C	LWL 12
M 12L	SRS 12GN	LU 12UL	MSC 12LM	MGN 12H	LWLG 12
M 15C	SRS 15GS	-	-	-	LWLC 15
M 15N	SRS 15GM	LU 15AL	MSC 15M	MGN 15C	LWL 15
M 15L	SRS 15GN	LU 15BL	MSC 15LM	MGN 15H	LWLG 15
M 20C	-	-	-	-	LWLC 20
M 20N	SRS 20GM	-	-	-	LWL 20
M 20L	-	-	-	-	LWLG 20

## MB Series (Miniature Wide Type)

WON	THK	NSK	PMI	HIWIN	IKO
MB 5C	SRS 5WGM	-	-	-	LWLFC 10
MB 5N	SRS 5WGN	LE 05AL	-	-	LWLF 10
MB 7C	SRS 7WGS	-	-	-	LWLFC 14
MB 7N	SRS 7WGM	LU 07TL	MSD 7M	MGW 7C	LWLF 14
MB 7L	SRS 7WGN	-	MSD 7LM	MGW 7H	LWLFG 14
MB 9C	SRS 9WGS	-	-	-	LWLFC 18
MB 9N	SRS 9WGM	LE 09TL, TR	MSD 9M	MGW 9C	LWLF 18
MB 9L	SRS 9WGN	-	MSD 9LM	MGW 9H	LWLFG 18
MB 12C	SRS 12WGS	-	-	-	LWLFC 24
MB 12N	SRS 12WGM	LE 12AL, AR	MSD 12M	MGW 12C	LWLF 24
MB 12L	SRS 12WGN	-	MSD 12LM	MGW 12H	LWLFG 24
MB 15C	SRS 15WGS	-	-	-	LWLFC 42
MB 15N	SRS 15WGM	LE 15AL, AR	MSD 15M	MGW 15C	LWLF 42
MB 15L	SRS 15WGN	-	MSD 15LM	MGW 15H	LWLFG 42

## <Table of model number comparison with spacer chain type of a different company>

## 1.H...S Series(Standard Type)

	71 - 7			
WON	THK	NSK	PMI	HIWIN
H 15FNS	SHS 15C	SH 15FL	SME 15EA	QHW 15CA
H 15FLS	SHS 15LC	SH 15HL	SME 15LEA	-
H 20FNS	SHS 20C	SH 20FL	SME 20EA	QHW 20CA
H 20FLS	SHS 20LC	SH 20HL	SME 20LEA	QHW 20HA
H 25FNS	SHS 25C	SH 25FL	SME 25EA	QHW 25CA
H 25FLS	SHS 25LC	SH 25HL	SME 25LEA	QHW 25HA
H 30FNS	SHS 30C	SH 30FL	SME 30EA	QHW 30CA
H 30FLS	SHS 30LC	SH 30HL	SME 30LEA	QHW 30HA
H 35FNS	SHS 35C	SH 35FL	SME 35EA	QHW 35CA
H 35FLS	SHS 35LC	SH 35HL	SME 35LEA	QHW 35HA
H 45FNS	SHS 45C	SH 45FL	SME 45EA	QHW 45CA
H 45FLS	SHS 45LC	SH 45HL	SME 45LEA	QHW 45HA
H 55FNS H 55FLS	SHS 55C SHS 55LC	SH 55FL SH 55HL	-	-
H 15RNS	SHS 15R	SH 15AN	SME 15SA	QHH 15CA
H 15RLS	-	SH 15BN	SME 15LSA	-
H 20RNS	SHS 20V	SH 20AN	SME 20SA	QHH 20CA
H 20RLS	SHS 20LV	SH 20BN	SME 20LSA	QHH 20HA
H 25RNS	SHS 25R	SH 25AN	SME 25SA	QHH 25CA
H 25RLS	SHS 25LR	SH 25BN	SME 25LSA	QHH 25HA
H 30RNS	SHS 30R	SH 30AN	SME 30SA	QHH 30CA
H 30RLS	SHS 30LR	SH 30BN	SME 30LSA	QHH 30HA
H 35RNS	SHS 35R	SH 35AN	SME 35SA	QHH 35CA
H 35RLS	SHS 35LR	SH 35BN	SME 35LSA	QHH 35HA





## **WON**



## 2. S...S Series(Slim Type)

WON	THK	NSK	PMI	HIWIN
S 15RCS	SSR 15XV	SS 15CL	SME 15EB	QEH 15SA
S 15RNS	SSR 15XW	SS 15AL	SME 15LEB	QEH 15CA
S 20RCS	SSR 20XV	SS 20CL	SME 20EB	QEH 20SA
S 20RNS	SSR 20XW	SS 20AL	SME 20LEB	QEH 20CA
S 25RCS	SSR 25XV	SS 25CL	SME 25EB	QEH 25SA
S 25RNS	SSR 25XW	SS 25AL	SME 25LEB	QEH 25CA
S 15FCS	-	SS 15JM	SME 15SB	QEW 15SA
S 15FNS	SSR 15XTB	SS 15EM	SME 15LSB	QEW 15CA
S 20FCS	-	SS 20JM	SME 20SB	QEW 20SA
S 20FNS	SSR 20XTB	SS 20EM	SME 20LSB	QEW 20CA
S 25FCS	-	SS 25JM	SME 25SB	QEW 25SA
S 25FNS	SSR 25XTB	SS 25EM	SME 25LSB	QEW 25CA

#### 3. HS...S Series(Slim Type)

WON	THK
HS 25RNS	SHS 25V
HS 25RLS	SHS 25LV
HS 30RNS	SHS 30V
HS 30RLS	SHS 30LV
HS 35RNS	SHS 35V
HS 35RLS	SHS 35LV

# **Crossed Roller Bearing Contents**

	_116
2. Features	_116
3. Use	_116
Types of Crossed Roller Bearing	
1. CB Series for Revolving Inner Ring	117
2. CH Series with High Stiffness	
3. CA Series for Slim Revolving Inner R	Ring
4. Customized Special Type CS Series	
1. Overview	_119
2.Procedure	<b>_</b> 119
Life Calculation	
1. Rating life (L)	_120
_	
condition	_121
3. Static safety factor (fs)	_121
4. Static equivalent radial load (Po)—	_122
5. Static equivalent radial load (Po)—	_122
6. Load factor (fw)	_123
7. Temperature factor (ft)	_123
Load Rating	
1. Basic dynamic load rating	123
,	
Permissible RPM	_123
	2. CH Series with High Stiffness  3. CA Series for Slim Revolving Inner R  4. Customized Special Type CS Series  Selection of Crossed Roller Bearin  1. Overview  2. Procedure  Life Calculation  1. Rating life (L)  2. Life calculation under heaving oper condition  3. Static safety factor (fs)  4. Static equivalent radial load (Po)  5. Static equivalent radial load (Po)  6. Load factor (fw)  7. Temperature factor (fr)  Load Rating  1. Basic dynamic load rating  2. Basic static load rating

O Warren
S COUNTY

8	<b>Cautions in Designing Compression</b>
	Plate and Housing

9	Fitting	_127
		_125
	4. Selection of compression flange and	bolt
	3. Installation and assembly	_125
	2. Tap for separation	_124
	1. Housing design for installation	_124

10	<b>Precision Specification of Crossed</b>	
	Roller Bearing	.12

# Precision Specification of WUP-class Series

1. Rotational precision of WUP-cl	ass series
(example)	132
2. Precision specification	132

12	Radial Clea	arance	13	32
----	-------------	--------	----	----

#### 13 Dimensions of Crossed Roller Bearing

1. CB Series	134
2. CH Series	136
3. CA Series	138

# Precautions for Handling Crossed Roller Bearing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_139







# 1 Structure and Features of WON Crossed Roller Bearing

#### 1. Structure

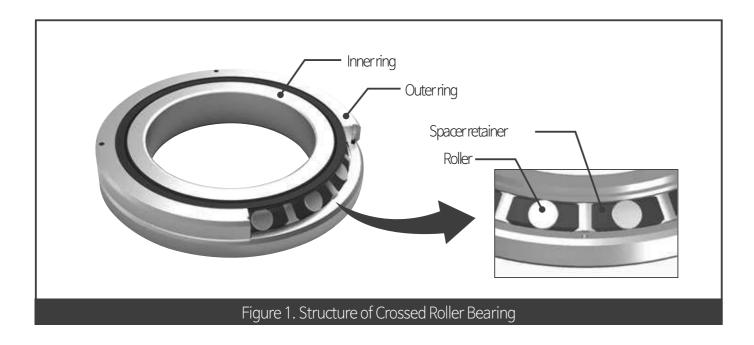
WON Crossed Roller Bearing has the structure in which a roller as a rolling element is crossed at right angles with the rolling surface with the V-grooved inner ring and outer ring. A spacer-type retainer assembled between rollers prevents the collision and friction of rollers, and the increase in rotational torque. The device has an easy-to-use compact structure.

#### 2. Features

In the rolling surface of the inner and outer rings of a crossed roller bearing, rollers are assembled. Therefore, the device reduces the elastic displacement by external load, and bears all complex loads, such as radial load, axial load, and moment load, at the same time. Since it adopts a spacer retainer, it avoids inclined surface of a roller, uneven wear caused by uneven contact, or hitching. Therefore, the product with high precision and high rigidity implements smooth rotary motion, and support preload adjustment differently depending on service conditions.

#### 3. Use

This product is mainly usable in an environment that needs complex loads, high rigidity and rotational precision. It is applied to various types of equipment, such as industrial robot, machine tool index table, ATC, medical equipment, precise alignment stage, semiconductor manufacture equipment, and DD motor.



# 2 Types of Crossed Roller Bearing

#### 1. CB Series for Revolving Inner Ring

- 1) The inner ring of a crossed roller bearing has an integral type, and its outer ring is separable into upper and lower parts that are bolted for easy handling.
- 2) This model is mainly applied to the parts that needs the rotational precision of its inner ring, such as the index table of machine tool, or the joint or turning part of industrial robot.



## 2. CH Series with High Stiffness

- 1) The inner and outer rings of a crossed roller bearing have an integral type, so that the device has a small installation error. In addition, this model with high precision and high rigidity secures stablerotational precsion.
- 2) This model is used in an environment where its inner and outer rings need to be rotated simultaneously or individually











## 3. CA Series for Slim Revolving Inner Ring

- 1) As a slim compact type, this model has minimum thickness of its inner and outer rings. Its inner ring has an integral type, and its outer ring is separable into upper and lower parts that are bolted for easy handling.
- 2) This model is mainly applied to the parts that needs the rotational precision of its inner ring and need to become light weight and small, such as the joint or turning part of industrial robot.



## 4. Customized Special Type CS Series

1) This is a customized model. If you need a special type in terms of the shape, size, material, and specification of the inner and outer rings, please contact WON ST.



# 3 Selection of Crossed Roller Bearing

#### 1. Overview

To select a crossed roller bearing, it is necessary to identify the details of requirements, prioritize them, and then choose the one that meets the service conditions.

#### 2. Procedure

- Determine service conditions
- The equipment to be used, requirements, service environments, precision, rigidity, life, and others
- Select a type
- Integral type, Inner ring separation type, Outer ring separation type, General type, High rigidity type
- Calculate load
- Calculate radial load, axial load, moment load, and dynamic equivalent load
- Calculate rated service life
- Calculate a rated service life
- Calculate static safety factor
- Calculate a static safety factor in consideration of the characteristics of equipment, external load. etc. of equipment, external load, etc.
- 6 Determine rigidity and preload
- Determine clearance and preload values in motion conditions, rotational precision, etc. Determine clearance and preload values in consideration of
- 7 Determine precision
- Determine a level of precision in consideration of rotational precision and assembly precision.
- Determine lubrication

Determine oil, grease, or a special lubricant.

Complete selection



## WON



# 4 Life Calculation

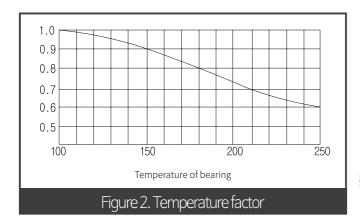
## 1. Rated service life (L)

It is possible to calculate the basic rated life of cross roller bearing in the following formula.

$$L = \left(\frac{f_T \cdot C}{f_w \cdot P_c}\right)^{\frac{10}{3}} X \cdot 10^6$$

Service life time

$$L_h = \frac{L}{60 \times N}$$



L: Rated service life

C: Basic dynamic load rating (N)

Pc: Dynamic equivalent radial load(N)

f<sub>T</sub>: Temperature factor

fw:Load factor

Lh: Service life time(h)

N:RPM(rpm)

※ Note: Usually, workable temperature is 80℃ or below. If above, please contact WON ST.

## 2. Life calculation under heaving operation condition

Service life of a bearing under heaving operation condition is calculated as follows.

$$L_{0c} = \frac{90}{\theta} \left( \frac{C}{P_c} \right)^P$$

Loc: rated service life 10<sup>6</sup> cycle indicated in heaving frequency of the bearing under heaving operation

 $\theta$ : heaving angle (See Fig.3.)

Pc: dynamic equivalent radial load

 $\times$  If  $\varnothing$  is small, it is hard to generate an oil film on the contact surface between the raceway surface and a rotating body. In addition, it may cause corrosion.

#### In case of heaving operation

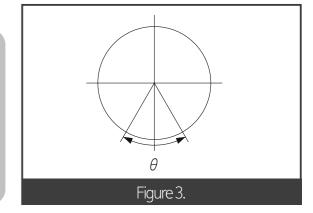
Service life time 
$$L_h = \frac{360 \, \text{XL}}{2 \, \text{X} \, \theta \, \text{X} \, \text{no} \, \text{X} \, 60}$$

$$L_h : \text{Service life time} \qquad \text{(h)}$$

$$\theta : \text{Heaving angle} \qquad \text{(deg)}$$

$$\text{(**See the figure on the right.)}$$

$$\text{No} : \text{Number of reciprocating motions (min-1)}$$



#### 3. Static safety factor (fs)

Static safety factor(fs) of a crossed roller bearing is calculated as follows. For the general static safety factor, see Table 1.

$$f_s = \frac{C_0}{P_0}$$

fs: static safety factor

Co: basic static load rating (N)

Po: static equivalent radial load (maximum load) (N)

Table 1. Static safety factor (fs)

Working condition	Lower limit of fs
High rotational precision is required.	≥3
Under normal operation condition	≥2
Almost no rotation and no significance of smooth operation under normal operation condition	≥1







## 4. Static equivalent radial load (Po)

Static equivalent radial load of a crossed roller bearing is calculated in the following formula.

$$P_0 = F_r + \frac{2M}{D_{PW}} + 0.44 F_a$$

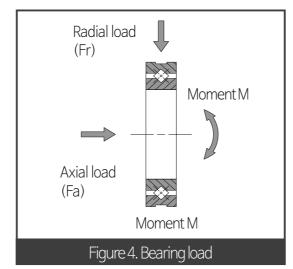
Po: Static equivalent radial load (N)

Fr: Radial load N)

Fa: Axial load (N)

M: Moment(N • mm)

Dpw: Roller set pitch diameter(Dpw  $= \frac{d+D}{2}$ )



## 5. Dynamic equivalent radial load (Pc)

Dynamic equivalent radial load of a crossed roller bearing is calculated in the following formula.

$$P_c = X \left(F_r + \frac{2M}{D_{PW}}\right) + Y F_a$$

Pc: Dynamic equivalent radial load (N)

Fr: Radial load(N)

Fa: Axial load (N)

M: Moment(N·mm)

X: Radial load factor (See Table 2.)

Y: Axial load factor (See Table 2.)

Dpw: Roller set pitch diameter(Dpw  $= \frac{d+D}{2}$ )

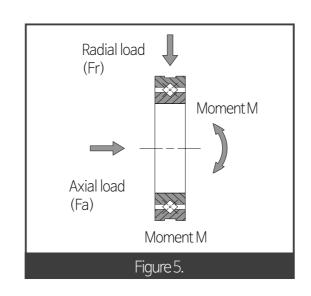


Table 2. Radial load factor and axial load factor

Classification	Χ	Υ
$\frac{F_a}{F_r + 2M/D_{PW}} \leq 1.5$	1	0.45
—————————————————————————————————————	0.67	0.67

#### 6. Load factor (fw)

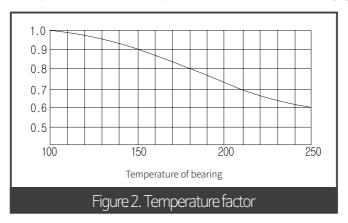
When a crossed roller bearing is used, the load imposed on the bearing by vibration and impacts in operation is often greater than the calculated load. To select a crossed roller bearing, it is required to take into account the load factor values in the table shown below.

Table 3. Load factor (fw)

Load condition	fw
Smooth operation condition without impacts	1 ~ 1.2
Normal operation condition	1.2 ~ 1.5
The operation condition with both vibration load and impact load	1.5 ~ 3

## 7. Temperature factor (f<sub>T</sub>)

Temperature factor is presented in the following graph.



※ Note: Usually, workable temperature is 80℃ or below. If above, please contact WON ST

## 5 Load rating

#### 1. Basic dynamic load rating (C)

It refers to the radial load with a constant size and direction, which makes it possible to meet the condition where over 90% in the group of multiple crossed roller bearings with the same model have no flaking and can rotate a million times.

#### 2. Basic static load rating (Co)

It refers to the static radial load that imposes a certain level of contact stress on the raceway surface with the maximum load and on the center of the contact part of a rotating body in a crossed roller bearing.







# 6 Permissible RPM

For the permissible RPM of a crossed roller bearing, see the table below. A permissible RPM depends on assembly or service conditions.

Table 4. Permissible RPM of crossed roller bearing (dm • n)

Bearing Type	Seal	Grease lubrication	Oil lubrication
Bearing	No seal	75,000	150,000
Spacer retainer	Seals on the both sides	60,000	-

 $\% dm \cdot n = dm X n$ 

dm: The mean value of inside and outside dimeters (mm)

n: Revolution count (rpm)

# 7 Lubrication

A crossed roller bearing is commonly lubricated with grease. An oil inlet of the inner ring and outer ring is used for grease supply. A crossed roller bearing with double-sided seal mounting type is filled with Albania EP2 grease.

If a bearing is not filled with a lubricant, please fill it with the grease or oil suitable for service conditions before use. Without lubrication, it is possible to make the rolling surface worn out more and shorten of a bearing life.

# 8 Cautions in Designing Compression Plate and Housing

A crossed roller bearing is compact and slim. It is required to evaluate the rigidity of a pressure plate or housing plate and the torque of bolts in the process of designing an installation part.

In the case of poor rigidity, it is impossible to assemble the inner and outer rings of a bearing evenly and tightly, and the bearing can be deformed in moment load. In such deformation, a roller fails to make contact uniform and thus performance of the bearing is degraded significantly.

## 1. Housing design for installation

Housing thickness should be at least 60% of cross-section height of a bearing.

$$T = \frac{D-d}{2} \times 0.6 \text{ or more}$$

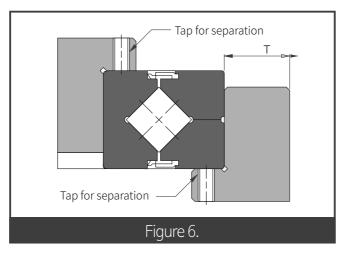
T: Housing thickness

D: The outside diameter of the outer ring

d: The outside diameter of the inner ring

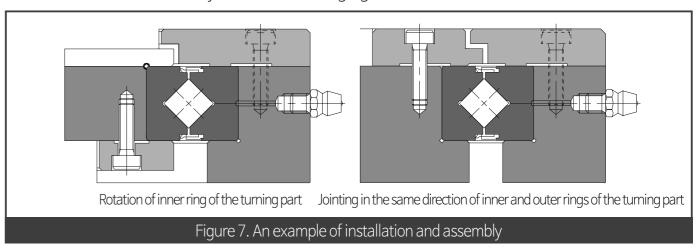
## 2. Tap for separation

If a separation tap is applied to a design, it is easy to separate the inner and outer rings without any damage to a bearing.



## 3. Installation and assembly

For installation and assembly, see the following figure.



#### 4. Selection of compression flange and bolt

The more numbers of the fastening bolts for compression, the more stable. Bolts are arranged in the equimultiples as shown in Table 5. For the thickness (F) and gap (S) of the flange for compression, see the following table of dimensions

F = B X 0.5 ~ B X 1.2

 $H = B_{-0.1}^{0}$ 

S = 0.5 mm

To prevent a flange for compression from being loosened, it is required to make firm connection in an appropriate torque level. If a shaft or housing is made of a light alloy material, use steel. For general heavy or light steel, see the following table.

Unit:mm

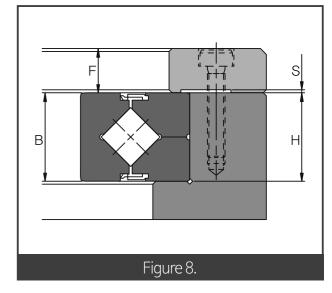
I Init·NI . m

Table 5. Number of compression bolts and bolt size

Officially							
external diame	ter of outer ring	No. of bolts	Bolt size				
Above Below		1101 01 2010	30100120				
- 100		8 or more	M3 ~ M5				
100 200		12 or more	M4 ~ M8				
200 300		16 or more	M5 ~ M12				

Table 6. Maximum clamping torque of bolts

Table 0. Maxim	OHILTING			
Bolt No.	Clamping torque	Bolt No.	Clamping torque	
M3	2	M8	30	
M4	M4 4		70	
M5	9	M12	120	
M6	14	-	-	









## Assembly procedure for installation

The assembly procedure of a crossed roller bearing is as follows.

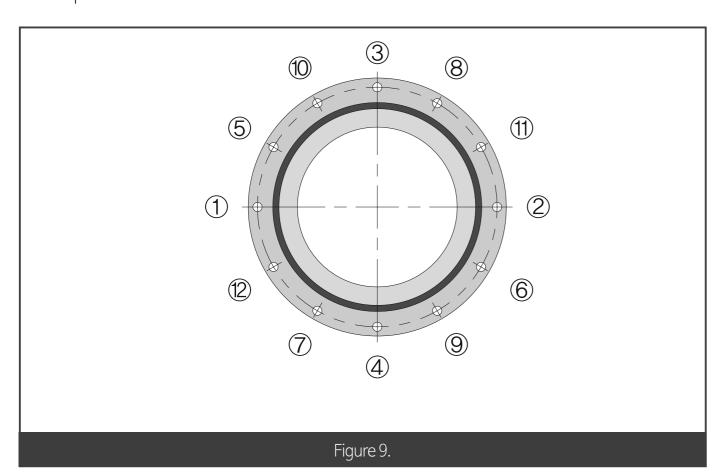
#### 1. Preliminary check before mounting

Wash a housing or other assembly parts clearly and check if they have any scratch or sharp edge.

#### 2. Axis or housing assembly

Since a bearing is slim, it can be easily inclined in the process of assembly. Make it balanced horizontally with the use of a plastic hammer, and then hammer the cylinder of the outer ring gradually and insert it. Carefully hammer it until the part is set in the contact surface completely.

- 3. Compression-flange mounting
- 1) Mount a flange for compression. Check a position for bolt fastening by shaking the flange before assembly.
- 2) Check that a bolt is positioned well in a hole before fastening the bolt.
- 3) The bolt fastening process is comprised of 2 to 5 steps from temporary fastening to complete fastening. If the inner ring and outer ring are separated from each other, rotate the integral axis gently and slowly in order to secure an assembly position, and then fasten a bolt in 2 to 5 steps.



# 9 Fitting

For fitting, see the following table

Table 7. Recommended fitting in normal load

	Tolerance range class					
Radial internal clearance	Load f	ixed to inner ring	Load fixed to outer ring			
	Shaft	Housing bore	Shaft	Housing bore		
G <sub>2</sub> clearance	h5	H7	g5	J7 <sup>(1)</sup>		
G1 clearance	j5	H7	g5	J7 <sup>(1)</sup>		

Note<sup>(1)</sup> It is recommended to fit to a small edge according to measured value of a bearing.

Table8. Recommended fitting for the normal clearance of a slim type

	Load fixed to inner ring				Load fixed to outer ring			
Inside diameter of bearing (d)	Sh	aft	Housir	ng bore	Sh	aft	Housir	ng bore
bearing (a)	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.
50	+15	0	+13	0	-15	-30	-13	-25
60	+15	0	+13	0	-15	-30	-13	-25
70	+15	0	+15	0	-15	-30	-15	-30
80	+20	0	+15	0	-20	-40	-15	-30
90	+20	0	+15	0	-20	-40	-15	-30
100	+20	0	+15	0	-20	-40	-15	-30
110	+20	0	+20	0	-20	-40	-20	-40
120	+25	0	+20	0	-25	-50	-20	-40
130	+25	0	+25	0	-25	-50	-25	-50
140	+25	0	+25	0	-25	-50	-25	-50
150	+25	0	+25	0	-25	-50	-25	-50
160	+25	0	+25	0	-25	-50	-25	-50
170	+25	0	+30	0	-25	-50	-30	-60
180	+30	0	+30	0	-30	-60	-30	-60
190	+30	0	+30	0	-30	-60	-30	-60
200	+30	0	+30	0	-30	-60	-30	-60









# 10 Precision Specification of Crossed Roller Bearing

Precision of a crossed roller bearing and dimensional tolerance are calculated with the dimensions described in Table 9 to Table 18.

Table 9. Rotational precision of the inner ring of CH Series

Unit∶µm

	Inner rir	ng radial runout to	olerance	Inner ring axis runout tolerance			
Model No.	Precision	Super precision	Ultra precision	Precision	Super precision	Ultra precision	
	P5	P4	P2	P5	P4	P2	
CH42	4	3	2.5	4	3	2.5	
CH66	5	4	2.5	5	4	2.5	
CH85	5	4	2.5	5	4	2.5	
CH124	5	4	2.5	5	4	2.5	
CH148	6	5	2.5	6	5	2.5	
CH178	6	5	2.5	6	5	2.5	
CH228	8	6	5	8	6	5	
CH297	10	8	5	10	8	5	
CH445	15	12	7	15	12	7	

Note<sup>(1)</sup>: Standard rotational precision of CH series is P5.

Table 10. Rotational precision of the outer ring of CH Series

Unit∶µm

	Inner rir	ng radial runout to	olerance	Inner ring axis runout tolerance			
Model No.	Precision	Super precision	Ultra precision	Precision	Super precision	Ultra precision	
	P5	P4	P2	P5	P4	P2	
CH42	8	5	4	8	5	4	
CH66	10	6	5	10	6	5	
CH85	10	6	5	10	6	5	
CH124	13	8	5	13	8	5	
CH148	15	10	7	15	10	7	
CH178	15	10	7	15	10	7	
CH228	18	11	7	18	11	7	
CH297	20	13	8	20	13	8	
CH445	25	16	10	25	16	10	

Note<sup>(1)</sup>: Standard rotational precision of CH series is P5.

Table 11. Rotational precision of the inner ring of CB Series

Unit:μm

				<u> </u>							•
	dimension the inside	In	ner ring ra	adial runoi	ut tolerand	ce	lı	nner ring a	axis runou	t tolerano	е
	l) of bearing	0	PE6	PE5	PE4	PE2	0	PE6	PE5	PE4	PE2
Above	Below	0	P6	P5	P4	P2	U	P6	P5	P4	P2
18	30	13	8	4	3	2.5	13	8	4	3	2.5
30	50	15	10	5	4	2.5	15	10	5	4	2.5
50	80	20	10	5	4	2.5	20	10	5	4	2.5
80	120	25	13	6	5	2.5	25	13	6	5	2.5
120	150	30	18	8	6	2.5	30	18	8	6	2.5
150	180	30	18	8	6	5	30	18	8	6	5
180	250	40	20	10	8	5	40	20	10	8	5
250	315	50	25	13	10	(6)	50	25	13	10	(6)
315	400	60	30	15	12	(7)	60	30	15	12	(7)
400	500	65	35	18	14	(9)	65	35	18	14	(9)
500	630	70	40	20	16	(10)	70	40	20	16	(10)
630	800	80	(45)	(23)	(18)	(11)	80	(45)	(23)	(18)	(11)
800	1000	90	(50)	(25)	(20)	(12)	90	(50)	(25)	(20)	(12)

Table 12. Rotational precision of the inner ring of CA Series

Unit∶µm

Nominal dimension (mm) of the	Nominal dimension (mm) of the inside diameter (d) of bearing					
Above	Below	Allowable value of axial run-out				
40	65	13				
65	80	15				
80	100	15				
100	120	20				
120	140	25				
140	180	25				
180	200	30				









Table 13. Dimensional tolerance of the inside diameter of bearing

Unit∶*µ*m

Table 10. E		0010101100	erance of the inside diameter of bearing						
	nension (mm) diameter (d)				Tolerance	of dm Note (2)			
	earing	0,P6,P5,P	4,P2,WUP	PE	Ξ6	PI	<b>E</b> 5	PE4,	, PE2
Above	Below	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.
18	30	0	-10	0	-8	0	-6	0	-5
30	50	0	-12	0	-10	0	-8	0	-6
50	80	0	-15	0	-12	0	-9	0	-7
80	120	0	-20	0	-15	0	-10	0	-8
120	150	0	-25	0	-18	0	-13	0	-10
150	180	0	-25	0	-18	0	-13	0	-10
180	250	0	-30	0	-22	0	-15	0	-12
250	315	0	-35	0	-25	0	-18	-	_
315	400	0	-40	0	-30	0	-23	-	-
400	500	0	-45	0	-35	_	-	-	-
500	630	0	-50	0	-40	_	_	-	-
630	800	0	-75	0	-		-	-	-
800	1000	0	-100	_	_	_	_	-	_

Note<sup>(1)</sup>: Standard precision of the inside diameter of CH series is class 0. For higher precision, please contact WON ST.

Note<sup>(2)</sup>: dm is the mean value between the max diameter and min diameter of the 2-point measurement values of bearing inside diameter.

Note<sup>(3)</sup>: In case of no indication of precision class, the highest of the low precision classes is applied.

Table 14. Dimensional tolerance of the outside diameter of bearing

Unit∶*u*m

Table 1 1. D	in ner isloriar	torcrarice o	of the outside diameter of bearing						
	ension (mm) diameter (d)				Tolerance	of dm Note (2)			
	earing	0,P6,P5,P	4,P2,WUP	PI	Ξ6	Pl	<del>-</del> 5	PE4,	PE2
Above	Below	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.
30	50	0	-11	0	-9	0	-7	0	-6
50	80	0	-13	0	-11	0	-9	0	-7
80	120	0	-15	0	-13	0	-10	0	-8
120	150	0	-18	0	-15	0	-11	0	-9
150	180	0	-25	0	-18	0	-13	0	-10
180	250	0	-30	0	-20	0	-15	0	-11
250	315	0	-35	0	-25	0	-18	0	-13
315	400	0	-40	0	-28	0	-20	0	-15
400	500	0	-45	0	-33	0	-23	-	_
500	630	0	-50	0	-38	0	-28	-	_
630	800	0	-75	0	-45	0	-35	_	_
800	1000	0	-100	-	_	-	-	-	_

Note<sup>(1)</sup>: Standard precision of the inside diameter of CH series is class 0. For higher precision, please contact WON ST.

Note<sup>(2)</sup>: dm is the mean value between the max diameter and min diameter of the 2-point measurement values of bearing outside diameter

Note<sup>(3)</sup>: In case of no indication of precision class, the highest of the low precision classes is applied.

Table 15. Tolerance of the inner & outer ring width of CB Series

Unit∶*µ*m

Model No.	Tolerance of B1				
Model No.	Max.	Min.			
CH42	0	-75			
CH66	0	-75			
CH85	0	-75			
CH124	0	-75			
CH148	0	-75			
CH178	0	-100			
CH228	0	-100			
CH297	0	-100			
CH445	0	-150			

Table 15. Tolerance of the inner & outer ring width of CB Series

Unit:μm

Nominal dimension	(mm) of the inside	Toleran	ce of B1	Tolerance of B1		
diameter (c	d) of bearing	Applied to the i	nner ring of CB	r ring of CB Applied to the ou		
Above	Below	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
18	30	0	-75	0	-100	
30	50	0	-75	0	-100	
50	80	0	-75	0	-100	
80	120	0	-75	0	-100	
120	150	0	-100	0	-120	
150	180	0	-100	0	-120	
180	250	0	-100	0	-120	
250	315	0	-120	0	-150	
315	400	0	-150	0	-200	
400	500	0	-150	0	-200	
500	630	0	-150	0	-200	
630	800	0	-150	0	-200	
800	1000	0	-300	0	-400	





Pitch circle

diameter of roller (dp) (mm)

Above 

Below

-8

-8

-10

-10

-10

-10

-10

-10

-10

-10

-15

-15

-15



# 11 Precision Specification of WUP-class Series

## 1. Rotational precision of WUP-class series (example)

WUP-class Series has higher rotational precision than those of ISO Class2, KS 2, DIN P2, AFBMA ABCE9, and JIS2.

## 2. Precision specification

The runout precision of CH, CB and WUP-class crossed roller bearing series is based on the Table 17 and Table 18.

Table 17. Runout precision of CH and WUP-class series Unit: um

Table 17. Natioal precision of ciratia vvoi class series Offic. μill								
Model No.		cision of the of CH series		cision of the of CH series				
Model No.	Radial runout tolerance		Radial runout tolerance					
CH42	2	2	3	3				
CH66	2	2	3	3				
CH85	2	2	3	3				
CH124	2	2	3	3				
CH148	2	2	4	4				
CH178	2	2	4	4				
CH228	2.5	2.5	4	4				
CH297	3	3	5	5				
CH445	4	4	7	7				

Table 18. Runout precision of CB and WUP-class series Unit: um

Nominal dimens inner diameter diame	(d) and outside	Runout precision of the inner ring of CB series		
Above	Below	Radial runout tolerance	Axis runout tolerance	
80	180	2.5	2.5	
180	250	3	3	
250	315	4	4	
315	400	4	4	
400	500	5	5	
500	630	6	6	
630	800	-	-	

# 12 Radial Clearance

The radial clearance of CH, CB, and CA series is shown in the following tables

Table 19. Radial clearance of CH series

Unit: μm Radial clearance Starting torque Model No.  $(\mu m)$ Min. Min. CH42 0.1 0.5 CH66 0.3 2.2 CH85 0.4 CH124 CH148 CH178 CH228 CH297 CH445 

Note: G3 clearance of CH series is controlled by starting torque, and the starting torque of G3 clearance has no seal resistance.

Table 20. Radial clearance of CB and WUP-class series Unit:μm

Pitch circle diameter of roller (dp) (mm)		C	<b>.</b> 33	C	j2
Above	Below	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
120	160	-10	0	0	40
160	200	-10	0	0	50
200	250	-10	0	0	60
250	280	-15	0	0	80
280	315	-15	0	0	100
315	355	-15	0	0	110
355	400	-15	0	0	120
400	500	-20	0	0	130
500	560	-20	0	0	150
560	630	-20	0	0	170
630	710	-20	0	0	190

#### Table 21. Radial clearance of CB series

Unit: μm

Min. Max. Min. Max. Min. Max. 15 | 35 100 | 100 | 170 | 110 | 110 | 190

						U	nit∶μm
Pitch circle diameter of roller (dp) (mm)		(-	<b>3</b> 3	G2 G1		<b>)</b> 1	
Above	Below	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
355	400	-15	0	30	120	120	210
400	450	-20	0	30	130	130	230
450	500	-20	0	30	130	130	250
500	560	-20	0	30	150	150	280
560	630	-20	0	40	170	170	310
630	710	-20	0	40	190	190	350
710	800	-30	0	40	210	210	390
800	900	-30	0	40	230	230	430
900	1000	-30	0	50	260	260	480
1000	1120	-30	0	60	290	290	530
1120	1250	-30	0	60	320	320	580
1250	1400	-30	0	70	350	350	630

#### Table 22. Radial clearance of CA series

Unit∶µm

	meter of roller (mm)	(	33	G2			
Above	Below	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
50	80	-8	0	0	15		
80	120	-8	0	0	15		
120	140	-8	0	0	15		
140	160	-8	0	0	15		
160	180	-10	0	0	20		
180	200	-10	0	0	20		
200	225	-10	0	0	20		



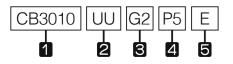




# 13 Dimensions of Crossed Roller Bearing

## 1. CB Series

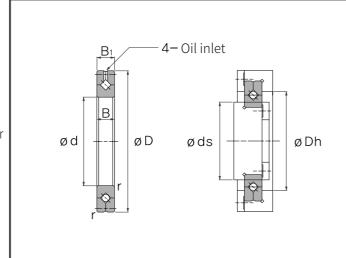
#### Composition of Model Name & Number



- 1 Model No.
- No symbol- No seal / UU- Two-side seal / U- One-side seal
- **3** Symbol of clearance: G<sub>1</sub>-Normal preload / G<sub>2</sub>-Light preload / G<sub>3</sub>-Heavy preload / G<sub>5</sub>-Special preload

  Symbol of precision: No symbol-Moderate / H<sub>6</sub>-High / P<sub>4</sub>-Super
- Precision / P2-Ultra Precision
- **5** No symbol–Standard product /E-special specification

- Standard type, The structure inner ring rotation and outer ring separation



Unit: mm

		Major dimensions							Assembly		Basic load		Mass
Shaft diameter	Model No.	Inner diam- eter d	Outside diam- eter D	Pitch circle diameter of roller dp	Width BB1	Oil inlet		_	dimensions		rating (radial)		IVIdSS
						а	b	min	ds max	Dh min	C kN	Co kN	kg
20	CB 2008	20	36	27	8	2	0.8	0.5	23.5	30.5	3.23	3.1	0.04
25	CB 2508	25	41	32	8	2	0.8	0.5	28.5	35.5	3.63	3.83	0.05
30	CB 3010	30	55	41.5	10	2.5	1	0.6	37	47	7.35	8.36	0.12
35	CB 3510	35	60	46.5	10	2.5	1	0.6	41	51.5	7.64	9.12	0.13
40	CB 4010	40	65	51.5	10	2.5	1	0.6	47.5	57.5	8.33	10.6	0.16
45	CB 4510	45	70	56.5	10	2.5	1	0.6	51	61.5	8.62	11.3	0.17
50	CB 5013	50	80	64	13	2.5	1.6	0.6	57.4	72	16.7	20.9	0.27
60	CB 6013	60	90	74	13	2.5	1.6	0.6	68	82	18	24.3	0.3
70	CB 7013	70	100	84	13	2.5	1.6	0.6	78	92	19.4	27.7	0.35
80	CB 8016	80	120	98	16	3	1.6	0.6	91	111	30.1	42.1	0.7
90	CB 9016	90	130	108	16	3	1.6	1	98	118	31.4	45.3	0.75
100	CB 10016	100	140	119.3	16	3.5	1.6	1	109	129	31.7	48.6	0.83
	CB 10020		150	123	20	3.5	1.6	1	113	133	33.1	50.9	1.45
110	CB 11012	110	135	121.8	12	2.5	1	0.6	117	127	12.5	24.1	0.4
	CB 11015		145	126.5	15	3.5	1.6	0.6	122	136	23.7	41.5	0.75
	CB 11020		160	133	20	3.5	1.6	1	120	143	34	54	1.56

Unit:mm

	Model No.	Major dimensions							Assembly Basic load Ma				Macc
Shaft diameter		Inner	Outside	Pitch circle	\ <i>\\i</i> id+b	Oil inlet			dimensions		rating (radial)		Mass
		diam- eter d	diam- eter D	diameter of roller dp	Width BB1	а	b	r min	ds max	Dh min	C kN	Co kN	kg
120	CB 12016	120	150	134.2	16	3.5	1.6	0.6	127	141	24.2	43.2	0.72
	CB 12025		180	148.7	25	3.5	2	1.5	133	164	66.9	100	2.62
120	CB 13015	130	160	144.5	15	3.5	1.6	0.6	137	152	25	46.7	0.72
130	CB 13025	130	190	158	25	3.5	2	1.5	143	174	69.5	107	2.82
140	CB 14016	140	175	154.8	16	2.5	1.6	1	147	162	25.9	50.1	1
	CB 14025		200	168	25	3.5	2	1.5	154	185	74.8	121	2.96
	CB 15013		180	164	13	2.5	1.6	0.6	157	172	27	53.5	0.68
150	CB 15025	150	210	178	25	3.5	2	1.5	164	194	76.8	128	3.16
	CB 15030		230	188	30	4.5	3	1.5	173	211	100	156	5.3
160	CB 16025	160	220	188.6	25	3.5	2	1.5	173	204	81.7	135	3.14
170	CB 17020	170	220	191	20	3.5	1.6	1.5	184	198	29	62.1	2.21
180	CB 18025	180	240	210	25	3.5	2	1.5	195	225	84	143	3.44
190	CB 19025	190	240	211.9	25	3.5	1.6	1	202	222	41.7	82.9	2.99
	CB 20025		260	230	25	3.5	2	2	215	245	84.2	157	4
200	CB 20030	200	280	240	30	4.5	3	2	221	258	114	200	6.7
	CB 20035		295	247.7	35	5	3	2	225	270	151	252	9.6
220	CB 22025	220	280	250.1	25	3.5	2	2	235	265	92.3	171	4.1
240	CB 24025	240	300	269	25	3.5	2	2.5	256	281	68.3	145	4.5
	CB 25025	250	310	277.5	25	3.5	2	2.5	265	290	69.3	150	5
250	CB 25030		330	287.5	30	4.5	3	2.5	269	306	126	244	8.1
	CB 25040		355	300.7	40	6	3.5	2.5	275	326	195	348	14.8
	CB 30025		360	328	25	3.5	2	2.5	315	340	76.3	178	5.9
300	CB 30035	300	395	345	35	5	3	2.5	322	368	183	367	13.4
	CB 30040		405	351.6	40	6	3.5	2.5	326	377	212	409	17.2
350	CB 35020	350	400	373.4	20	3.5	1.6	2.5	363	383	54.1	143	3.9
400	CB 40035	400	480	440.3	35	5	3	2.5	422	459	156	370	14.5
400	CB 40040	400	510	453.4	40	6	3.5	2.5	428	479	241	531	23.5
450	CB 45025	450	500	474	25	3.5	1.6	1	464	484	61.7	182	6.6
500	CB 50025	500	550	524.2	25	3.5	1.6	1	514	534	65.5	201	7.3
	CB 50040		600	548.8	40	6	3	2.5	526	572	239	607	26
	CB 50050		625	561.6	50	6	3.5	2.5	536	587	267	653	41.7
600	CB 60040	600	700	650	40	6	3	3	627	673	264	721	29
700	CB 70045	700	815	753.5	45	6	3	3	731	777	281	836	46
800	CB 80070	800	950	868.1	70	6	4	4	836	900	468	1330	105
900	CB 90070	900	1050	969	70	6	4	4	937	1001	494	1490	120

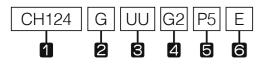






# 2. CH Series

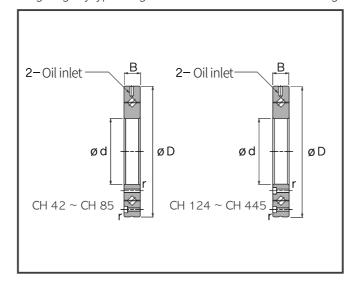
### Composition of Model Name & Number



- 1 Model No.
- 2 Shape: No symbol-The same direction of counterbore /
- G-Opposite direction of counterbore/ X-inner ring tap hole

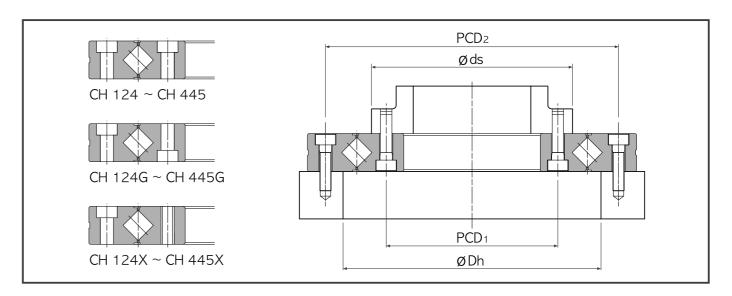
  No symbol- No seal / UU- Two-side seal / U- One-side seal (oneside seal of the counterbore of outer ring)/UT-One-side seal (the opposite of the counterbore of outer ring)
- 4 Symbol of clearance: G<sub>1</sub>-Normal preload / G<sub>2</sub>-Light preload / G<sub>3</sub>-Heavy preload / Gs-Special preload
- Symbol of precision: No symbol–Moderate / H6–High / P4–Super Precision / P2-Ultra Precision
- 6 No symbol-Standard product /E-special specification

- High-rigidity type, Integral structure of the inner and outer rings



Unit: mm

		Major dimensions				Assembly		Basic load rating		Mass		
Shaft	Model No.	Inner	Outside	Pitch circle	Width	Oil inlet	r	dimensions		(radial)		141033
diameter	Modelito	diameter d	diameter D	diameter of roller dp	В	d <sub>1</sub>	min	ds max	Dh min	C kN	Co kN	kg
20	CH 42	20	70	41.5	12	3.1	0.6	37	47	7.35	8.35	0.29
35	CH 66	35	95	66	15	3.1	0.6	59	74	17.5	22.3	0.62
55	CH 85	55	120	85	15	3.1	0.6	79	93	20.3	29.5	1
80	CH 124(G) CH 124X	80	165	124	22	3.1	1	114	134	33.1	50.9	2.6
90	CH 148(G) CH 148X	90	210	147.5	25	3.1	1.5	133	162	49.1	76.8	4.9
115	CH 178(G) CH 178X	115	240	178	28	3.1	1.5	161	195	80.3	135	6.8
160	CH 228(G) CH 228X	160	295	227.5	35	6	2	208	246	104	173	11.4
210	CH 297(G) CH 297X	210	380	297.3	40	6	2.5	272	320	156	281	21.3
350	CH 445(G) CH 445X	350	540	445.4	45	6	2.5	417	473	222	473	35.4



Unit:mm

					Officiality		
			Inner ring	Outer ring			
Shaft diameter	Model No.	PCD <sub>1</sub>	Mounting hole	PCD <sub>2</sub>	Mounting hole		
20	CH 42	28	6-M3 penetrated	57	6-ø3.4 penetrated, ø6.5 counterbore depth 3.3		
35	CH 66	45	8-M4 penetrated	83	8-ø4.5 penetrated, ø8 counterbore depth 4.4		
55	CH 85	65	8-M5 penetrated	105	8-ø5.5 penetrated, ø9.5 counterbore depth 5.4		
00	CH 124(G) 97		10-ø5.5 penetrated, ø9.5 counterbore depth 5.4	1.40	10 of Franchistad of Franchistades double 1		
00			10-M5 penetrated	148	10-ø5.5 penetrated, ø9.5 counterbore depth 5.4		
90	CH 148(G)	112	12-ø9 penetrated, ø14 counterbore depth 8.6	187	12-ø9 penetrated, ø14 counterbore depth 8.6		
90	CH 148X		12-M8 penetrated	10/	12 9 perietrateu, 9 14 wuriterwie depti10.0		
115	CH 178(G)	139	12-ø9 penetrated, ø14 counterbore depth 8.6	217	12-ø9 penetrated, ø14 counterbore depth 8.6		
113	CH 178X	139	12-M8 penetrated	Z17	12-69 perietrated, Ø 14 counterbore depti16.0		
160	CH 228(G)	184	12-ø11 penetrated, ø17.5 counterbore depth 10.8	270	12-ø11 penetrated, ø17.5 counterbore depth 10.8		
100	160 CH 228X		12-M10 penetrated	2/0	12-Ø11 perieurated, Ø17.5 counterbore deptri 10.8		
210	CH 297(G)	240	16-ø14 penetrated, ø20 counterbore depth 13	350	16-ø14 penetrated, ø20 counterbore depth 13		
210	CH 297X	240	16-M12 penetrated	330	10- Ø 14 perietrated, Ø 20 counterbore depti 113		
350	CH 445(G)	385	24-ø14 penetrated, ø20 counterbore depth 13	505	24- a 14 papatrated a 20 counterbara depth 12		
330	CH 445X	303	24-M12 penetrated	303	24- ø 14 penetrated, ø 20 counterbore depth 13		

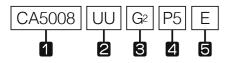






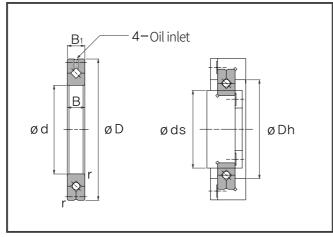
#### 3. CA Series

#### Composition of Model Name & Number



- 1 Model No.
- 2 No symbol- No seal / UU- Two-side seal / U- One-side seal
- Symbol of clearance: G<sub>1</sub>-Normal preload / G<sub>2</sub>-Light preload / G<sub>3</sub>-Heavy preload / G<sub>5</sub>-Special preload
- 4 Symbol of precision: No symbol-Moderate / H6-High / P4-Super Precision / P2-Ultra Precision
- **5** No symbol–Standard product /E-special specification

 Slim type, The structure inner ring rotation and outer ring separation



Unit: mm

			Major dimensions						Assembly		Basic load rating		Mass
Shaft	Model No.	Inner	Outside	Pitch circle	Pitch circle Width		nlet		dimensions		(radial)		IVIdSS
diameter	Model No.	diameter d	diameter D	diameter of roller dp	B B <sub>1</sub>	а	b	<b>r</b> min	ds (max)	Dh (min)	C kN	Co kN	kg
50	CA 5008	50	66	57	8	2	0.8	0.5	53.5	60.5	5.1	7.19	0.08
60	CA 6008	60	76	67	8	2	0.8	0.5	63.5	700.5	5.68	8.68	0.09
70	CA 7008	70	86	77	8	2	0.8	0.5	73.5	80.5	5.98	9.8	0.1
80	CA 8008	80	96	87	8	2	0.8	0.5	83.5	90.5	6.37	11.3	0.11
90	CA 9008	90	106	97	8	2	0.8	0.5	93.5	100.5	6.76	12.4	0.12
100	CA 10008	100	116	107	8	2	0.8	0.5	103.5	110.5	7.15	13.9	0.14
110	CA 11008	110	126	117	8	2	0.8	0.5	113.5	120.5	7.45	15	0.15
120	CA 12008	120	136	127	8	2	0.8	0.5	123.5	130.5	7.84	16.5	0.17
130	CA 13008	130	146	137	8	2	0.8	0.5	133.5	140.5	7.94	17.6	0.18
140	CA 14008	140	156	147	8	2	0.8	0.5	143.5	150.5	8.33	19.1	0.19
150	CA 15008	150	166	157	8	2	0.8	0.5	153.5	160.5	8.82	20.6	0.2
160	CA 16013	160	186	172	13	2.5	1.6	0.8	165	179	23.3	44.9	0.59
170	CA 17013	170	196	182	13	2.5	1.6	8.0	175	189	23.5	46.5	0.64
180	CA 18013	180	206	192	13	2.5	1.6	0.8	185	199	24.5	49.8	0.68
190	CA 19013	190	216	202	13	2.5	1.6	0.8	195	209	24.9	51.5	0.69
200	CA 20013	200	226	212	13	2.5	1.6	0.8	205	219	25.8	54.7	0.71

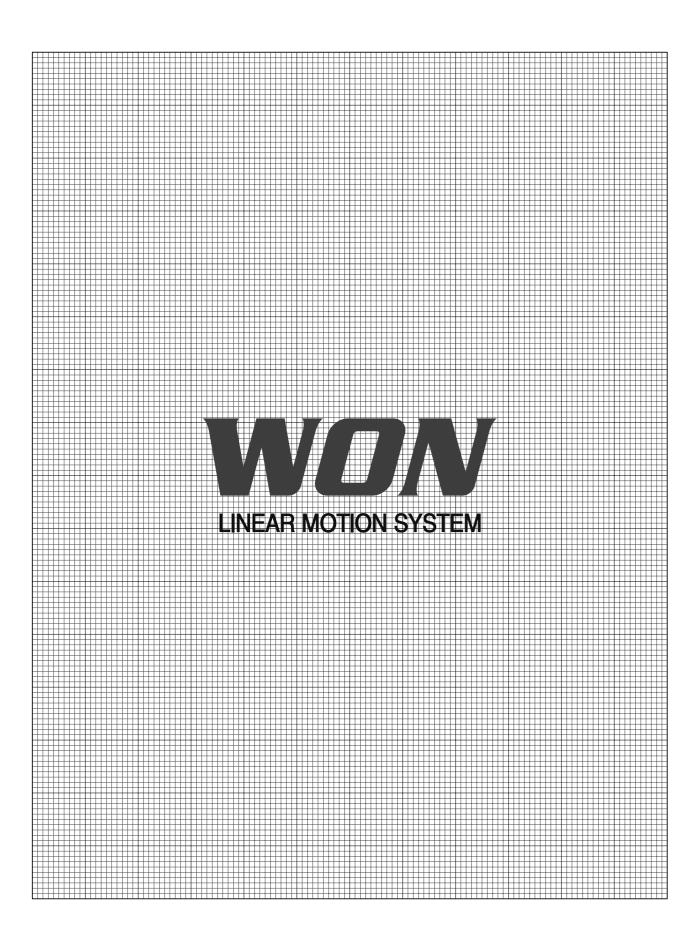
# 14 Precautions for Handling Crossed Roller Bearing

- 1. If the assembly part for installation fails to have sufficient rigidity, the contact part of the rollers has intensive stress that severely degrades the performance of a bearing. In an environment with large moment, it is required to evaluate the rigidity of housing and bolts in the process of design.
- 2. Some parts of a crossed roller bearing are made of special synthetic rubber and synthetic resin. For the use at above 80℃, please contact WONST.
- 3. It is required to manage dimensional tolerance of assembly parts according to standards in order to make the inner and outer rings in tight contact with the sides.
- 4. A crossed roller bearing may be damaged by its fall or hit. Any impact to the bearing may cause functional loss even if there is no damage to its appearance. Be careful to handle the product.
- 5. If foreign substances flow in a crossed roller bearing, they may cause its functional loss. It is required to take measures to prevent cutting chips or dust from intruding in the device.
- 6. A crossed roller bearing is already filled with lithium soap grease at the time of shipment. So, it can be used without refilling at the time of assembly. It is necessary to connect a lubrication hole with the oil inlet of the inner or outer ring. Regardless of rotation frequency, it is required to refill enough not for a lubricant to ooze out in the cycle of six months to one year.
- 7. Avoid lubricants with different thickeners or additives, if possible.
- 8. If you need to use the product in a place with impact or vibration load, in cleanroom, or in a special environment with vacuum, low temperature, or high temperature. please contact WON ST.









# **Ball Spline**Contents

1	Ball Spline
	<ol> <li>Structure and Features</li></ol>
2	Selection of Ball Spine
	1. Overview
	2. Procedure 143
3	Life Calculation
	1. Life144
	2. Rating fatigue life (L) 144
	3. Static safety factor (fs) 146
	4. Basic dynamic load rating (C) 147
	5. Basic static load rating (Co) 147
	6. Basic dynamic rating torque (T) 147
	7. Basic static rating torque (To)
	Basic static rating moment (TM) 147
4	<b>Preload</b> 148
5	<b>Precision</b> 149

	S=#0
6	<b>Lubrication and Dust Proof</b> 152
7	<b>Assembly</b> 153
8	Caution for Use 153
9	Compact Ball Spline  1. Structure and Features
10	Linear Ball Spline  1. Structure and Features
	6. Easy further processing 174









# **WON Ball Spline**

#### 1. Structure and Features

WON Ball Spline consists of a nut and a shaft. The ball of the nut has a rolling linear motion along the groove of the precisely-ground spline shaft. The spline has the linear motion to deliver torque in the circu mferential direction of the shaft. Based on one nut, the device exerts high performance in the radial directi on, in an environment with vibration and impact load, in an environment that requires high positioning precision, or in an environment that needs high-speed motion.

# 2. Transmission of high torque

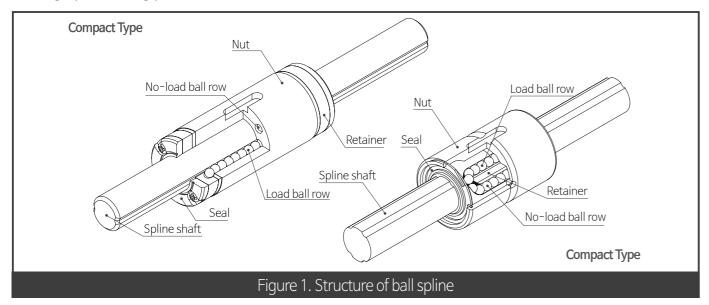
A spline groove is precisely ground in the shape close to a ball diameter. For this reason, if torque load is imposed on a shaft or nut, it is evenly applied to two rows of the ball in the torque load direction in the transmission of rotatory force.

# 3. High load capacity and long life

WON Ball Spline can be designed to be compact. It ensures high stability and long life in an environment with high load or torsional load.

### 4. Zero gap

Since a ball spline minimizes the gap of the rotational direction, and, if necessary, imposes preload on one spline nut to make clearance zero, it can have a small displacement value and obtain high rigidity and high positioning precision.



Ball	Compact Ball Spline	- 2 rows and 4 points contact type - Simple structure and very compact type
Spline	Linear Ball Spline	- 4 rows and 2 points contact type - Angular contact type, and high load rating in radial direction and torque direction

# 2 Selection of Ball Spline

#### 1. Overview

To select a ball spline, it is necessary to identify the details of requirements, prioritize them, and then choose the one that meets the service conditions.

#### 2. Procedure

- Determine service conditions
- The equipment to be used, maintenance structure, installation space, assembly state, functional requirements, service environments
- Select a type
- Determine an appropriate type in consideration of motion conditions, load magnitude, rigidity, friction, and assembly.
- 3 Select a model number
- Determine an appropriate model number and a quantity of nuts in consideration of the assembled space, load, etc.
- Calculate load
- Calculate the vertical, horizontal, and moment load imposed on nut and shaft, a critical speed of shaft, an operating speed of shaft, etc. and shaft, a critical speed of shaft, an operating speed of shaft, etc.
- 5 Calculate equivalent load
- Convert each load imposed on nut and shaft into equivalent load.
- 6 Calculate mean
- Convert each load imposed on nut and shaft and the variable load at deceleration & acceleration into mean load.
- Calculate static safety factor
- Calculate the static safety factor with basic load rating and maximum equivalent load, and check if the calculated value meets a service condition.
- Calculate life
- Calculate load rating and life, and check if the calculated values meet service conditions.
- 9 Review preload and clearance
- Determine the preload and clearance that meet service conditions.
- 10 Determine a class of precision
- Determine a class of precision for the travel or rotation that a ball spline needs.
- Lubrication, dust proof, and surface treatment
- Determine a grease lubricant, oil lubricant, or a special lubricant suitable for an environment. Select a dust-proof seal/ Determine the surface treatment for dust proof and low dust generation.
- Complete selection
- Determine the final specifications of a ball spline.





# 3 Life Calculation

#### 1. Life

When a ball spline runs in the course of bearing external load, the stress, which arises when the raceway surface of nut and axis and a rolling element bear continuously repeated load, causes fatigue failure and leads to flaking. Life of a ball spline refers to a total travel distance until the point that flaking arises due to initial fatigue failure.

- A ball spline can have defects earlier than the time of normal flaking caused by its wear or fatigue in the following cases
- a. Excess load by the imprecise assembly following a difference in temperature or tolerance
- b. If a ball spline is contaminated with foreign substances
- c. Driving with insufficient lubrication
- d. Reciprocating motion in a very short distance in the form of vibration or wave during halting or driving
- e. Excessive load or rotational torque imposed on a ball spline
- f. Deformation of plastic end-plate

# 2. Rating fatigue life L

Generally Ball Spline does not always have an equal life span even though its products are manufactured in the same way, because of the difference in scattering of original fatigue of raw material. For this reason, the reference value of life of a ball spline is defined as the rating fatigue life which is a total driving distance that 90% of ball splines in one group with the same specifications can reach without flaking at the time when all in the group run under the same conditions.

Radial load
$$L = \left( \frac{f_H \cdot f_T \cdot f_C}{f_W} \cdot \frac{C}{P_C} \right)^3 \times 50 \text{ km}$$

Torque load
$$L = \left(\frac{f_{H} \cdot f_{T} \cdot f_{C}}{f_{W}} \cdot \frac{T}{P_{T}}\right)^{3} \times 50 \text{ km}$$

$$L_h = \frac{10^3 \cdot L}{2 \times ls \times n_1 \times 60}$$

: Rated life (km)

C : Basic dynamic rated load (N) T : Basic dynamic rated torque (N  $\cdot$  m)

Pc: Calculated load (N)  $P_T$ : Calculated torque (N  $\cdot$  m)

Hardness factor (See Figure 2.)

 $f_{T}$ : Temperature factor (See Figure 3.)

fc : Contact factor (See Table 2.)

fw : Load factor (See Table 3.)

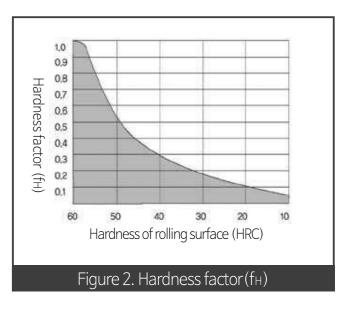
h : Life time (h)

Stroke length (m)
 No. of reciprocating motions per minute (min<sup>-1</sup>)

#### • Hardness factor (fH)

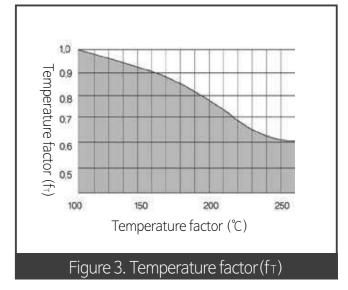
To implement the best performance of a ball spline, it is necessary to maintain appropriately the hardness and depth of the raceway surface of the nut and shaft that contact a ball as a rolling element.

WON Ball Spline has HRC58-64 surface hardness. There is no need to consider hardness factor. If the hardness is lowered than a baseline, load capacity of a ball spline decreases. In this case, it is necessary to apply hardness factor to life calculation



#### • Temperature factor (f<sub>T</sub>)

If high temperature over 100°C is applied to a ball spline, it is necessary to take into account the temperature factor (fr) shown in the figure at the time when a ball spline is selected. For use at over 80°C, please contact WON ST.



Note) If ambient temperature is over 80°C, it is necessary to change the material of seal, end plate, and support plate to the one which meets the specifications for high temperature.

Contact factor (fc)

If over two blocks of a ball splines are closely assembled and mounted, uniform load may not be applied to them due to difference among mounting surfaces. Therefore, it is required to multiply basic static load rating (C) and basic dynamic load rating (Co) by the contact factor shown in Table 1.

Table 2. Contact factor (fc)

No. of nuts in close contact	Contact factor fc
2	0.81
3	0.72
4	0.66
5	0.61
Over 6	0.6
Common use	1.0







#### Load factor (fw)

Generally the static load applied to the nut of a linear motion guide can be calculated in formula. However, while a machine is running, the load imposed on the nut tends to come from vibration or impacts. Therefore, as for the vibration or impact load at high-speed running, it is necessary to divide the basic dynamic load rating of a ball spline by the load factor (fw) shown in Table 3.

Table 3. Load facto (fw)

External condition	Service conditions	Load factor(fw)
Low	Smooth running at mild speed; no external vibration or impacts	1.0 ~ 1.3
Moderate	Moderate - Low speed; moderate external vibration or impacts	1.2 ~ 1.5
High	High - High speed; strong vibration or impacts	1.5 ~ 2.0
Very high	Very high - Very high speed; strong vibration and impacts at running	2.0 ~ 4.0

# Static Safety Factor fs

If heavy load or big impact is imposed on a ball spline, its rolling element and raceway surface have local and permanent deformation that leads to lowering its running performance. Limit of a ball spline depends on its service conditions and requirements.

In this case, the static safety factor fs is calculated in the following formula, and its general values are presented in Table 4.

$$fs = \frac{Co}{Pro} \stackrel{\text{YL}}{=} fs = \frac{To}{Pto}$$

fs :Static safety factor

Co : Basic static rated load (N)
To : Basic static rated torque (N · m)

Pro: Calculated load (N)

Pto: Calculated torque (N·m)

Table 4. Static safety factor (fs)

Service condition	safety factor (fs)
Vibration and impacts	3~5
High running	2~4
Normal operation	1 ~ 3

# 4. Basic Dynamic Load Rating (C)

Basic dynamic load rating is ability of a ball spline to bear load, which represents an applicable constant load in direction and magnitude when the rated fatigue life is 50km. The reference value of basic dynamic load rating of WON Ball Spline is 50km (ball type). It is used for calculating life of a ball spline while driving under constant load in magnitude from the center of a nut to bottom. Each value of basic dynamic load rating (C) is described in the catalogue.

### 5. Basic static load rating Co

If a ball spline is applied by excessive load or instantly by big impact load, partially permanent deformation occurs between a rolling element and the raceway surface. If deformation reaches to a certain extent, it hinders smooth driving.

Basic static load rating is defined as the constant static load in direction and magnitude when the total permanent deformation of the raceway surface of nut and shaft and a ball as a rolling element is 0.0001 times bigger than the diameter of the rolling element.

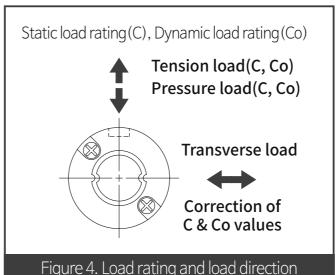
In a ball spline, it refers to the load in radial direction on the center of the contact of nut and ball. Each value of basic static load rating (Co) is described in the specification table.

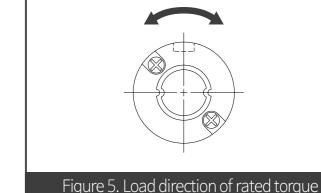
### 6. Basic Dynamic Rated Torque T

Load rated torque refers to the constant torque in direction and size in the condition where 90% in one group of ball splines with the same specification travel 50km without material damage (flaking). See Figure 5.

# 7. Basic Static Rated Torque To · Basic Static Rated Moment TM

Basic static torque and basic static moment refer to the static torque and moment that can face a certain amount of contact stress at the center of the contact of the rolling element with the maximum load and the raceway surface, when torque or moment load is imposed on. The TM described in the table of dimensions is the basic static rated moment of one sleeve and of two sleeves in close contact.





Dynamic rated torque (T), Static rated torque (To)

A compact-type ball spline is used after load rating is corrected in the direction of load.

The basic dynamic load rating and basic static load rating shown in the table of dimensions are corrected according to the following table.

(Basic dynamic rated torque, basic static rated torque and basic rated moment are also corrected in the same multiple.)

Size	Basic	dynamic load	rating	Basic static load rating			
SIZE	Pressure load	Tension load	Transverse load	Pressure load	Tension load	Transverse load	
4~12	С	С	1.73Co	Co	Co	1.73C <sub>0</sub>	
15~40	С	С	1.19C <sub>0</sub>	Co	C <sub>0</sub>	1.19C <sub>0</sub>	







# 4 Preload of Ball Spine

#### Preload

A ball spline can be preloaded differently depending on service conditions. In order to increase rigidity of a ball spline and lessen the displacement for external load, it is possible to preload the device in the way of removing a gap with the use of the ball (as a rolling element) inserted in between a shaft and a nut, or inserting a ball larger than the gap between the shaft and nut. If vibration or variable load is imposed on and high rigidity are needed, it is necessary to determine the preload suitable for service conditions in consideration of life of a ball spline.

Table 5. Preload

External condition	Symbol	Preload (N)	Applied equipment
Zero preload	CL	0 <sup>(1)</sup> ~ +	Mechanical equipment requiring light running with small torque
Standard	СМ	0 <sup>(2)</sup> ~ -	General mechanical equipment     Mechanical equipment requiring small motion resistance
Light preload	СТ	0.02Co	<ul> <li>Mechanical equipment requiring rigidity</li> <li>Mechanical equipment to which large vibration or impact load is applied</li> <li>Mechanical equipment to which big moment load or variable load is applied</li> </ul>

Note. (1) Zero preload (2) Zero or a little of preload

Remark: Light preload is not applied to WSP (F) (K) 4.

# 5 Precision

Precision of a ball spline is related to its outside diameter of nut runout on the basis of shaft. WON Ball Spline has the precision of KS B 1422 (JIS B 1193).

The precision of ball spline is categorized into three classes: normal (no symbol), high (H), and precision (P).

A class of precision is described according to the arrangement of a model number.

The values in the tables include the precision in the case where the shaft ends are processed. For the precision class of ball spline, see tables 6, 7, and 8.

WON ST also manufactures a product that has higher precision than in the tables, or a product with a special shape at request of a customer. If necessary, please contact us.

Table 6. Torsion of ball spline

External condition	Torsion(MAX)							
External condition	Normal	High	Precision					
Tolerance	33µm/100mm	13µm/100mm	6μm/100mm					

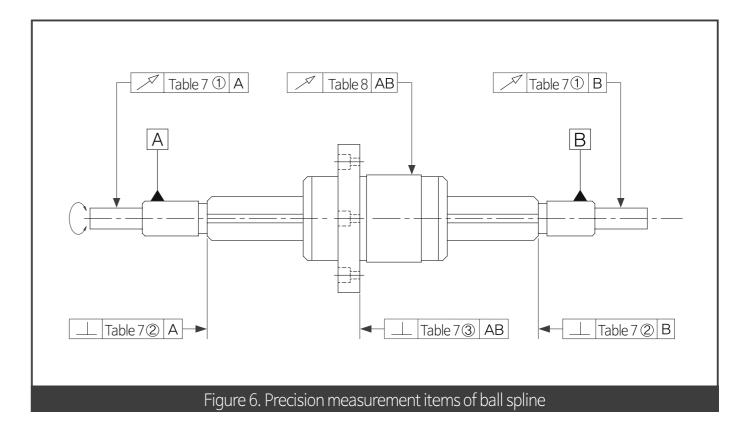










Table 7. Precision of each part of ball spline

Unit∶*u*m

		'	'	'									Unit∶µm		
Mod	el no.	WSP4 W	/SP5 -	WSP6	WSP8 WLS8	WSP10 WLS10	WSP12 -	- WLS 13		WSP20 WLS20		WSP30 WLS30			
① Radial direct	Normal (No symbol)		33				33 41 46					5	53		
$\odot$ Radial direction runout of installation part $\ @$ Vertical angle of the cross section of spline part	High (H)		14	1		1	7		19		2	2	25		
stallation part	Precision (P)		8			1	0		12		1	3	15		
② Vertical angle	Normal (No symbol)			2	2				27		3	3	39		
of the cross section	High (H)			Ç	)				6		1	3	16		
on of spline part	Precision (P)		6 8						Č	)	11				
③ Vertical angle of the	Normal (No symbol)		27	7				33			3	9	46		
le of the flange side from the central line of spline shaft.	High (H)		11	l				13			1	6	19		
tral line of spline shaft	Precision (P)		8					9			1	1	13		

Table 8. Radial direction runout of the central line of ball spline shaft

Unit∶µm

Length of spline	Above	-	200	315	400	500	630	800	1000	1250
shaft (mm)	Below	200	315	400	500	630	800	1000	1250	1600
WSP4 WSP5	Normal (No symbol)	72	133	185	236	-	-	-	-	-
WSP 6 WSP 8	High (H)	46	89	128	163	-	-	-	-	-
WLS 8	Precision (P)	26	57	82	108	-	-	-	-	-
WSP 10	Normal (No symbol)	59	83	103	123	151	190	-	-	-
WSP 12	High (H)	36	54	68	82	102	130	-	-	-
WLS 10	Precision (P)	20	32	41	51	65	85	-	-	-
WSP 15 WSP 20	Normal (No symbol)	56	71	83	95	112	137	170	_	-
WLS 13	High (H)	34	45	53	62	75	92	115	-	-
WLS 16 WLS 20	Precision (P)	18	25	31	38	46	58	75	-	-
WSP 25	Normal (No symbol)	53	58	70	78	88	103	124	151	-
WSP 30 WLS 25	High (H)	32	39	44	50	57	68	83	102	-
WLS 30	Precision (P)	18	21	25	29	34	42	52	65	-
	Normal (No symbol)	53	58	63	68	74	84	97	114	139
WSP 40 WLS 40	High (H)	32	36	39	43	47	54	63	76	93
20		16	19	21	24	27	32	38	47	-



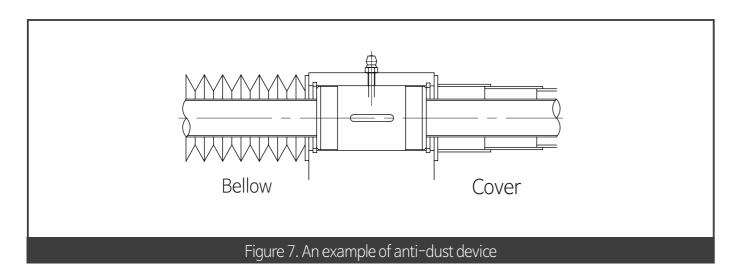


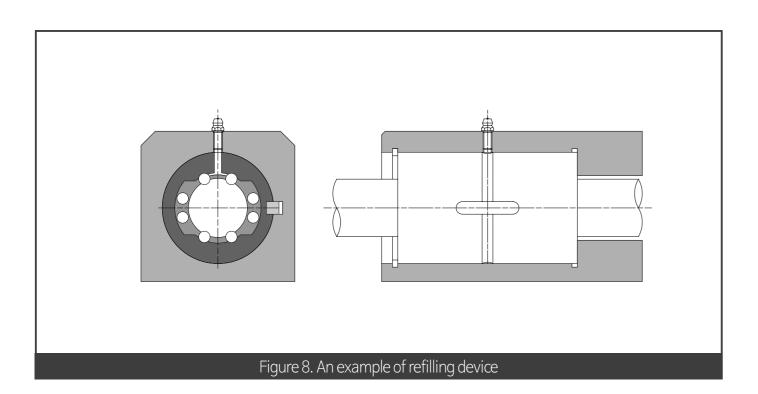


# 6 Lubrication and Dust Resistance

A ball spline has the treatment with anti-rust additives that has affinity with all mineral oils. It can be lubricated with oil or grease. Grease lubrication generates an additional sealing effect, and sticks well in a ball spline. Therefore, it is recommended to use grease.

In case of grease refilling, it is necessary to use a ball spline whose nut has an oil hole. WON Ball Spline is dust resistant through its special rubber seal. Nevertheless, if a lot of foreign substances or dust float, it is recommended to attach an anti-dust device to protect a spline shaft against relatively large impurities like cutting chips or sand.





# 7 Assembly

#### Nut fitting

As for nut and housing fitting, WON Ball Spline has a transition fit (J7).

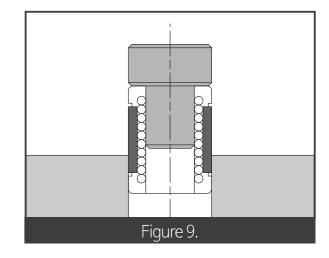
If precision and rigidity are not needed much, it is possible to apply a clearance fit (H7).

#### Insertion of spline nut

Inserting a spline nut into a housing may affect the operation of a device. In order to prevent any impact from being imposed on a retainer, use a jig for installation as shown in the following figure when inserting the nut.

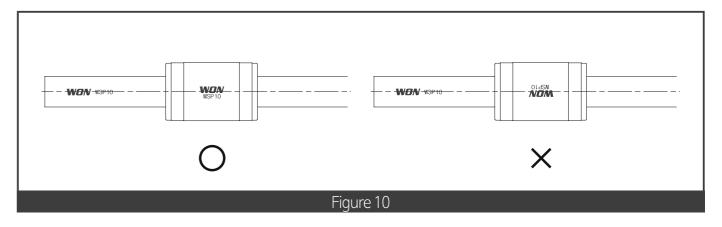
#### Insertion of spline shaft

When a spline shaft is inserted into a spline nut, a ball may come out. Therefore, set raceway groove of the shaft, ball row of the spline nut, and position of a seal rightly before insertion.



# 8 Caution for Use

- ① The working temperature of WON Ball Spline is max.  $120^{\circ}$ C in case of discontinuous use, and max.  $80^{\circ}$ C for continuous use. If above  $80^{\circ}$ C, please contact WON ST.
- ② WON Ball Spline is set to optimal precision in the condition where its spline shaft and nut mark are in the same direction and position (See Figure 10). To attach it to a machine, it is careful not to change steering of a spline shaft, arrangement of a nut, and a steering direction.
- ③ If more than two keys are used to fix the rotation direction of an outer sleeve on the basis of one shaft and over two nuts, it is required to make the position of each key groove of nut in parallel. For this case, please contact WON ST.









# 9 Compact Ball Spline

#### 1. Structure and Features

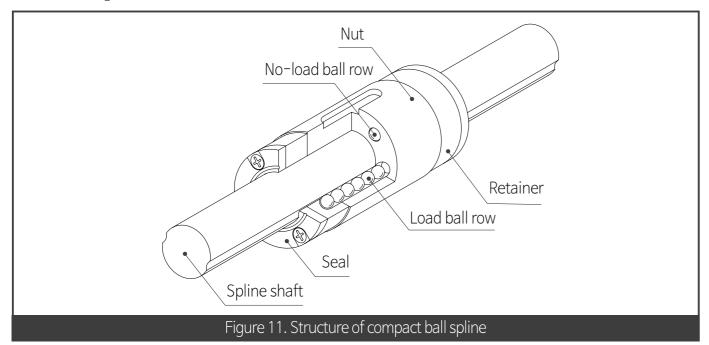
WON Ball Spline is composed of a nut and a shaft. The nut has a ball as a rolling element installed in. The rolling surface of the shaft has a Gothic arch shaped groove processed. The ball of the nut rolls in a linear line along the precisely polished groove of the rolling surface. With one nut, the device can bear radial load and moment load and can transmit rotational torque in the circumferential direction of the shaft. With the use of the ball in between the raceways of nut and shaft, it is possible to apply preload. For this reason, the ball spline is strongly resistant for vibration or impact load. The linear motion system is applicable to an environment that needs high positioning precision, high–speed motion, and a long life span.

### 2. Transmission of high torque

A ball spline have Gothic arch shaped grooves in two rows on the rolling surface of nut and the rolling surface of shaft, which are precisely polished. Therefore, a ball can contact four points. Thanks to such a structure, it is possible to let the two rows evenly bear the rotational torque of nut and transmit rotational force.

### 3. High load capacity and long life

A ball spline has a linear type and has the structure of contact between the rolling surface of nut and shaft, and a ball as a rolling element. In the condition diameter of a shaft is equal, the device is capable of bearing rated load about ten times more than a ball bushing, ensuring a long life span. Therefore, it supports a compact design of equipment and bears moment load and overhang load as well as radial load.



Classification	п Туре	Shape	and Features
Cylinder	WSPL		It has a general spline nut that has a key groove helping to fix the position of a rotational direction accurately.
Type	WSPTO		Since a retainer is placed inside, this ball spline has good appearance and rigidity.
	WSPFL	5	As a round flange type, it can be installed easily.
Flange Type	WSPKL	3.7	As a square flange type, it can be installed easily.
	WSPTFO		As a round flange type, it can be installed easily.



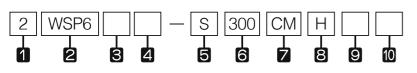






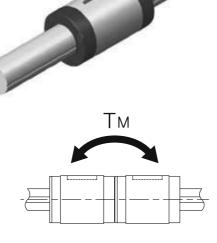
# WSP Series

An example of the Composition of Model Name & Number



- 1 Number of nuts assembled in one shaft
- 2 Model No.
- Material of nut: No symbol-Standard material/M-Stainless
   No symbol-Standard nut / E-Special nut specification
   Type of shaft: S-Solid / H-Hollow

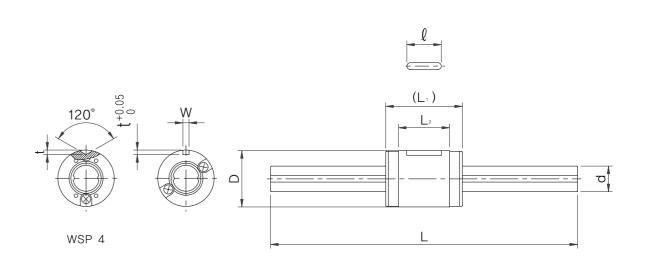
- 6 Length of shaft
- Symbol of clearance: CL-No preload / CM-Standard / CT-Light preload
   Symbol of precision: No symbol-Normal / H-Precision / P-Super
   Material of shaft: No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
   No symbol-Standard shaft / E-Special shaft specification



						V	lajor din	nensions	S			
Model No.	Outsid	le diameter	L1	L2	Dii	mension of	key gro	ove	1	Main	Length	Max.
	D	Tolerance	LI	LZ	W	Tolerance	t	l	d	Tolerance	L	length
WSP 4 <sup>(2)</sup>	8	0	12	7.9	-		1	-	4	_	100 150	200
WSP5	10	-0.009	17.5	8.9	2		1.2	6	5	0 -0.012	100 150	200
WSP6	12	0	20.6	12	2	+0.014	1.2	8	6	0.012	150 200	300
WSP8	15	-0.011	24.4	14	2.5	0	1.5	8.5	8	0	150 200 250	500
WSP 10	19		29.6	17.8	3		1.8	11	10	-0.015	200 300	600
WSP 12	21	0 -0.013	34.7	22.7	3		1.8	15	12	0	200 300 400	800
WSP 15	23	0.010	40	27	3.5		2	20	13.6	-0.018	200 300 400	1000
WSP 20	30		50	33	4	+0.018	2.5	26	18.2		300 400 500 600	1000
WSP 25	37	0 -0.016	60	39.2	5		3	29	22.6	0 -0.021	300 400 500 600 800	
WSP 30	45		70	43	7	10.022	4	35	27.2		400 F00 600	1200
WSP 40	60	0 -0.019	100	70.8	10	+0.022	4.5	55	37.2	0 -0.025	400 500 600 700 1100	

Note (1) The top value of the static rated moment T<sub>M</sub> means the value of one nut, and the bottom value represents the value of two nuts in contact.

(2) WSP4 has no seal.



Unit:mm

Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Basic dynamic rated torque	Basic static rated torque	Basic static rated moment <sup>(1)</sup>	Spline nut		Madal
C	Co N	T N∙m	To N•m	TM N•m	Spline nut g	Spline shaft g/100mm	Model No.
304	382	0.686	0.882	0.49 2.94	2.5	9.6	WSP4
588	637	1.764	1.96	1.078 7.84	4.8	14.9	WSP5
715	853	2.45	3.038	1.764 11.76	8.9	19	WSP 6
1176	1372	5.488	6.174	3.234 21.56	15.9	39	WSP8
1862	2156	10.78	12.74	6.958 41.16	31.5	60.5	WSP 10
2156	2646	14.7	18.62	10.78 58.80	44	87.5	WSP 12
4241	6076	31.36	45.08	27.44 151.90	59.5	111	WSP 15
6566	9016	65.66	90.6	49.00 287.14	130	202	WSP 20
11196	14294	138.94	177.93	92.76 550.78	220	310	WSP 25
15394	19392	230.91	291.88	146.94 873.65	430	450	WSP 30
21291	31587	425.83	631.75	363.85 1939.22	760	808	WSP 40

1N≒0.102kgf



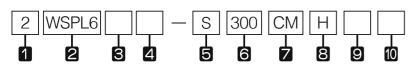






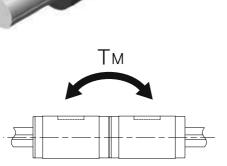
### WSPL Series

An example of the Composition of Model Name & Number



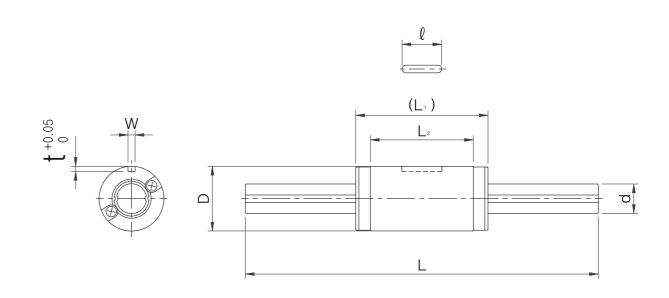
- 1 Number of nuts assembled in one shaft
- Model No.
- Material of nut: No symbol-Standard material/M-Stainless
   No symbol-Standard nut / E-Special nut specification
   Type of shaft: S-Solid / H-Hollow

- 6 Length of shaft
- Symbol of clearance: CL-No preload / CM-Standard / CT-Light preload
   Symbol of precision: No symbol-Normal / H-Precision / P-Super
   Material of shaft: No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
   No symbol-Standard shaft / E-Special shaft specification



						M	lajor din	nensions	5			
Model No.	Outsid	e diameter			Dii	mension of	key gro	ove	1	Main	Length	Max.
	D	Tolerance	L1	L2	W	Tolerance	t	l	d	Tolerance	Ľ	length
WSPL5	10	0 -0.009	26	17.4	2		1.2	6	5	0	100 150	200
WSPL6	12	0	29.8	21.2	2	+0.014	1.2	8	6	-0.012	150 200	300
WSPL8	15	-0.011	36.7	26.3	2.5	0	1.5	8.5	8		150 200 250	500
WSPL 10	19		47	34.9	3		1.8	11	10	0	200 300	600
WSPL12	21	0 -0.013	53.1	41.1	3		1.8	15	12	-0.015	200 300 400	800
WSPL 15	23	0.015	65	52	3.5		2	20	13.6	0	200 300 400	1000
WSPL 20	30		71	54	4	+0.018	2.5	26	18.2	-0.018	300 400 500 600	1000
WSPL 25	37	0 -0.016	84	63.2	5		3	29	22.6	0	300 400 500 600 800	1200
WSPL 30	45		98	71	7	+0.022	4	35	27.2	-0.021	400 500 600 700 1100	1200

Note (1) The top value of the static rated moment TM means the value of one nut, and the bottom value represents the value of two nuts in contact.



Unit:mm

Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Basic dynamic rated torque	Basic static rated torque	Basic static rated moment <sup>(1)</sup>	Spline nut		
C N	Co N	T N•m	To N•m	TM N•m	Spline nut g	Spline shaft g/100mm	Model No.
882	1176	2.646	3.528	3.136 19.60	7.9	14.9	WSPL5
1078	1470	3.626	5.194	4.998 27.44	14.5	19	WSPL6
1764	2450	8.33	11.76	9.80 56.84	26.5	39	WSPL8
2842	4018	16.66	23.52	22.54 115.64	56.5	60.5	WSPL 10
3234	4802	21.56	33.32	32.34 156.80	76.8	87.5	WSPL 12
6370	11564	48.02	86.24	94.08 447.86	110	111	WSPL 15
9310	15092	93.10	150.92	127.40 619.36	198	202	WSPL 20
15394	23191	192.92	289.88	228.91 1189.52	336	310	WSPL 25
21291	31587	319.87	473.81	363.85 1899.24	634	450	WSPL 30

1N≒0.102kgf

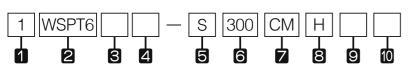






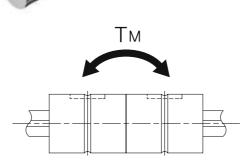
# **WSPT Series**

An example of the Composition of Model Name & Number



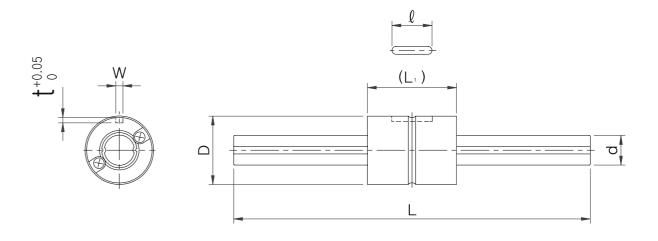
- 1 Number of nuts assembled in one shaft
- 2 Model No.
- Material of nut: No symbol-Standard material/M-Stainless
   No symbol-Standard nut / E-Special nut specification
   Type of shaft: S-Solid / H-Hollow

- 6 Length of shaft
- Symbol of clearance: CL-No preload / CM-Standard / CT-Light preload
- Symbol of precision: No symbol-Normal / H-Precision / P-Super
  Material of shaft: No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- 10 No symbol-Standard shaft / E-Special shaft specification



						Мајо	r dimens	sions			
Model No.	Outsid	Outside diameter		Di	imension of	key groo	ove	1	Main	Length	Max.
	D	Tolerance	L1	W	Tolerance	t	l	d	Tolerance	Ĺ	length
WSPT 4	10	0 -0.009	16	2		1.2	6	4	0	100 150	200
WSPT 5	12		20	2.5		1.2	8	5	-0.012	100 150	200
WSPT 6	14	0 -0.011	25	2.5	+0.014	1.2	10.5	6		150 200	300
WSPT8	16	0.011	25	2.5		1.2	10.5	8	0	150 200 250	500
WSPT 10	21		33	3		1.5	13	10	-0.015	200 300	600
WSPT 12	24	0 -0.013	36	3		1.5	15	12	0	200 300 400	800
WSPT 15	31	0.010	50	3.5	10.010	2	17.5	13.6	-0.018	200 300 400	1000
WSPT 20	35	0 -0.016	63	4	+0.018	2.5	29	18.2	0 -0.021	300 400 500 600	1000

Note (1) The top value of the static rated moment TM means the value of one nut, and the bottom value represents the value of two nuts in contact.



Unit:mm

Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Basic dynamic rated torque	Basic static rated torque	Basic static rated moment <sup>(1)</sup>	Spline nut		
C N	Co N	T N•m	To N•m	T <sub>M</sub> N•m	Spline nut g	Spline shaft g/100mm	Model No.
441	637	0.588	0.784	0.882 6.272	2.5	9.6	WSPT 4 <sup>(2)</sup>
686	882	0.882	1.372	1.47 11.368	4.8	14.9	WSPT 5
1176	2156	0.98	1.96	4.9 35.57	8.9	19	WSPT 6
1470	2548	1.96	2.94	5.88 43.12	15.9	39	WSPT8
2842	4900	3.92	7.84	15.68 96.04	31.5	60.5	WSPT 10
3528	5782	5.88	10.78	19.20 135.24	44	87.5	WSPT 12
7056	12642	31.36	34.30	66.84 385.14	59.5	111	WSPT 30
10192	17836	56.84	55.86	115.64 686.0	130	202	WSPT 40

1N≒0.102kgf

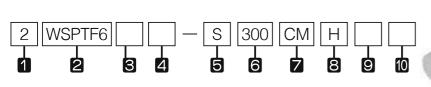


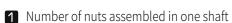




### WSPTF Series

An example of the Composition of Model Name & Number



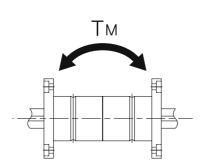


Model No.

Material of nut: No symbol-Standard material/M-Stainless
 No symbol-Standard nut / E-Special nut specification
 Type of shaft: S-Solid / H-Hollow

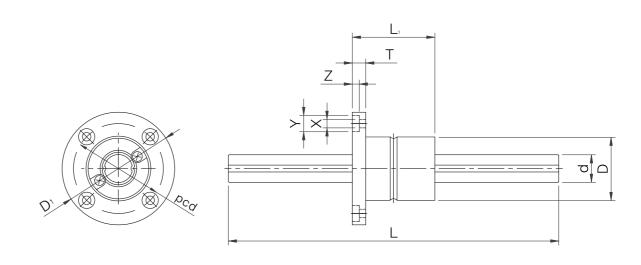
6 Length of shaft

Symbol of clearance: CL-No preload / CM-Standard / CT-Light preload
 Symbol of precision: No symbol-Normal / H-Precision / P-Super
 Material of shaft: No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
 No symbol-Standard shaft / E-Special shaft specification



						Мај	or dimensions				
Model No.		Outside diameter		D <sub>1</sub>	Т	pcd	XxYxZ		iameter	Length	Max.
	D	Tolerance				<u> </u>		d	Tolerance	L	length
WSPTF 6	14	0 -0.011	25	30	5	22	3.4 × 6.5 × 3.3	6		150 200	300
WSPTF8	16	0	25	32	5	24	3.4 x 6.5 x 3.3	8	0 -0.012	150 200 250	500
WSPTF 10	21	-0.013	33	42	6	32	4.5×8×4.4	10		200 300	600
WSPTF 12	24		36	44	7	33	4.5×8×4.4	12	0	200 300 400	800
WSPTF 15	31	0 -0.016	50	51	7	40	4.5×8×4.4	13.6	-0.015	200 300 400	1000
WSPTF 20	35		63	58	9	45	5.5 x 9.5 x 5.4	18.2	0 -0.018	300 400 500 600	1000

Note (1) The top value of the static rated moment T<sub>M</sub> means the value of one nut, and the bottom value represents the value of two nuts in contact.



Unit:mm

Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Basic dynamic rated torque	Basic static rated torque	Basic static rated moment <sup>(1)</sup>	Spline nut		Model No.
C N	Co N	T N∙m	To N∙m	Tм N•m	Spline nut g	Spline shaft g/100mm	MOGET NO.
1176	2156	0.98	1.96	4.9 35.57	37.2	19	WSPTF 6
1470	2548	1.96	2.94	5.88 43.12	39.5	39	WSPTF8
2842	4900	3.92	7.84	15.68 96.04	64.2	60.5	WSPTF 10
3528	5782	5.88	10.78	19.20 135.24	124.7	87.5	WSPTF 12
7056	12642	31.36	34.30	66.64 385.14	265.7	111	WSPTF 15
10192	17836	56.84	55.86	115.64 686	392.5	202	WSPTF 20

1N≒0.102kgf



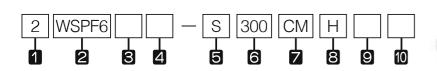






### WSPF Series

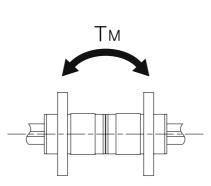
#### An example of the Composition of Model Name & Number





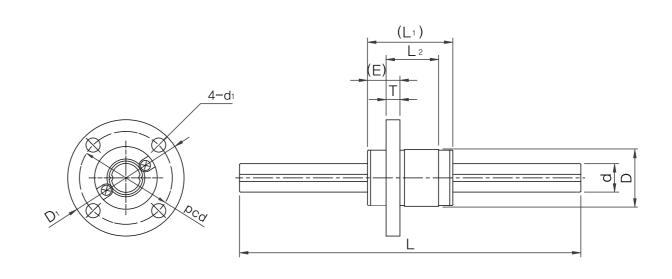
- 1 Number of nuts assembled in one shaft
- 2 Model No.
- Material of nut: No symbol-Standard material/M-Stainless
   No symbol-Standard nut / E-Special nut specification
   Type of shaft: S-Solid / H-Hollow

- 6 Length of shaft
- Symbol of clearance: CL-No preload / CM-Standard / CT-Light preload
- Symbol of precision: No symbol-Normal / H-Precision / P-Super
- Material of shaft: No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- 10 No symbol-Standard shaft / E-Special shaft specification



	Major dimensions												
Model No.	Outside D	diameter Tolerance	L <sub>1</sub>	L <sub>2</sub>	D1	Е	Т	pcd	d <sub>1</sub>	Axial di d	iameter Tolerance	Length L	Max. length
WSPF 5	10	0 -0.009	17.5	8.9	23	7	2.7	17	3.4	5	0	100 150	200
WSPF 6	12	0	20.6	12	25	7	2.7	19	3.4	6	-0.012	150 200	300
WSPF8	15	-0.011	24.4	14	28	9	3.8	22	3.4	8	0	150 200 250	500
WSPF 10	19		29.6	17.8	36	10	4.1	28	4.5	10	-0.015	200 300	600
WSPF 12	21	0 -0.013	34.7	22.7	38	10	4	30	4.5	12	0	200 300 400	800
WSPF 15	23		40	27	40	11	4.5	32	4.5	13.6	-0.018	200 300 400	1000
WSPF 20	30		50	33	46	14	5.5	38	4.5	18.2		300 400 500 600	1000
WSPF 25	37	0 -0.016	60	39.2	57	17	6.6	47	5.5	22.6	0 -0.021	300 400 500 600 800	
WSPF 30	45		70	43	65	21	7.5	54	6.6	27.2		400 500 600	1200
WSPF 40	60	0 -0.019	100	70.8	93	26.6	12	73	9	37.2	0 -0.025	700 1100	

Note (1) The top value of the static rated moment TM means the value of one nut, and the bottom value represents the value of two nuts in contact.



Unit:mm

Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Basic dynamic rated torque	Basic static rated torque	Basic static rated moment <sup>(1)</sup>	Splin	enut	Model No.
C N	Co N	T N∙m	To N•m	Tм N•m	Spline nut g	Spline shaft g/100mm	Woder No.
588	637	1.764	1.96	1.078 7.84	8.9	14.9	WSPF 5
715.4	853	2.45	3.038	1.764 11.76	13.9	19	WSPF 6
1176	1372	5.488	6.174	3.234 21.56	23.5	39	WSPF8
1862	2156	10.78	12.74	6.958 41.16	45	60.5	WSPF 10
2156	2646	14.70	18.62	10.78 58.80	59	87.5	WSPF 12
4214	6076	31.36	45.08	27.44 151.90	77	111	WSPF 15
6566	9016	65.66	90.16	49.00 287.14	150	202	WSPF 20
11196	14294	138.94	177.93	92.76 550.78	255	310	WSPF 25
15349	19392	230.91	291.88	146.94 873.65	476	450	WSPF 30
21291	31587	425.83	631.75	363.85 1939.22	962	808	WSPF 40

1N≒0.102kgf

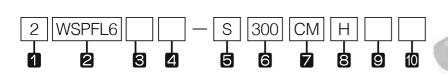






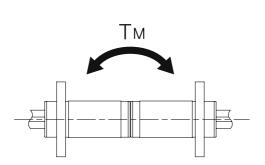
# ■ WSPFL Series

An example of the Composition of Model Name & Number



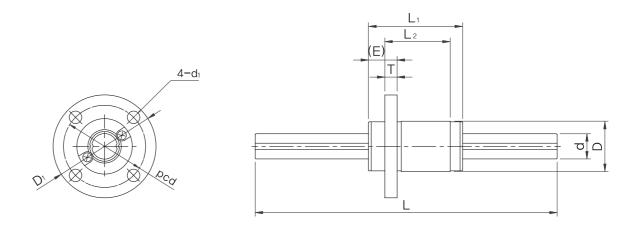
- 1 Number of nuts assembled in one shaft
- 2 Model No.
- Material of nut: No symbol-Standard material/M-Stainless
   No symbol-Standard nut / E-Special nut specification
   Type of shaft: S-Solid / H-Hollow

- 6 Length of shaft
- Symbol of clearance: CL-No preload / CM-Standard / CT-Light preload
- Symbol of precision: No symbol-Normal / H-Precision / P-Super
- Material of shaft: No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- No symbol-Standard shaft / E-Special shaft specification



							Major	dimensi	ons				
Model No.	Outside D	diameter Tolerance	L <sub>1</sub>	L2	D <sub>1</sub>	Е	Т	pcd	d <sub>1</sub>	Axial di d	ameter Tolerance	Length L	Max. length
WSPFL 5	10	0 -0.009	26	17.4	23	7	2.7	17	3.4	5	0	100 150	200
WSPFL 6	12	0	29.8	21.2	25	7	2.7	19	3.4	6	-0.012	150 200	300
WSPFL8	15	-0.011	36.7	26.3	28	9	3.8	22	3.4	8	0	150 200 250	500
WSPFL 10	19		47	34.9	36	10	4.1	28	4.5	10	-0.015	150 200 250	600
WSPFL 12	21	0 -0.013	53.1	41.1	38	10	4	30	4.5	12	0	200 300	800
WSPFL 15	23		65	52	40	11	4.5	32	4.5	13.6	-0.018	200 300 400	1000
WSPFL 20	30		71	54	46	14	5.5	38	4.5	18.2		300 400 500 600	1000
WSPFL 25	37	0 -0.016	84	63.2	57	17	6.5	47	5.5	22.6	0 -0.021	300 400 500 600 800	1200
WSPFL 30	45		98	71	65	21	7.5	54	6.5	27.2		400 500 600 700 1100	1200

Note (1) The top value of the static rated moment TM means the value of one nut, and the bottom value represents the value of two nuts in contact.



Unit: mm

Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Basic dynamic rated torque	Basic static rated torque	Basic static rated moment <sup>(1)</sup>	Splin	e nut	Model No.
C N	Co N	T N∙m	To N∙m	T <sub>M</sub> N•m	Spline nut g	Spline shaft g/100mm	Model No.
882	1176	2.646	3.528	3.136 19.60	12	14.9	WSPFL5
1078	1470	3.626	5.194	4.998 27.44	19.5	19	WSPFL 6
1764	2450	8.33	11.76	9.80 56.84	34.1	39	WSPFL8
2842	4018	16.66	23.52	22.54 115.64	70	60.5	WSPFL 10
3234	4802	21.56	33.32	32.34 156.80	91.8	87.5	WSPFL 12
6370	11564	48.02	86.24	94.08 447.86	127.5	111	WSPFL 15
9310	15092	93.10	150.92	127.40 619.36	218	202	WSPFL 20
15394	23191	192.92	289.88	228.91 1189.52	371	310	WSPFL 25
21291	31587	319.84	473.81	363.85 1899.24	680	450	WSPFL 30

1N≒0.102kgf



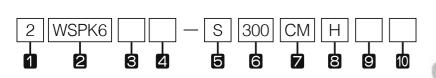






### WSPK Series

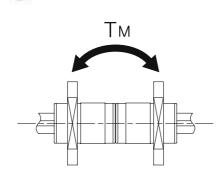
#### An example of the Composition of Model Name & Number



- 1 Number of nuts assembled in one shaft
- Model No.
- Material of nut: No symbol-Standard material/M-Stainless
   No symbol-Standard nut / E-Special nut specification
   Type of shaft: S-Solid / H-Hollow

- 6 Length of shaft
- Symbol of clearance: CL-No preload / CM-Standard / CT-Light preload
   Symbol of precision: No symbol-Normal / H-Precision / P-Super
   Material of shaft: No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless

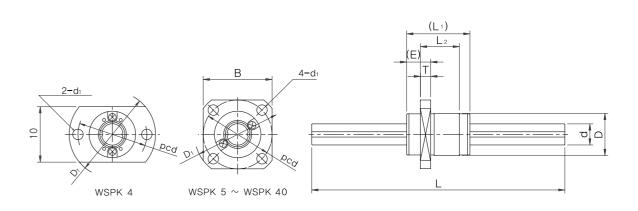
- 10 No symbol-Standard shaft / E-Special shaft specification



							Ma	ajor dir	nensio	ns				
Model No.	Outside D	diameter Tolerance	L <sub>1</sub>	L <sub>2</sub>	D1	В	Е	Т	pcd	d <sub>1</sub>	Axial d d	iameter Tolerance	Length L	Max. length
WSPK 4 (2)	8	0	12	7.9	21	10	4.6	2.5	15	3.4	4		100 150	200
WSPK 5	10	-0.009	17.5	8.9	23	18	7	2.7	17	3.4	5	0 -0.012	100 150	200
WSPK 6	12	0	20.6	12	25	20	7	2.7	19	3.4	6		150 200	300
WSPK 8	15	-0.011	24.4	14	28	22	9	3.8	22	3.4	8	0	150 200 250	500
WSPK 10	19		29.6	17.8	36	28	10	4.1	28	4.5	10	-0.015	200 300	600
WSPK 12	21	0 -0.013	34.7	22.7	38	30	10	4	30	4.5	12	0	200 300 400	800
WSPK 15	23		40	27	40	31	11	4.5	32	4.5	13.6	-0.018	200 300 400	1000
WSPK 20	30		50	33	46	35	14	5.5	38	4.5	18.2		300 400 500 600	1000
WSPK 25	37	0 -0.016	60	39.2	57	43	17	6.6	47	5.5	22.6	0 -0.021	300 400 500 600 800	
WSPK 30	45		70	43	65	50	21	7.5	54	6.6	27.2		400 500 600	1200
WSPK 40	60	0 -0.019	100	70.8	93	73	26.6	12	73	9	37.2	0 -0.025	700 1100	

Note (1) The top value of the static rated moment TM means the value of one nut, and the bottom value represents the value of two nuts in contact.

(2) WSPK4 has no seal.



Unit:mm

Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Basic dynamic rated torque	Basic static rated torque	Basic static rated moment <sup>(1)</sup>	Splin	e nut	OTHE THIN
load rating	raung	rated torque	torque	HOHICH			Model No.
C N	Co N	T N∙m	To N∙m	TM N•m	Spline nut g	Spline shaft g/100mm	
303	382	0.686	0.882	0.49 2.94	5.1	9.6	WSPK 4 (2)
588	637	1.764	1.96	1.078 7.84	8.9	14.9	WSPK 5
715.4	852.6	2.45	3.038	1.764 11.76	13.9	19	WSPK 6
1176	1372	5.488	6.174	3.234 21.56	23.5	39	WSPK8
1862	2156	10.78	12.74	6.958 41.16	45	60.5	WSPK 10
2156	2646	14.70	18.62	10.78 58.80	59	87.5	WSPK 12
4214	6076	31.36	45.08	27.44 151.90	77	111	WSPK 15
6566	9016	65.66	90.16	49.00 287.14	150	202	WSPK 20
11196	14294	138.94	177.93	92.76 550.78	255	310	WSPK 25
15394	19392	230.91	291.88	146.94 873.65	476	450	WSPK 30
21291	31587	425.83	631.75	363.85 1939.22	962	808	WSPK 40

1N≒0.102kgf

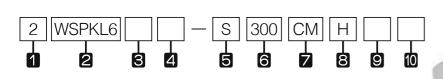






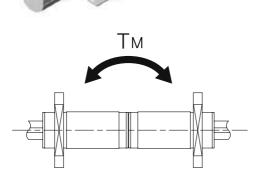
### WSPKL Series

An example of the Composition of Model Name & Number



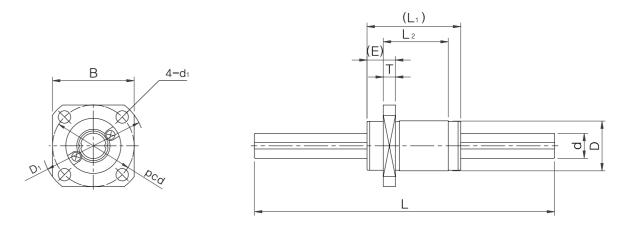
- 1 Number of nuts assembled in one shaft
- 2 Model No.
- Material of nut: No symbol-Standard material/M-Stainless
   No symbol-Standard nut / E-Special nut specification
   Type of shaft: S-Solid / H-Hollow

- 6 Length of shaft
- Symbol of clearance: CL-No preload / CM-Standard / CT-Light preload
- Symbol of precision: No symbol-Normal / H-Precision / P-Super
- Material of shaft: No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- No symbol-Standard shaft / E-Special shaft specification



							М	ajor dir	mensio	ns				
Model No.	Outside D	diameter Tolerance	L <sub>1</sub>	L <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>1</sub>	Е	В	Т	pcd	d <sub>1</sub>	Axial di d	ameter Tolerance	Length L	Max. length
WSPKL 5	10	0 -0.009	26	17.4	23	7	18	2.7	17	3.4	5	0	100 150	200
WSPKL 6	12	0	29.8	21.2	25	7	20	2.7	19	3.4	6	-0.012	150 200	300
WSPKL8	15	-0.011	36.7	26.3	28	9	22	3.8	22	3.4	8	0	150 200 250	500
WSPKL 10	19		47	34.9	36	10	28	4.1	28	4.5	10	-0.015	200 300	600
WSPKL 12	21	0 -0.013	53.1	41.1	38	10	30	4	30	4.5	12	0	200 300 400	800
WSPKL 15	23		65	52	40	11	31	4.5	32	4.5	13.6	-0.018	200 300 400	1000
WSPKL 20	30		71	54	46	14	35	5.5	38	4.5	18.2		300 400 500 600	1000
WSPKL 25	37	0 -0.016	84	63.2	57	17	43	6.6	47	5.5	22.6	0 -0.021	300 400 500 600 800	1200
WSPKL 30	45		98	71	65	21	50	7.5	54	6.6	27.2		400 500 600 700 1100	1200

Note (1) The top value of the static rated moment TM means the value of one nut, and the bottom value represents the value of two nuts in contact.



Unit: mm

Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Basic dynamic rated torque	Basic static rated torque	Basic static rated moment <sup>(1)</sup>	Splin	e nut	Model No.
C N	Co N	T N•m	To N•m	TM N∙m	Spline nut g	Spline shaft g/100mm	IVIOUEI NO.
882	1176	2.646	3.528	3.136 19.60	12	14.9	WSPKL5
1078	1470	3.626	5.194	4.998 27.44	19.5	19	WSPKL6
1764	2450	8.33	11.76	9.80 56.84	34.1	39	WSPKL8
2842	4010	16.66	23.52	22.54 115.64	70	60.5	WSPKL 10
3234	4802	21.56	33.32	32.34 156.80	91.8	87.5	WSPKL 12
6370	11564	48.02	86.24	94.08 447.86	127.5	111	WSPKL 15
9310	15092	93.10	150.92	127.40 619.36	218	202	WSPKL 20
15394	23191	192.92	289.88	228.91 1189.52	371	310	WSPKL 25
21291	31587	319.87	473.81	363.85 1899.24	680	450	WSPKL 30

1N≒0.102kgf

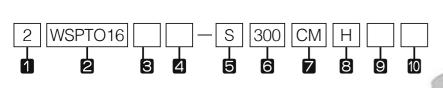


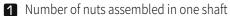




#### WSPTO Series

An example of the Composition of Model Name & Number





2 Model No.

**3** Material of nut: No symbol-Standard material/M-Stainless

No symbol-Standard nut / E-Special nut specification

**5** Type of shaft: S-Solid / H-Hollow

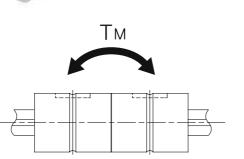
6 Length of shaft

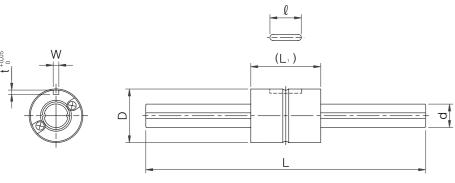
**Z** Symbol of clearance : CL-No preload / CM-Standard / CT-Light preload

**8** Symbol of precision: No symbol-Normal / H-Precision / P-Super

Material of shaft : No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless

10 No symbol-Standard shaft / E-Special shaft specification





단위:mm

						Major	dimensio	ns			
Model No.	Model No. Outside diameter			Dir	mension o	f key groo	ove	Axial d	iameter	Length	Max.
	D	Tolerance	L1	W	Tolerance	t	Q	d	Tolerance	Ĺ	length
WSPTO 16	31	0 -0.013	50	3.5	+0.018	2	17.5	16	0 -0.017	200 300 400	1000
WSPTO 20	35	0 -0.016	63	4	0	2.5	29	20	0 -0.020	300 400 500 600	1000

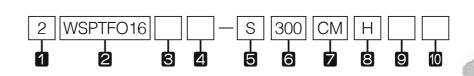
	Model No.	Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Basic dynamic rated torque	Basic static rated torque	Basic static rated moment <sup>(1)</sup>	Splin	e nut
ı	Model No.	C N	Co N	T N∙m	To N∙m	Тм N • m	Spline nut g	Spline shaft g/100mm
	WSPTO 16	7060	12600	31.4	34.3	67.6 393	165	160
	WSPTO 20	10200	17800	56.9	55.9	118 700	225	250

1N≒0.102kgf

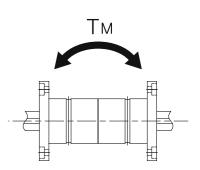
Note (1) The top value of the static rated moment TM means the value of one nut, and the bottom value represents the value of two nuts in contact.

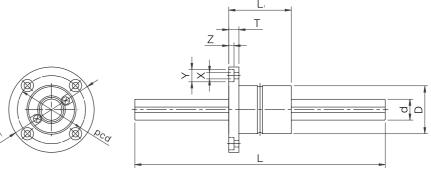
#### WSPTFO Series

An example of the Composition of Model Name & Number



- 1 Number of nuts assembled in one shaft
- 2 Model No.
- **3** Material of nut: No symbol-Standard material/M-Stainless
- 4 No symbol-Standard nut / E-Special nut specification
- **5** Type of shaft: S-Solid / H-Hollow
- 6 Length of shaft
- **Z** Symbol of clearance : CL-No preload / CM-Standard / CT-Light preload
- Symbol of precision: No symbol-Normal / H-Precision / P-Super
- Material of shaft: No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- No symbol-Standard shaft / E-Special shaft specification





Unit:mm

							Major dimensio	ns			
Model No.	Outside	diameter		ρ.	т	ned	V.,V.,7	Axial d	iameter	Length	Max.
	D	Tolerance	L1	D <sub>1</sub>		pcd	XxYxZ	d	Tolerance	L	length
WSPTFO 16	31	0 -0.013	50	51	7	40	4.5x8x4.4	16	0 -0.017	200 300 400	1000
WSPTFO 20	35	0 -0.016	63	58	9	45	5.5x9.5x5.4	20	0 -0.020	300 400 500 600	1000

Model No.	Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Basic dynamic rated torque	Basic static rated torque	Basic static rated moment <sup>(1)</sup>	Splin	e nut
MOGET NO.	C N	Co N	T N∙m	To N∙m	Тм N • m	Spline nut g	Spline shaft g/100mm
WSPTFO 16	7060	12600	31.4	34.3	67.6 393	165	160
WSPTFO 20	10200	17800	56.9	55.9	118 700	225	250

1N≒0.102kgf

Note (1) The top value of the static rated moment T<sub>M</sub> means the value of one nut, and the bottom value represents the value of two nuts in contact.







# 10 Linear Ball Spline

#### 1. Structure and Features

WON Linear Ball Spline is composed of a spline shaft with a groove and a nut. The spline nut has a retainer, a seal, and a ball installed in. It supports smooth motion.

# 2. High load capacity and long life

The raceway surface an R-shape similar to diameter of a ball. Since it is precisely polished, it has a wide area of contact with a ball. Therefore, the device a high load capacity and a long life span.

### 3. Torque transmission with high precision

The groove of shaft and cylinder adjusts a ball at an appropriate contact angle. Therefore, with one shaft, it is possible to transmit torque.

In addition, by setting the gap of the rotation direction for preload to zero, it is possible to increase rigidity and determine an accurate position of rotation.

### 4. High speed movement and high speed rotation

The cylinder of a linear ball spline is compact and is balanced well. Therefore, it has good performance in high-speed motion or high-speed rotation.

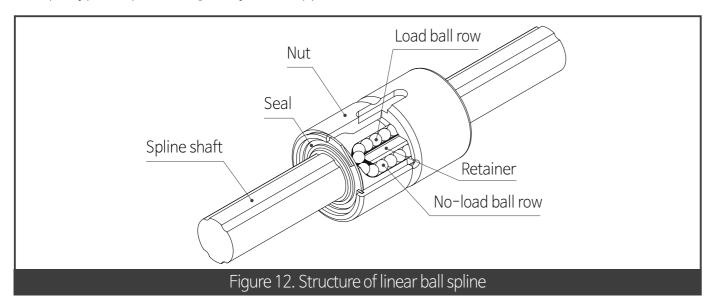
### 5. Product components

WON Linear Ball Spline has eight different types (8 to 40) of sizes, and has two different types of nut shapes (cylinder type: WLS, flange type: WLSF).

\* If you need a linear ball spline with a different material, please contact us.

# 6. Easy further processing

WON Linear Ball Spline has a groove installed in its round shaft. Therefore, the device supports multiple types of processing easily and is applicable in wide areas.



Classification	Туре	Shape	and Features
Cylinder Type	WLS	5	It has a general spline nut that has a key groove helping to fix the position of a rotational direction accurately.
Flange Type	WLSF		Flange Type - As a round flange type, it can be installed easily.

<sup>\*</sup> It is possible to select a different type of WON Linear Ball Spline depending on a use. A seal is basically installed in any type of nut.



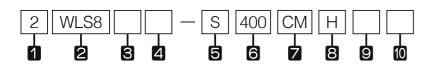






# WLS Series

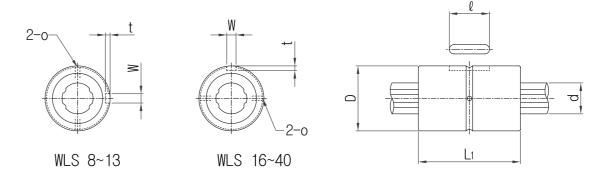
#### An example of the Composition of Model Name & Number



- 1 Number of nuts assembled in one shaft
- Model No.
- Material of nut: No symbol-Standard material/M-Stainless
   No symbol-Standard nut / E-Special nut specification
   Type of shaft: S-Solid / H-Hollow

- 6 Length of shaft
- Symbol of clearance: CL-No preload / CM-Standard / CT-Light preload
- Symbol of precision: No symbol-Normal / H-Precision / P-Super
   Material of shaft: No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- 10 No symbol-Standard shaft / E-Special shaft specification

	Major dimensions										
Model No.	Outside	diameter	Ler	ngth	Di	mension o	f key groc	ve	0	Axial di	iameter
	D	Tolerance	L <sub>1</sub>	Tolerance	W	Tolerance	t	Q	O	d	Tolerance
WLS 8	16	0 -0.011	25		2.5		1.2	10.5	1.5	8	0
WLS 10	21	0	33		3	+0.014	1.5	13	1.5	10	-0.015
WLS 13	24	-0.013	36	0 -0.011	3		1.5	15	1.5	13	0
WLS 16	31		50		3.5		2	17.5	2	16	-0.018
WLS 20	35	0	63		4		2.5	29	2	20	
WLS 25	42	-0.016	71		4	+0.018	2.5	36	3	25	0 -0.021
WLS 30	47		80	0 -0.019	4		2.5	42	3	30	
WLS 40	64	0 -0.019	100		6		3.5	52	4	40	0 -0.025



Unit:mm

Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Basic dynamic rated torque	Basic static rated torque	Basic static rated torque	Spline nut		Model No.	
C N	Co N	T N∙m	To N∙m	Tм N•m	Spline nut g	Spline shaft g/100mm	Model No.	
1,450	2,870	2.1	3.7	7.4	23	38	WLS 8	
2,730	5,070	4.4	8.2	18.0	54	60	WLS 10	
2,670	4,890	21	39.2	13.7	70	100	WLS 13	
6,120	11,200	60	110	46	150	150	WLS 16	
8,900	16,300	105	194	110	220	240	WLS 20	
12,800	23,400	189	346	171	330	370	WLS 25	
18,600	23,200	307	439	181	360	540	WLS 30	
30,800	37,500	647	934	358	950	960	WLS 40	

1N≒0.102kgf



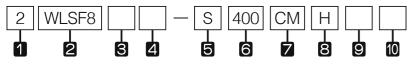






# WLSF Series

#### An example of the Composition of Model Name & Number

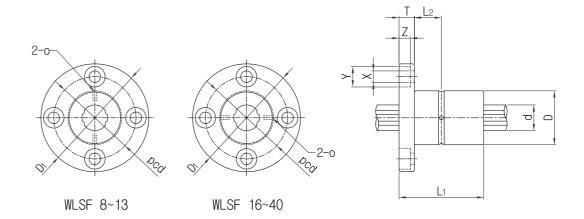


- 1 Number of nuts assembled in one shaft
- Material of nut: No symbol-Standard material/M-Stainless
   No symbol-Standard nut / E-Special nut specification
   Type of shaft: S-Solid / H-Hollow

- 6 Length of shaft
- Symbol of clearance: CL-No preload / CM-Standard / CT-Light preload
- Symbol of precision: No symbol-Normal / H-Precision / P-Super
  Material of shaft: No symbol-Standard material / M-Stainless
- 10 No symbol-Standard shaft / E-Special shaft specification



	Major dimensio					ensions						
Model No.	Outside	diameter Ler		ngth	D <sub>1</sub>	Т	PCD	XxYxZ	L <sub>2</sub>	0	Axial di	ameter
	D	Tolerance	L <sub>1</sub>	Tolerance			I CD	XX I X Z	L2	U	d	Tolerance
WLSF8	16	0 -0.011	25		32	5	24	3.4×6.5×3.3	7.5	1.5	8	0
WLSF 10	21	0	33		42	6	32	4.5x8x4.4	10.5	1.5	10	-0.015
WLSF 13	24	-0.013	36	0 -0.2	44	7	33	4.5x8x4.4	11	1.5	13	0
WLSF 16	31		50		50	7	40	4.5x8x4.4	18	2	16	-0.018
WLSF 20	35	0	63		58	9	45	5.5x9.5x5.4	22.5	2	20	
WLSF 25	42	-0.016	71		65	9	52	5.5x9.5x5.4	26.5	3	25	0 -0.021
WLSF 30	47		80	0 -0.3	75	10	60	6.6x11x6.5	30	3	30	
WLSF 40	64	0 -0.019	100		100	14	82	9x14x8.6	36	4	40	0 -0.025



Unit:mm

Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Basic dynamic rated torque	Basic static rated torque	Basic static rated torque	Spline nut		Model No.
C N	Co N	T N∙m	To N•m	Тм N • m	Spline nut g	Spline shaft g/100mm	iviodei No.
1,450	2,870	2.1	3.7	7.4	42	38	WLSF8
2,730	5,070	4.4	8.2	18.0	94	60	WLSF 10
2,670	4,890	21	39.2	13.7	100	100	WLSF13
6,120	11,200	60	110	46	200	150	WLSF16
8,900	16,300	105	194	110	330	240	WLSF 20
12,800	23,400	189	346	171	450	370	WLSF 25
18,600	23,200	307	439	181	550	540	WLSF30
30,800	37,500	647	934	358	1,410	960	WLSF40

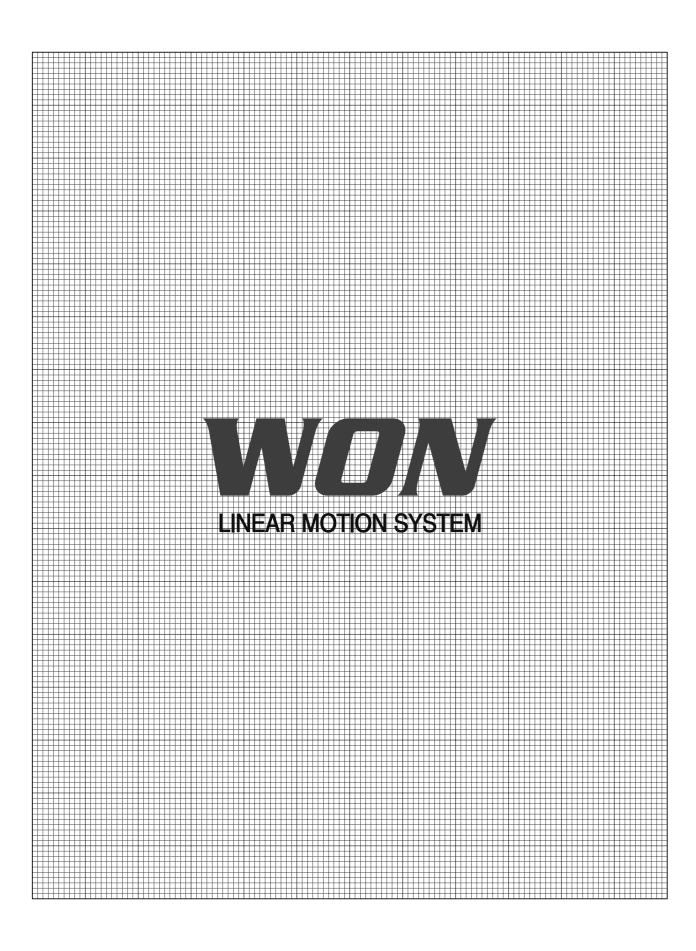
1N≒0.102kgf



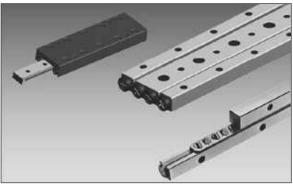








# **Cross Roller Guide Way Contents**



1	Structure and Features of Cross Roller Guide Way	
	1. Precise and fine linear motion	182
	2. Low noise	182
	3. High load capacity	182
2	Structures and Features of Anti-Creep Cross Roller Guide Way	
	1. Responses to multiple types of operation	183
	2. Low noise and smooth movement	183
	3. High load capacity based on complete compatibility of installation dimensions—	183
3	Types and Features	184
4	Precision	<b>—</b> 185
5	Load rating and life	<b>—</b> 186
6	Preload	188
7	Precision of mounting surface	189
8	How to install	189
9	Lubrication and Dust Proof	<b>—</b> 191
10	Caution for Use	192







# 1 Structure and Features of Cross Roller Guide Way

WON Cross Roller Guide Way is composed of the race rail and roller cage precisely polished. For use, the roller cages assembled in the reverse direction of precise roller are put together with the 90 ° V grooved raceway surface of a race rail. The device has the non-circular and highly-precise linear motion system with low frictional resistance. It is mainly applied to electric discharge machine, optical equipment, measuring equipment, and electronic parts assembly & inspection equipment.

#### 1. Precise and fine linear motion

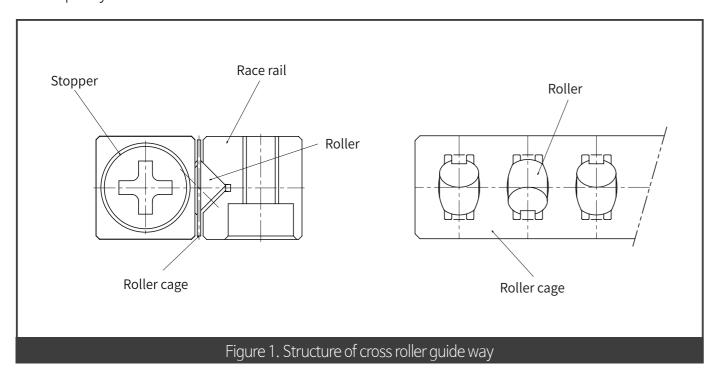
A cross roller guide way has very low frictional resistance and almost no static and dynamic frictional resistance. Therefore, it supports precise and fine linear motion, obtaining stable linear motion in the conditions of light load and low speed.

#### 2. Low noise

WON Cross Roller Guide Way has a non-circular linear motion system. Therefore, it has no noise of circulation part. Since its roller cage supports a roller at a certain interval, the device runs smoothly without any noise of contact between rollers. .

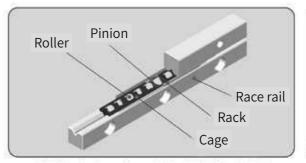
### 3. High load capacity

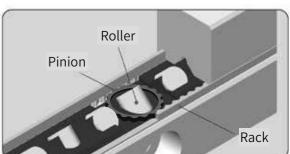
Since a cross roller guide way uses a precise roller as a rolling element, it has high rigidity and a high load capacity.



# 2 WON Anti-Creep Structures and Features of Anti-Creep Cross Roller Guide Way

WON Anti-Creep Cross Roller Guide Way is the product with the rack and pinion gear built in a conventional cross roller guide way. Therefore, it has very high precision and the anti-creep protection.





Structure of WON Anti-Creep cross roller guide way

Details of Anti-Creep part

# 1. Responses to multiple types of operation

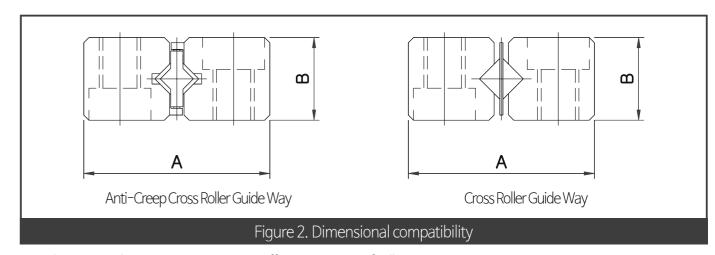
The anti-creep function makes it possible to respond to very high deceleration and acceleration. Unlike a conventional cross roller guide way, this device is safely applicable in difficult service conditions like vertical axis.

#### 2. Low noise and smooth motion

This product adopts a resin cage, rather than a steel cage applied to our other products, in order to minimize the noise of friction between a case and a roller and to implement quit and smooth running.

### 3. High load capacity based on complete compatibility of installation dimensions

This product has a unique structure in which a pinion gear wraps of roller a cage. It has the same quantity of rollers and the same load rating and stroke assembly dimension as a general cross roller guide way, so that it has good compatibility for convenient replacement.<sup>1)</sup>



Note 1) The model numbers 1 & 2 have a different quantity of rollers.







# 3 Types and Features



In WRG type, the roller cage with the precision rollers crossed at a right angle is put together with the 90 °V-grooved raceway of an exclu sive rail. By mounting two-roll roller guides in parallel, it is possible to bear any load in all directions, which is imposed on the shaft at a right angle. In addition, since preload can be applied simply, the cross roller guide way can become a light sliding device with no clearance and high rigi dity.

A cross roller table is the compact, highly precise and highly rigid unit guiding a finite linear line. A cross rolle r guide way is put in between a highly precise table and the base.

# 4 Precision

Precision of WON Cross Roller Guide Way is classified into normal, precision, and super precision types.

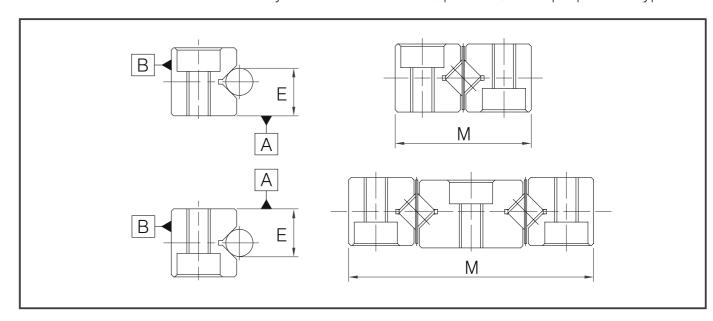


Table 1. Precision of each part of the race rail

Unit:mm

Table 2. Parallelism of the race rail for @&b sides

s Unit:mm

Class of precision	Normal	Precision	Super Precision		
Symbol	No symbol	Н	Р		
Parallelism of the race rail for ⓐ&ⓑ sides	See Table 2.				
Dimensional tolerance of the height E	±0	±0.01			
Difference of the height E	0.02	0.01	0.005		
Tolerance of M	) -(	0 -0.1			

Note) The difference of the height E is applied to four race rails used on the same plane.

Class of precision race rail	Normal (No symbol)	Precision (H)	Super Precision (P)
Length > 200	8	4	2
200 ≤ length > 400	10	5	3
400 ≤ length > 600	14	7	4
600 ≤ length > 800	15	9	5
800 ≤ length	20	10	5







# 5 Load rating and life

As for the basic load rating C and Co, the basic load rating of the running-roller count (Z) actually applied is calculated with the basic load rating Cz and Coz equivalent to one running roller.

Basic dynamic load rating

Basic static load rating

$$C = \left(\frac{Z}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} \cdot Cz$$

$$Co = \left(\frac{Z}{2}\right) \cdot Coz$$
  $*\left(\frac{Z}{2}\right) = \frac{\text{Removal of decimals}}{}$ 

Rating life refers to a total travel distance that 90% in one group of linear motion systems, each of which runs under the same condition, can reach without flaking. After the basic dynamic load rating is calculated in the above formula, it is possible to calculate the life of a cross roller guide way in the following formula.

$$L = \left[ \left( \frac{f_H \cdot f_T}{f_W} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{C}{P_C} \right) \right]^{\frac{10}{3}} \cdot 100$$

Where L: basic load rating

(km)

C : basic dynamic load rating

(kN) (kN)

Pc : Calculated load fh : Hardness factor

ft : Temperature factor

fw: Load factor

If stroke length and the number of strokes per minute are given, it is possible to calculate a service life in the following formula.

$$L_h = \frac{L \times 10^3}{2 \times \ell_s \times n_1 \times 60}$$

Where Lh: Rating life (hr)

\$\ell\$s: Stroke length (m)

n<sub>1</sub>: Number of strokes per minute (o.p.m.)

#### Table 3. Hardness factor

A type of race rail	fн
Carbon steel race rail	1
Stainless steel race rail	0.8

#### Table 4. Temperature factor

Temperature of linear motion system (°C)	fτ
100	1.00
120	0.97
140	0.93
160	0.88
180	0.82

#### Table 5. Load factor

Impacts & vibration	Velocity (V)	Measured value of vibration (G)	fw
No external impacts and vibration	Low speed V≦ 15m/mim	G≦ 0.5	1.0 ~ 1.5
Very weak impacts and vibration	Middle speed 15< V≦ 60m/mim	0.5≦ G≦ 1.0	1.5 ~ 2.0
External impacts and vibration	<b>High speed</b> V > 60m/mim	1.0≦ G≦ 2.0	2.0 ~ 3.5







# 6 Preload

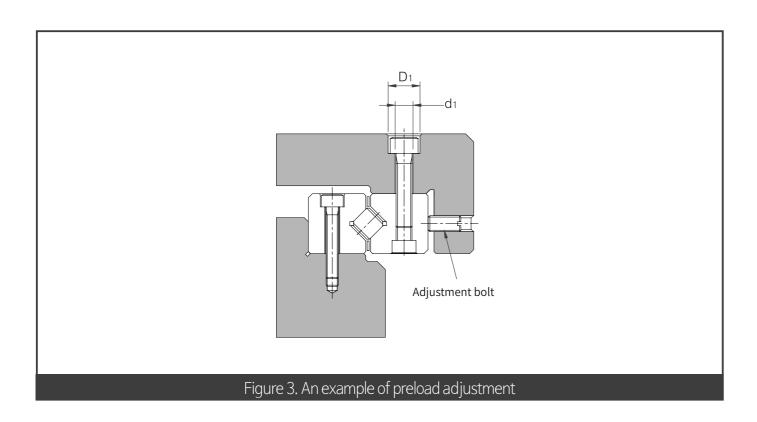
If a cross roller guide way has no appropriate level of preload, it is impossible to obtain the precision needed, or it is possible to cause scratches or shorten its service life. Therefore, fasten an adjustment bolt by checking an allowable preload level.

(\* Adjust an adjustment bolt in the same line with a roller.)

Table 6. Allowable preload level of roller cage in the row 1

1.1	<u>.</u>	+	
U	ſΝ	II.	IJ

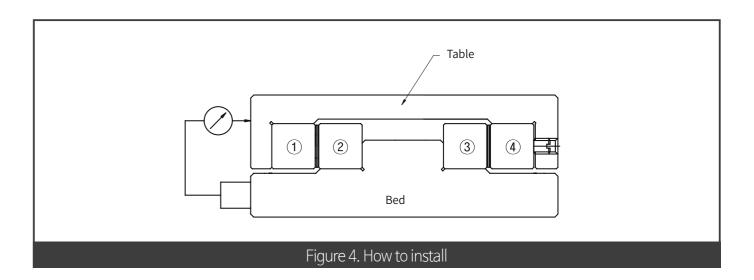
Model No.	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R9
Allowable preload	-2	-3	-4	-5	-7	-10



# 7 Precision of mounting surface

To obtain a certain level of travel precision, it is required for the mounting face of a race rail to secure more than a level of precision described in Table 1. Generally, polishing process is applied.

# 8 How to install

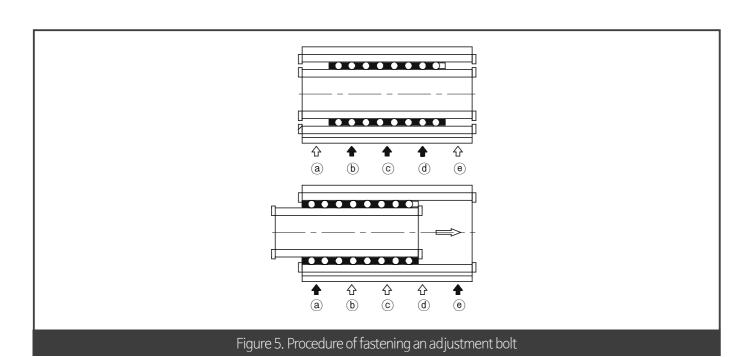


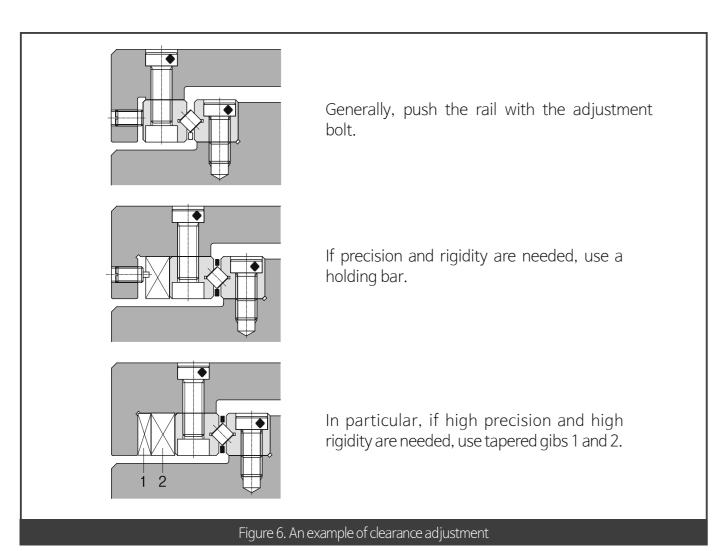
- 1) Place the mounting surfaces of the race rails ①, ②, and ③ closely and accurately on the bed and table and connect them completely.
- 2) Connect the race rail ④ temporarily with the table and secure a gap enough to push a roller cage into the side.
- 3) Set a dial gauge as shown in Figure 4. Lightly fasten an adjustment bolt until the table has no runout in order to obtain a certain amount of stroke. Set the dial gauge to zero.
- 4) Place the roller cage at the center as shown in Figure 5. Fasten the adjustment bolt with a torque wrench until the dial gauge shows a certain amount of displacement that represents an allowable preload level. Fasten the mounting bolt of the race rail @ completely.
- 5) Slide the table left and right and fasten another adjustment bolt and mounting bolt (a,e) in the same way as above. Now the installation is complete.









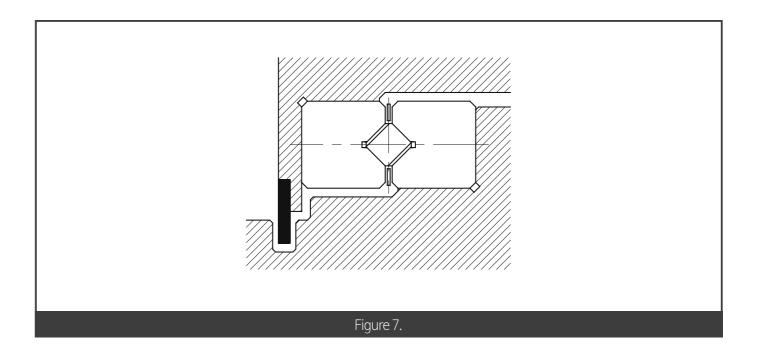


# 9 Lubrication and Dust Proof

WON Cross Roller Guide Way (WRGT, WRGU) is already filled with lithium grease. If you need

to refill, it is recommended to use the same type of grease.

If a large amount of foreign substances or dust float, or if a cross roller guide way is exposed to relatively big foreign substances like cutting tips or sand, it is recommended to attach a cover to protect the device.









# 10 Caution for Use

#### 1. Installation

If the mounting surface is polished with lower than a required level of precision, or an inappropriate preload level is applied, a race rail can face torsion. In this case, asymmetric load, race rail wear, and a shortened service life occur. Therefore, it is recommended to meet the required precision of the polished surface and level of preload.

# 2. Stopper

Stoppers are installed on both ends of a race rail only for the purpose of preventing the separation of a roller cage. Therefore, it is required to install a table stopper separately.

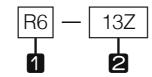
# 3. Use of an equal set

As for WON Cross Roller Guide Way, WRG type has one set of four race rails, and WRGW type one set of three race rails.

The V-groove difference of each type is adjusted in the set. Therefore, a combination of different sets can cause an error that degrades precision and shortens a service life. Be careful.

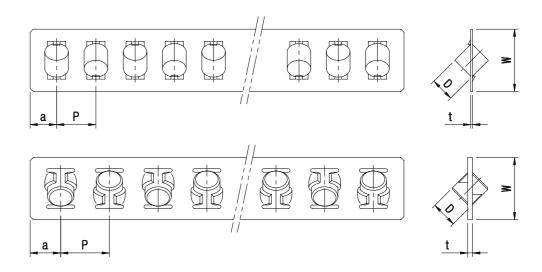
### Roller Cage

An example of the composition of model name & number



- 1 Model No.
- 2 Number of rollers





#### Unit:mm

Model No.	D	t	W	Р	а	Cz(kN)	Coz(kN)
R1	1.5	0.2	3.8	2.5	2	0.152	0.153
R2	2	0.25	5	4	2.5	0.276	0.271
R3	3	0.3	7	5	3	0.639	0.611
R4	4	0.3	10.5	7	4.5	1.38	1.35
R6	6	0.6	13.5	10	6	3.78	3.78
R9	9	1.0	19	14	7.5	9.53	9.48

1N = 0.102kgf



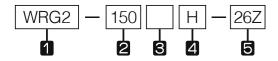






# WRG Type

# An example of the composition of model name & number



- **1** Model No.

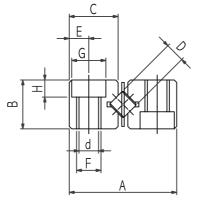
- Length of race rail
   No symbol –Standard race rail / E-Special specification of race rail
   Symbol of precision: No symbol Normal / H-Precision / P-Super precision
   Number of rollers

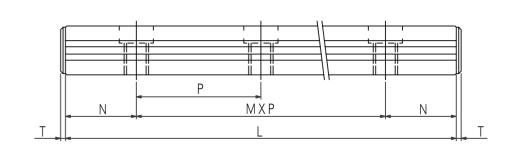


			No. of			Main din	ain dimensions			
Model No.	Max. stroke	D	rollers Z	L	А	В	С	MxP	N	
WRG 1020 WRG 1030 WRG 1040 WRG 1050 WRG 1060 WRG 1070 WRG 1080	12 22 27 32 37 42 52	1.5	5 7 10 13 16 19 21	20 30 40 50 60 70 80	8.5	4	3.8	1X10 2X10 3X10 4X10 5X10 6X10 7X10	5	
WRG 2030 WRG 2045 WRG 2060 WRG 2075 WRG 2090 WRG 2105 WRG 2120 WRG 2135 WRG 2150 WRG 2165 WRG 2180	18 24 30 44 50 64 70 84 90 96	2	5 8 11 13 16 18 21 23 26 29 32	30 45 60 75 90 105 120 135 150 165	12	6	5.5	1X15 2X15 3X15 4X15 5X15 6X15 7X15 8X15 9X15 10X15	7.5	
WRG 3050 WRG 3075 WRG 3100 WRG 3125 WRG 3150 WRG 3200 WRG 3225 WRG 3250 WRG 3250 WRG 3350 WRG 3350	28 48 58 78 88 108 118 138 148 168 178 198	3	7 10 14 17 21 24 28 31 35 38 42 45	50 75 100 125 150 175 200 225 250 275 300 325	18	8	8.3	1X25 2X25 3X25 4X25 5X25 6X25 7X25 8X25 9X25 10X25 11X25 12X25	12.5	

Note (1) 1 SET (Race rail: 4EA, Roller cage: 2EA, Stopper: 8EA)

(2) Basic load rating is based on 1 set.





Unit:mm

Dimensions Basic I					Basic loa	d rating	Mass		
Е	F	d	G	Н	Т	Dynamic C (kN)	Static Co (kN)	(1SET)	Model No.
1.8	M2	1.65	3	1.4	1.5	0.46 0.63 0.95 1.09 1.37 1.50 1.63	0.61 0.92 1.53 1.84 2.45 2.75 3.06	9 13 18 22 26 30 35	WRG 1020 WRG 1030 WRG 1040 WRG 1050 WRG 1060 WRG 1070 WRG 1080
2.5	M3	2.55	4.4	2	2	0.84 1.46 1.74 2.01 2.52 2.76 3.00 3.23 3.68 3.90 4.32	1.08 2.17 2.71 3.25 4.34 4.88 5.42 5.96 7.05 7.59 8.67	28 43 57 71 85 98 112 126 140 153	WRG 2030 WRG 2045 WRG 2060 WRG 2075 WRG 2090 WRG 2105 WRG 2120 WRG 2135 WRG 2150 WRG 2165 WRG 2180
3.5	M4	3.30	6	3.1	2.5	2.71 4.06 5.28 5.86 6.98 8.05 9.08 9.58 10.56 11.52 12.45 12.91 13.82	3.67 6.11 8.55 9.78 12.2 14.7 17.1 18.33 20.8 23.2 25.7 26.9 29.3	98 148 195 242 289 336 384 431 478 525 572 619 647	WRG 3050 WRG 3075 WRG 3100 WRG 3125 WRG 3150 WRG 3175 WRG 3200 WRG 3225 WRG 3250 WRG 3250 WRG 3300 WRG 3300 WRG 3350

1N ≒ 0.102kgf



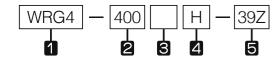






# WRG Type

# An example of the composition of model name & number



- **1** Model No.

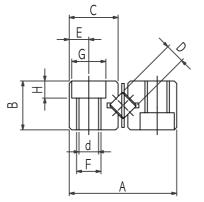
- Length of race rail
   No symbol –Standard race rail / E-Special specification of race rail
   Symbol of precision: No symbol Normal / H-Precision / P-Super precision
   Number of rollers

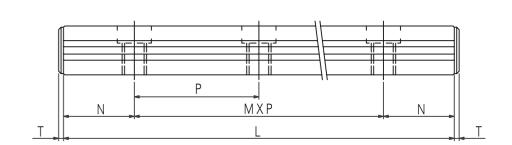


			No. of			Main din	nensions		
Model No.	Max. stroke	D	rollers Z	L	А	В	С	MxP	N
WRG 4080 WRG 4120 WRG 4160 WRG 4200 WRG 4240 WRG 4280 WRG 4320 WRG 4360 WRG 4400 WRG 4440	58 82 106 130 154 178 202 226 250 274 298	4	7 11 15 19 23 27 31 35 39 43	80 120 160 200 240 280 320 360 400 440 480	22	11	10.2	1X40 2X40 3X40 4X40 5X40 6X40 7X40 8X40 9X40 10X40 11X40	20
WRG 6100 WRG 6150 WRG 6200 WRG 6250 WRG 6300 WRG 6350 WRG 6400 WRG 6450 WRG 6500 WRG 6600	56 96 136 156 196 216 256 276 316 336 376	6	7 10 13 17 20 24 27 31 34 38 41	100 150 200 250 300 350 400 450 500 550 600	31	15	14.2	1X50 2X50 3X50 4X50 5X50 6X50 7X50 8X50 9X50 10X50 11X50	25
WRG 9200 WRG 9300 WRG 9400 WRG 9500 WRG 9600 WRG 9700 WRG 9800 WRG 9900 WRG 91000	118 178 238 298 358 418 478 538 598	9	10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50	200 300 400 500 600 700 800 900 1000	44	22	20.2	1X100 2X100 3X100 4X100 5X100 6X100 7X100 8X100 9X100	50

Note (1) 1 SET (Race rail: 4EA, Roller cage: 2EA, Stopper: 8EA)

(2) Basic load rating is based on 1 set.





Unit:mm

	Dimensions Basic load rating		d rating	Mass					
E	F	d	G	Н	Т	Dynamic C (kN)	Static Co (kN)	(1SET)	Model No.
4.5	M5	4.3	8	4.2	2.5	5.92 8.85 11.5 14.0 16.4 18.7 20.88 23.0 25.1 27.1 29.1	8.10 13.5 18.9 24.3 29.7 35.1 40.5 45.9 51.3 56.7 62.1	260 400 530 660 790 920 1050 1180 1300 1430 1530	WRG 4080 WRG 4120 WRG 4160 WRG 4200 WRG 4240 WRG 4280 WRG 4320 WRG 4360 WRG 4400 WRG 4440 WRG 4480
6	M6	5.2	9.5	5.2	3	16.4 24.5 28.2 35.4 42.1 48.5 51.7 57.8 63.7 69.5 72.3	22.7 37.8 45.4 60.5 75.6 90.7 98.3 113 128 143 151	630 950 1260 1570 1800 2190 2490 2810 3110 3420 3730	WRG 6100 WRG 6150 WRG 6200 WRG 6350 WRG 6350 WRG 6400 WRG 6450 WRG 6500 WRG 6550 WRG 6600
9	M8	6.8	10.5	6.2	4	62.3 81.1 107 123 147 162 184 198 219	94.8 133 190 228 284 322 379 417 474	2710 4050 5350 6680 8010 9330 10650 11970 13300	WRG 9200 WRG 9300 WRG 9400 WRG 9500 WRG 9600 WRG 9700 WRG 9800 WRG 9900 WRG 91000

1N = 0.102kgf



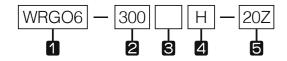






# WRGO Type

# An example of the composition of model name & number



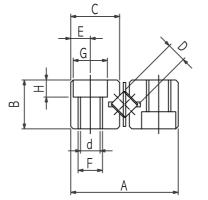
- Model No.
   Length of race rail
   No symbol –Standard race rail / E-Special specification of race rail
   Symbol of precision: No symbol Normal / H-Precision / P-Super precision
   Number of rollers

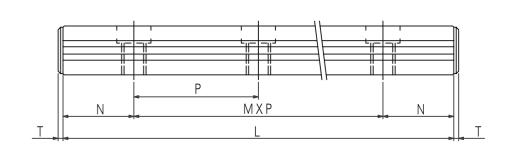


			No. of			Main din	nensions		
Model No.	Max. stroke	D	rollers Z	L	А	В	С	MxP	N
WRGO 6100	56		7	100				1 X 50	
WRGO 6150	96		10	150				2X50	
WRGO 6200	136		13	200				3X50	
WRGO 6250	156		17	250				4X50	
WRGO 6300	196		20	300				5X50	
WRGO 6350	216	6	24	350	30	15	14.4	6X50	25
WRGO 6400	256		27	400				7 X 50	
WRGO 6450	276		31	450				8X50	
WRGO 6500	316		34	500				9 X 50	
WRGO 6550	336		38	550				10 X 50	
WRGO 6600	376		41	600				11 X 50	
WRGO 9200	118		10	200				1 X 100	
WRGO 9300	178		15	300				2X100	
WRGO 9400	238		20	400				3X100	
WRGO 9500	298		25	500				4X100	
WRGO 9600	359		30	600				5X100	
WRGO 9700	418	9	35	700	40	20	19.2	6X100	50
WRGO 9800	478		40	800				7 X 100	
WRGO 9900	538		45	900				8X100	
WRGO 91000	598		50	1000				9 X 100	
WRGO 91100	658		55	1100				10X 100	
WRGO 91200	718		60	1200				11 X 100	

Note (1) 1 SET (Race rail: 4EA, Roller cage: 2EA, Stopper: 8EA)

(2) Basic load rating is based on 1 set.





Unit:mm

		Dimer	nsions			Basic load rating		Mass	
E	F	d	G	Н	Т	Dynamic C (kN)	Static Co (kN)	(1SET)	Model No.
						16.4	22.7	640	WRGO 6100
						24.5	37.8	940	WRGO 6150
						28.2	45.4	1250	WRGO 6200
						35.4	60.5	1560	WRGO 6250
						42.1	75.6	1860	WRGO 6300
6	M6	5.2	9.5	5.2	3	48.5	90.7	2170	WRGO 6350
						51.7	98.3	2490	WRGO 6400
						57.8	113	2780	WRGO 6450
						63.7	128	3090	WRGO 6500
						69.5	143	3390	WRGO 6550
						72.3	151	3700	WRGO 6600
						62.3	94.8	2280	WRGO 9200
						81.1	133	3400	WRGO 9300
						107	190	4510	WRGO 9400
						123	228	5620	WRGO 9500
						147	284	6740	WRGO 9600
8	M8	6.8	10.5	6.2	4	162	322	7850	WRGO 9700
						184	379	8960	WRGO 9800
						198	417	10070	WRGO 9900
						219	474	11190	WRGO 91000
						232	512	12300	WRGO 91100
						252	569	13410	WRGO 91200

1N = 0.102kgf



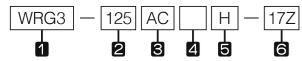


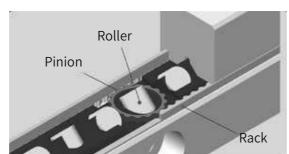


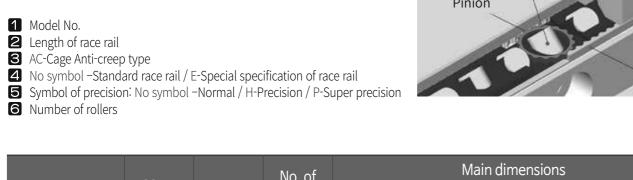


# WRG-AC Type

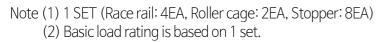
### An example of the composition of model name & number



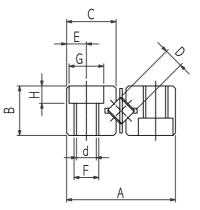


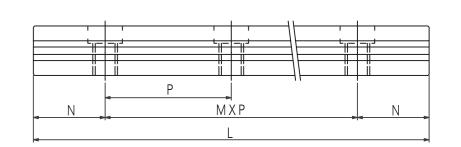


	Max.		No. of			Main din	nensions		
Model No.	stroke	D	rollers Z	L	А	В	С	MxP	N
WRG 2030 AC WRG 2045 AC WRG 2060 AC WRG 2075 AC WRG 2105 AC WRG 2120 AC WRG 2135 AC WRG 2150 AC WRG 2150 AC WRG 2165 AC WRG 2180 AC	18 24 30 44 50 64 70 84 90 96	2	4 7 10 12 15 17 20 22 25 28 31	30 45 60 75 90 105 120 135 150 165 180	12	6	5.4	1X15 2X15 3X15 4X15 5X15 6X15 7X15 8X15 9X15 10X15 11X15	7.5
WRG3050AC2 WRG3075AC2 WRG3100AC2 WRG3125AC2 WRG3150AC2 WRG3175AC2 WRG3200AC2 WRG3225AC2	24 54 66 78 90 100 112 144	4	6 8 12 16 20 24 28 30	50 75 100 125 150 175 200 225	18	8	8.6	1x25 2x25 3x25 4x25 5x25 6x25 7x25 8x25	12.5
WRG 4080 AC WRG 4120 AC WRG 4160 AC WRG 4200 AC WRG 4240 AC WRG 4280 AC WRG 4320 AC WRG 4360 AC WRG 4440 AC WRG 4440 AC WRG 4480 AC	58 82 106 130 154 178 202 226 250 274 298	4	7 11 15 19 23 27 31 35 39 43	80 120 160 200 240 280 320 360 400 440 480	22	11	10.2	1 X 40 2 X 40 3 X 40 4 X 40 5 X 40 6 X 40 7 X 40 8 X 40 9 X 40 10 X 40 11 X 40	20



- (3) If a stopper is needed, please make separate description.
  (4) For the vertical use of the device, please contact us.





Unit:mm

Dimensions Basic load rating Mass								
E	F	d	G	Н	Dynamic C (kN)	Static Co (kN)	(1SET) g	Model No.
2.5	МЗ	2.55	4.4	2	0.62 0.86 1.28 1.48 1.67 1.85 2.2 2.37 2.54 2.86 3.02	0.73 1.10 1.83 2.20 2.56 2.93 3.66 4.03 4.39 5.13 5.49	28 43 57 71 85 98 112 126 140 153 166	WRG 2030 AC WRG 2045 AC WRG 2060 AC WRG 2075 AC WRG 2090 AC WRG 2105 AC WRG 2135 AC WRG 2150 AC WRG 2165 AC WRG 2180 AC
3.5	M4	3.30	6	3.1	6.53 8.20 11.27 14.12 16.81 19.38 21.86 23.06	9.37 12.50 18.75 25.00 31.25 37.50 43.75 46.88	99 144 190 236 281 327 373 418	WRG3050AC2 WRG3075AC2 WRG3100AC2 WRG3125AC2 WRG3150AC2 WRG3175AC2 WRG3200AC2 WRG3225AC2
4.5	M5	4.3	8	4.2	5.92 8.85 11.5 14.0 16.4 18.7 20.88 23.0 25.1 27.1 29.1	8.10 13.5 18.9 24.3 29.7 35.1 40.5 45.9 51.3 56.7 62.1	260 400 530 660 790 920 1050 1180 1300 1430 1530	WRG 4080 AC WRG 4120 AC WRG 4160 AC WRG 4200 AC WRG 4240 AC WRG 4280 AC WRG 4320 AC WRG 4360 AC WRG 44400 AC WRG 4440 AC WRG 4440 AC

1N = 0.102kgf



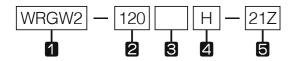






# WRGW Type

# An example of the composition of model name & number



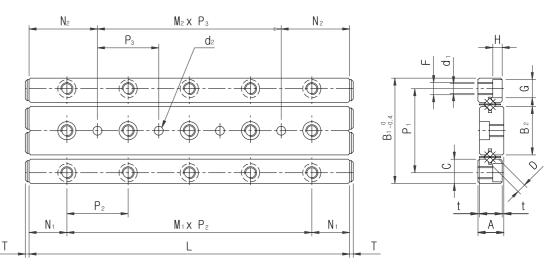
- Model No.
   Length of race rail
   No symbol Standard race rail / E-Special specification of race rail
   Symbol of precision: No symbol –Normal / H-Precision / P-Super precision
   Number of rollers



			No. of			Mai	n dimens	ions		
Model No.	Max. stroke	D	rollers Z	L	А	t	B <sub>1</sub>	<b>B</b> 2	С	<b>P</b> 1
WRGW 1020 WRGW 1030 WRGW 1040 WRGW 1050 WRGW 1060 WRGW 1070 WRGW 1080	12 22 27 32 37 42 52	1.5	5 7 10 13 16 19 21	20 30 40 50 60 70 80	4.5	0.5	17	7.6	3.8	13.4
WRGW 2030 WRGW 2045 WRGW 2060 WRGW 2075 WRGW 2090 WRGW 2105 WRGW 2120	18 24 30 44 50 64 70	2	5 8 11 13 16 18 21	30 45 60 75 90 105 120	6.5	0.5	24	11	5.5	19
WRGW 3050 WRGW 3075 WRGW 3100 WRGW 3125 WRGW 3150 WRGW 3175 WRGW 3200	28 48 58 78 88 108 118	3	7 10 14 17 21 24 28	50 75 100 125 150 175 200	8.5	0.5	36	16.6	8.3	29
WRGW 4080 WRGW 4120 WRGW 4160 WRGW 4200 WRGW 4240 WRGW 4280	58 82 106 130 154 178	4	7 11 15 19 23 27	80 120 160 200 240 280	11.5	0.5	44	20.4	10.2	35

Note (1) 1 SET (Race rail: 4EA, Roller cage: 2EA, Stopper: 8EA)

(2) Basic load rating is based on 1 set.



Unit:mm

Dimensions Basic load									d rating	Mass			
M <sub>1</sub> X P <sub>2</sub>	N <sub>1</sub>	M <sub>2</sub> X P <sub>3</sub>	N <sub>2</sub>	F	d1	G	Н	Т	d <sub>2</sub>	Dynamic C (kN)	Static Co (kN)	(1SET)	Model No.
1 X 10 2 X 10 3 X 10 4 X 10 5 X 10 6 X 10 7 X 10	5	- 1X10 2X10 3X10 4X10 5X10 6X10	10	M2	1.65	3	1.4	1.5	2	0.46 0.63 0.95 1.09 1.37 1.50 1.63	0.61 0.92 1.53 1.84 2.45 2.75 3.06	9 14 18 22 26 31 35	WRGW 1020 WRGW 1030 WRGW 1040 WRGW 1050 WRGW 1060 WRGW 1070 WRGW 1080
1X15 2X15 3X15 4X15 5X15 6X15 7X15	7.5	- 1X15 2X15 3X15 4X15 5X15 6X15	15	M3	2.55	4.4	2	2	3	0.84 1.46 1.74 2.01 2.52 2.76 3.00	1.08 2.17 2.71 3.25 4.34 4.38 5.42	29 43 58 72 83 99 113	WRGW 2030 WRGW 2045 WRGW 2060 WRGW 2075 WRGW 2090 WRGW 2105 WRGW 2120
1 X 25 2 X 25 3 X 25 4 X 25 5 X 25 6 X 25 7 X 25	12.5	- 1X25 2X25 3X25 4X25 5X25 6X25	25	M4	3.3	6	3.1	2.5	4	2.71 4.06 5.28 5.86 6.98 8.06 9.08	3.67 6.11 8.55 9.78 12.2 14.7 17.1	101 142 197 240 292 339 387	WRGW 3050 WRGW 3075 WRGW 3100 WRGW 3125 WRGW 3150 WRGW 3175 WRGW 3200
1 X 40 2 X 40 3 X 40 4 X 40 5 X 40 6 X 40	20	- 1X40 2X40 3X40 4X40 5X40	40	M5	4.3	8	4.2	2.5	5	5.92 8.85 11.5 14.0 16.4 18.7	8.10 13.5 18.9 24.3 29.7 35.1	263 401 530 660 787 920	WRGW 4080 WRGW 4120 WRGW 4160 WRGW 4200 WRGW 4240 WRGW 4280

1N = 0.102kgf



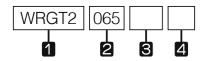


Precision : ∠C



# WRGT Series

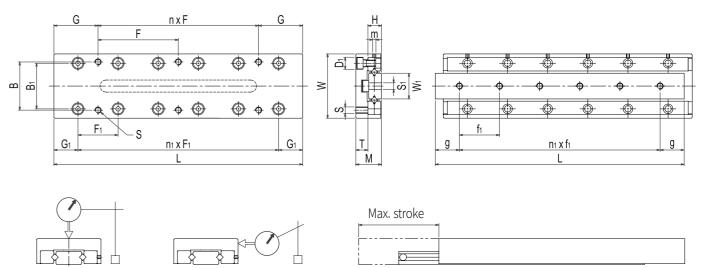
### An example of the composition of model nubmer



- Model No.
   Length of table
   No symbol Base tap type
- 4 No symbol- Standard specification / E-Special processing specification
- \* For other sizes and specifications than those in the table of dimensions, please contact us.



		Main din	nension	S			Dim	ension	s of th	e tabl	e surface	9		
Model No.	Max.	Width			Posi	tion of	table atta	achme	nt tap					
	stroke	W ± 0.1	M ± 0.1	L	В	F	nXF	G	S	F <sub>1</sub>	n1XF1	D <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	G <sub>1</sub>
WRGT 1025	12			25		18	1 X 18	3.5			1 X 10			
WRGT 1035	18			35		28	1 X 28	3.5			2X10			
WRGT 1045	25			45		20	1 X 20	12.5			3X10			
WRGT 1055	32	20	8	55	14	30	1 X 30	12.5	M2.6	10	4X10	4.1	12.4	7.5
WRGT 1065	40			65		20	2X20	12.5			5X10			
WRGT 1075	45			75		30	1 X 30	22.5			6X10			
WRGT 1085	50			85		30	2X30	12.5			7X10			
WRGT 2035	18			35		28	1 X 28	3.5			1 X 15			
WRGT 2050	30			50		43	1 X 43	3.5			2X15			
WRGT 2065	40			65		30	1 X 30	17.5			3X15			
WRGT 2080	50	30	12	80	22	45	1 X 45	17.5	M3	15	4X15	6	20	10
WRGT 2095	60			95		30	2 X 30	17.5			5X15			
WRGT 2110	70			110		45	1 X 45	32.5			6X15			
WRGT 2125	80			125		45	2 X 45	17.5			7X15			
WRGT 3055	30			55		40	1X40	7.5			1X25			
WRGT 3080	45			80		65	1X65	7.5			2X25			
WRGT 3105	60			105		50	1 X 50	27.5			3X25			
WRGT 3130	75	40	16	130	30	75	1X75	27.5	M4	25	4X25	7.5	28.4	15
WRGT 3155	90			155		50	2X50	27.5			5X25			
WRGT 3180	105			180		75	1X75	52.5			6X25			
WRGT 3205	130			205		75	2X75	27.5			7X25			



Precision : ⊿D

Unit∶µm

Dim	ensions	s of the	side			of the base side		Basic loa	d rating	Precis	ion μm	
Т	Н	W1	m	S <sub>1</sub>	f <sub>1</sub>	n2Xf1	g	Dynamic C (kN)	Static Co (kN)	⊿c	⊿D	Model No.
					7.5	2X7.5	5	0.46	0.61	2	4	WRGT 1025
					10.0	2X10	7.5	0.63	0.92	2	4	WRGT 1035
					10.0	3X10	7.5	0.95	1.53	2	5	WRGT 1045
7.5	4	6.6	M2	M2.6	10.0	4X10	7.5	1.09	1.84	2	5	WRGT 1055
					10.0	5X10	7.5	1.23	2.14	2	5	WRGT 1065
					10.0	6X10	7.5	1.50	2.75	2	5	WRGT 1075
					10.0	7X10	7.5	1.63	3.06	2	5	WRGT 1085
					20.0	1 X 20	7.5	0.84	1.08	2	4	WRGT 2035
					15.0	2X15	10	1.17	1.63	2	4	WRGT 2050
					15.0	3X15	10	1.46	2.17	2	5	WRGT 2065
11.5	6	12.0	M2	M3	15.0	4X15	10	2.01	3.25	2	5	WRGT 2080
					15.0	5X15	10	2.27	3.79	2	5	WRGT 2095
					15.0	6X15	10	2.52	4.34	2	5	WRGT 2110
					15.0	7X15	10	2.76	4.88	2	5	WRGT 2125
					35.0	1 X 35	10	2.71	3.67	2	5	WRGT 3055
					25.0	2X25	15	4.06	6.11	2	5	WRGT 3080
					25.0	3X25	15	4.68	7.33	3	6	WRGT 3105
15.5	8	16.0	M2	M4	25.0	4X25	15	5.86	9.78	3	6	WRGT 3130
					25.0	5X25	15	6.98	12.2	3	6	WRGT 3155
					25.0	6X25	15	8.05	14.7	3	6	WRGT 3180
					25.0	7X25	15	8.57	15.9	3	6	WRGT 3205

1N = 0.102kgf



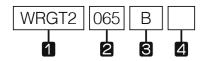




Unit:µm

# WRGT-B Series

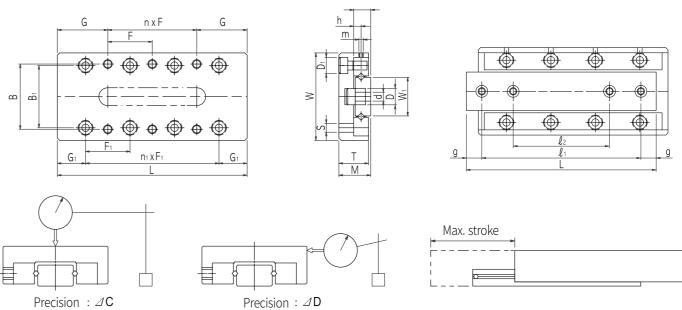
# An example of the composition of model nubmer



- Model No.
   Length of table
   B-Base hole type
- 4 No symbol-Standard specification / E-Special processing specification
- \* For other sizes and specifications than those in the table of dimensions, please contact us.



	I	Main dir	mensior	าร			Dim	ension	s of the	e table	e surface			
Model No.	Max.			Length	Posit	ion of	table atta	achmer	nt tap					
	stroke	W ± 0.1	M ± 0.1	L	В	F	nXF	G	S	F <sub>1</sub>	n1XF1	D <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	G <sub>1</sub>
WRGT 1025B	12			25		18	1 X 18	3.5			1 X 10			
WRGT 1035B	18			35		28	1 X 28	3.5			2X10			
WRGT 1045B	25			45		20	1 X 20	12.5			3X10			
WRGT 1055B	32	20	8	55	14	30	1 X 30	12.5	M2.6	10	4X10	4.1	12.4	7.5
WRGT 1065B	40			65		20	2X20	12.5			5X10			
WRGT 1075B	45			75		30	1 X 30	22.5			6X10			
WRGT 1085B	50			85		30	2 X 30	12.5			7X10			
WRGT 2035B	18			35		28	1 X 28	3.5			1 X 15			
WRGT 2050B	30			50		43	1 X 43	3.5			2X15			
WRGT 2065B	40			65		30	1 X 30	17.5			3X15			
WRGT 2080B	50	30	12	80	22	45	1 X 45	17.5	МЗ	15	4X15	6	20	10
WRGT 2095B	60			95		30	2 X 30	17.5			5X15			
WRGT 2110B	70			110		45	1 X 45	32.5			6X15			
WRGT 2125B	80			125		45	2 X 45	17.5			7X15			
WRGT 3055B	30			55		40	1X40	7.5			1X25			
WRGT 3080B	45			80		65	1 X 65	7.5			2X25			
WRGT 3105B	60			105		50	1 X 50	27.5			3X25			
WRGT 3130B	75	40	16	130	30	75	1X75	27.5	M4	25	4X25	7.5	28.4	15
WRGT 3155B	90			155		50	2X50	27.5			5X25			
WRGT 3180B	105			180		75	1X75	52.5			6X25			
WRGT 3205B	130			205		75	2X75	27.5			7X25			



Dime	ensions	s of the	side	Dimensions position of	of the baattachme	ase side ent hole		Basic loa	d rating	Precis	sion µm	
Т	Н	W <sub>1</sub>	m	dXDXh	<b>Q</b> 1	<b>Q</b> 2	g	Dynamic C (kN)	Static Co (kN)	⊿c	⊿D	Model No.
					18	_	3.5	0.46	0.61	2	4	WRGT 1025B
					25	-	5.0	0.63	0.92	2	4	WRGT 1035B
					38	25	3.5	0.95	1.53	2	5	WRGT 1045B
7.5	4	6.6	M2	2.5X4.1X2.2	48	29	3.5	1.09	1.84	2	5	WRGT 1055B
					55	31	5.0	1.23	2.14	2	5	WRGT 1065B
					65	35	5.0	1.50	2.75	2	5	WRGT 1075B
					75	40	5.0	1.63	3.06	2	5	WRGT 1085B
					25	-	5.0	0.84	1.08	2	4	WRGT 2035B
					35	-	7.5	1.17	1.63	2	4	WRGT 2050B
					55	33	5.0	1.46	2.17	2	5	WRGT 2065B
11.5	6	12.0	M2	3.5X6X3.2	70	40	5.0	2.01	3.25	2	5	WRGT 2080B
					85	45	5.0	2.27	3.79	2	5	WRGT 2095B
					95	50	7.5	2.52	4.34	2	5	WRGT 2110B
					110	55	7.5	2.76	4.88	2	5	WRGT 2125B
					40	-	7.5	2.71	3.67	2	5	WRGT 3055B
					68	43	6.0	4.06	6.11	2	5	WRGT 3080B
					90	55	7.5	4.68	7.33	3	6	WRGT 3105B
15.5	8	16.0	M2	4.5X7.5X4.2	115	65	7.5	5.86	9.78	3	6	WRGT 3130B
					140	95	7.5	6.98	12.2	3	6	WRGT 3155B
					165	85	7.5	8.05	14.7	3	6	WRGT 3180B
					190	90	7.5	8.57	15.9	3	6	WRGT 3205B

1N = 0.102kgf

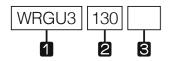






# **WRGU Series**

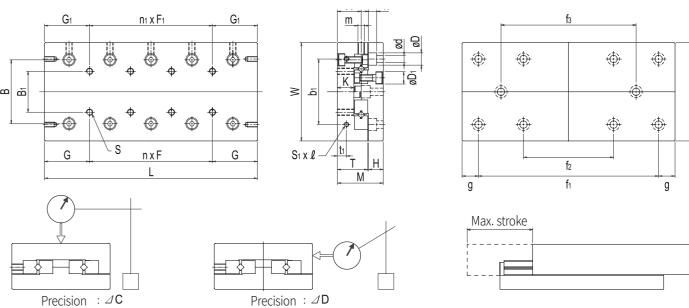
# An example of the composition of model name & number



- Model No.
   Length of table
   No symbol Standard specification /E-Special processing specification
- \* For other sizes and specifications than those in the table of dimensions, please contact us.



		M	ain din	nensio	ns				Dir	nensi	ions	of the ta	ble s	urfac	ce		
Model No.	May	Width	Width	Height	Length		Positio	n of table a	ttachme	ent tap		Side att	achm	nent	tap	oositi	ion
	stroke		tolerance	M ±0.1	L	(kg)	В	nXF	G	S	В1	n1XF1	G <sub>1</sub>	K	b <sub>1</sub>	t <sub>1</sub>	S <sub>1</sub> X Q
WRGU 1025 WRGU 1035 WRGU 1045 WRGU 1055 WRGU 1065 WRGU 1075 WRGU 1085	12 18 25 32 40 45 50	30	-0.2 -0.4	17	25 35 45 55 65 75 85	0.08 0.11 0.15 0.18 0.21 0.24 0.27	18.4	- 1X10 2X10 3X10 4X10 5X10 6X10	12.5	M2	10	1X10 2X10 3X10 4X10 5X10 6X10 7X10	7.5	6.5	12	2.5	M2X4
WRGU 2035 WRGU 2050 WRGU 2065 WRGU 2080 WRGU 2095 WRGU 2110 WRGU 2125	18 30 40 50 60 70 80	40	-0.2 -0.4	21	35 50 65 80 95 110 125	0.2 0.26 0.34 0.42 0.5 0.58 0.66	25	- 1X15 2X15 3X15 4X15 5X15 6X15	17.5	МЗ	15	1X15 2X15 3X15 4X15 5X15 6X15 7X15	10	7.5	16	3.4	M2X4
WRGU 3055 WRGU 3080 WRGU 3105 WRGU 3130 WRGU 3155 WRGU 3180 WRGU 3205	30 45 60 75 90 105 130	60	±0.1	28	55 80 105 130 155 180 205	0.57 0.8 1.03 1.26 1.49 1.72 1.95	39	- 1X25 2X25 3X25 4X25 5X25 6X25	27.5	M4	25	1X25 2X25 3X25 4X25 5X25 6X25 7X25	15	10	40	5.5	M3X6



Unit:mm

	]	Dimensions of the	e side				ensions sition o				Basic loa	d rating	Precisi	on mm	
Т	Η	dXDXh	D <sub>1</sub>	А	m	<b>B</b> 2	f <sub>1</sub>	f <sub>2</sub>	<b>f</b> 3	g	Dynamic C (kN)	Static Co (kN)	⊿c	⊿D	Model No.
							18	-	-		0.46	0.61	2	4	WRGU 1025
							28	-	-		0.63	0.92	2	4	WRGU 1035
							38	-	-		0.95	1.53	2	4	WRGU 1045
11	5.5	2.55X4.1X2.5	4.1	9	M2	22	48	28	-	3.5	1.09	1.84	2	5	WRGU 1055
							58	38	-		1.23	2.14	2	5	WRGU 1065
							68	48	-		1.50	2.75	2	5	WRGU 1075
							78	58	-		1.63	3.06	2	5	WRGU 1085
							25	-	-		0.84	1.08	2	4	WRGU 2035
							40	-	-		1.17	1.63	2	4	WRGU 2050
							55	-	-		1.46	2.17	2	5	WRGU 2065
14	6.5	3.5X6X3.5	6.0	11	МЗ	30	70	40	-	5	2.01	3.25	2	5	WRGU 2080
							85	55	-		2.27	3.79	2	5	WRGU 2095
							100	70	-		2.52	4.34	3	6	WRGU 2110
							115	85	-		2.76	4.88	4	6	WRGU 2125
							35	-	-		2.71	3.67	2	5	WRGU 3055
							60	-	-		4.06	6.11	2	5	WRGU 3080
							85	-	-		4.68	7.33	3	6	WRGU 3105
18.5	9	4.5X7.5X5	7.5	14.5	M4	40	110	-	-	10	5.86	9.78	3	6	WRGU 3130
							135	-	85		6.98	12.2	3	6	WRGU 3155
							160	-	110		8.05	14.7	3	7	WRGU 3180
							185	85	135		8.57	15.9	3	7	WRGU 3205

1N = 0.102kgf

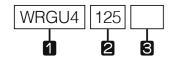






# WRGU Series

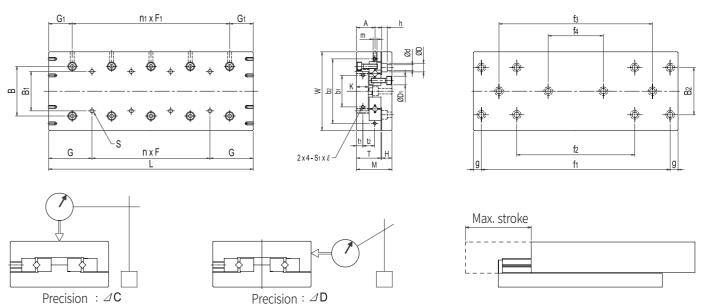
# An example of the composition of model name & number



- Model No.
   Length of table
   No symbol Standard specification /E-Special processing specification
- \* For other sizes and specifications than those in the table of dimensions, please contact us.



		Main	dime	nsions	5					Dime	ensions	of the	e table	surf	ace			
Model No.	Max	Width	Height	Lenath	Mass		Position of attachme					Side a	ttachı	ment	tap p	ositi	on	
	stroke	. W	M ±0.1	L	(kg)	В	nXF	G	S	В1	n1XF1	G <sub>1</sub>	G <sub>2</sub>	b <sub>1</sub>	b <sub>2</sub>	t <sub>1</sub>	<b>t</b> 2	S₁X ℓ
WRGU 4085 WRGU 4125 WRGU 4165 WRGU 4205 WRGU 4245 WRGU 4285	50 75 105 135 155 185	80	35	85 125 165 205 245 285	1.5 2.3 3.1 3.8 4.6 5.3	53	- 1X40 2X40 3X40 4X40 5X40	42.5	M5	40	1X40 2X40 3X40 4X40 5X40 6X40	22.5	10.5 18.0 23.0 30.5 38 43.0	55	-	6.5	-	M3X6
WRGU 6110 WRGU 6160 WRGU 6210 WRGU 6360 WRGU 6360 WRGU 6410	60 95 130 165 200 235 265	100	45	110 160 210 260 310 360 410	3.2 4.6 6.0 7.4 8.7 10.1 11.5	63	- 1X50 2X50 3X50 4X50 5X50 6X50	55	M6	50	1X50 2X50 3X50 4X50 5X50 6X50 7X50	30.0	16.0 23.5 31.0 38.5 46.0 53.5 63.5	60	92	8	15	M4X8
WRGU 9210 WRGU 9310 WRGU 9410 WRGU 9510 WRGU 9610 WRGU 9710 WRGU 9810 WRGU 9910	130 180 350 450 550 650 750 850 950	145	60	210 310 410 510 610 710 810 910 1010	12.0 17.6 23.2 28.8 34.4 40.0 45.6 51.2 56.8	96	- 1X100 2X100 3X100 4X100 5X100 6X100 7X100 8X100	105	M8	85	1X100 2X100 3X100 4X100 5X100 6X1007X 100 8X100 9X100	55.0	27.0 52.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0	90	135	11	20	M4X8



Unit:mm

		imensions of t	the si	de		Dime	nsions o	of the ba attachm	se side ent hole	& posit	ion of	Basic loa	ad rating	Precisi	on mm	
Т	Н	dXDXh	D <sub>1</sub>	m <sub>1</sub>	m <sub>2</sub>	<b>B</b> <sub>2</sub>	fı	f <sub>2</sub>	fз	f4	g	Dynamic C (kN)	Static Co (kN)	⊿c	⊿D	Model No.
24	10.5	5.5X9.5X6	9.5	M4	M4	60	65 80 120 160 200	- - - 80 120	- - - -	- - - -	10 22.5 22.5 22.5 22.5 22.5	5.92 8.85 11.5 14.0 16.4	8.10 13.5 18.9 24.3 29.7	2 2 2 2 2	5 6 7 7 7	WRGU 4085 WRGU 4125 WRGU 4165 WRGU 4205 WRGU 4245
31	13	7X11X7	11	M5	M5	60	90 140 190 240 290 340 390	160 - - - - - 140 190	- 90 140 190 240 290	- - - - -	22.5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	18.7 16.4 20.5 28.2 35.4 38.8 45.4 51.7	35.1 22.7 30.2 45.4 60.5 68.0 83.2 98.3	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 4	7 6 6 7 7 8 8	WRGU 4285  WRGU 6110  WRGU 6160  WRGU 6210  WRGU 6260  WRGU 6310  WRGU 6360  WRGU 6410
43	16	9X14X9	14	M8	M6	90	100 200 300 400 500 600 700 800 900	- - - 100 200 300 400 500	- 100 200 300 400 500 600 700	- - - - - 100 200 300	55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55	52.3 81.1 81.1 98.7 115 131 139 155 169	75.8 133 133 171 209 246 265 303 341	3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5	7 7 8 8 9 9 10 10	WRGU 9210 WRGU 9310 WRGU 9410 WRGU 9510 WRGU 9610 WRGU 9710 WRGU 9810 WRGU 9910

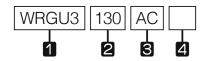
1N = 0.102kgf





# WRGU-AC Series

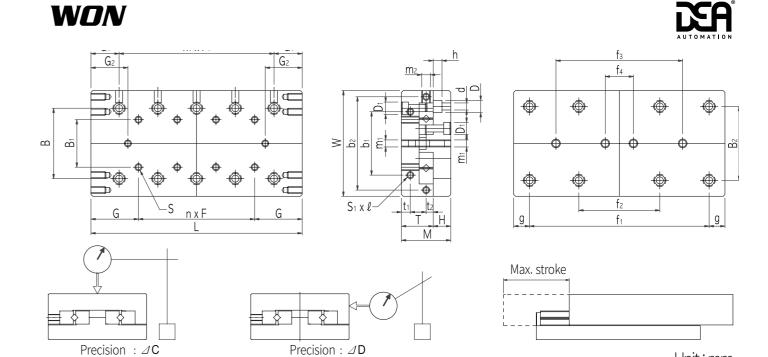
# An example of the composition of model name & number



- Model No
   Length of table
   AC-Cage anti-creep type
   No symbol-Standard specification /E-Special processing specification
- \* For other sizes and specifications than those in the table of dimensions, please contact us.



		Main	dimer	nsions				[	Dimer	nsion	s of the	table	e surfa	ice		
Model No.	Max.	Width	Height	Length	Mass	Positio	n of table a	attachm	ent tap		Side	attacl	nment	tap p	ositio	n
	stroke	W ±0.1	<b>M</b> ±0.1	L	(kg)	В	nXF	G	S	В1	n1XF1	G <sub>1</sub>	G <sub>2</sub>	b <sub>1</sub>	t1	S <sub>1</sub> X Q
WRGU 2035 AC	18			35	0.2		-				1X15		3			
WRGU 2050 AC WRGU 2065 AC	30 40			50 65	0.26		1X15 2X15				2X15 3X15		4.5 7			
WRGU 2080 AC	50	40	21	80	0.42	25	3X15	17.5	M3	15	4X15	10	9.5	16	3.4	M2X4
WRGU 2095 AC	60	10		95	0.5	23	4X15	17.5	1110	13	5X15	10	12		0.1	11.27(1
WRGU 2110 AC	70			110	0.58		5X15				6X15		14.5			
WRGU 2125 AC	80			125	0.66		6X15				7X15		17			
WRGU 3055 AC	30			55	0.57		-				1X25		5.5			
WRGU 3080 AC	45			80	0.8		1X25				2X25		10.5			
WRGU 3105 AC	60			105	1.03		2X25				3X25		15.5			
WRGU 3130 AC	75	60	28	130	1.26	39	3X25	27.5	M4	25	4X25	15	20.5	40	5.5	M3X6
WRGU 3155 AC	90			155	1.49		4X25				5X25		25.5			
WRGU 3180 AC	105			180	1.72		5X25				6X25		30.5			
WRGU 3205 AC	130			205	1.95		6X25				7X25		30.5			
WRGU 4085 AC	50			85	1.5		-				1X40		10.5			
WRGU 4125 AC	75			125	2.3		1X40				2X40		18.0			
WRGU 4165 AC	105	80	35	165	3.1	53	2X40	42.5	M5	40	3X40	22.5	23.0	55	6.5	M3X6
WRGU 4205 AC	130			205	3.8		3X40				4X40		30.5			
WRGU 4245 AC	155			245	4.6		4X40				5X40		38.5			
WRGU 4285 AC	185			285	5.3		5X40				6X40		43.0			



	D	imensions of t	the si	de				s of the of attach			Basic loa	ad rating	Precision	on mm	
Т	Н	dXDXh	D <sub>1</sub>	m <sub>1</sub>	m <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	fı	f <sub>2</sub>	fз	g	Dynamic C (kN)	Static Co (kN)	⊿c	⊿D	Model No.
							25	_	_		0.62	0.73	2	4	WRGU 2035 AC
							40	_	_		0.86	1.10	2	4	WRGU 2050 AC
							55	-	-		1.07	1.46	2	5	WRGU 2065 AC
14	6.4	3.5X6X3.5	6.0	МЗ	M3	30	70	40	-	5	1.28	1.83	2	5	WRGU 2080 AC
							85	55	-		1.48	2.20	2	5	WRGU 2095 AC
							100	70	_		1.85	2.93	3	6	WRGU 2110 AC
							115	85	_		2.03	3.30	3	6	WRGU 2125 AC
							35	-	_		2.71	3.67	2	5	WRGU 3055 AC
							60	_	_		4.06	6.11	2	5	WRGU 3080 AC
							85	-	90		4.68	7.33	3	6	WRGU 3105 AC
18.5	9	4.5X7.5X5	7.5	M4	M4	40	110	_	140	10	5.86	9.78	3	6	WRGU 3130 AC
							135	_	190		6.98	12.2	3	6	WRGU 3155 AC
							160	-	240		8.05	14.7	3	7	WRGU 3180 AC
							185	85	290		8.57	15.9	3	7	WRGU 3205 AC
							65	-	-	10	5.92	8.10	2	5	WRGU 4085 AC
							80	_	_	22.5	8.85	13.5	3	6	WRGU 4125 AC
24	10.5	FFVOFVC	٥٢	N 4 4	N 4 4	60	120	_	_	22.5	11.5	18.9	3	7	WRGU 4165 AC
24	10.5	5.5X9.5X6	9.5	M4	M4	60	160	80	_	22.5	14.0	24.3	3	7	WRGU 4205 AC
							200	120	-	22.5	16.4	29.7	3	7	WRGU 4245 AC
							240	160	_	22.5	18.7	35.1	3	7	WRGU 4285 AC

1N = 0.102kgf

Unit:mm

# Contattaci +39 085.9141196

La DEA Automation S.r.l. è una società specializzata nella gestione e trasformazione del moto lineare in moto rotativo, nella manipolazione elettrica e pneumatica, automazione e robotica industriale.

deaautomation.com





DEA Automation s.r.l.
Via Aterno, 133
66020 San Giovanni Teatino (CH) ITALY
T.+39 085.9141196
info@deaautomation.com
P.Iva e C.F. 13905331008

deaautomation.com